

; Class: CSE 313 Machine Organization Lab

; Section: 02

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; Lab #4: Fibonacci Numbers

; Description: The program takes an integer value, n, stores it
; at x3100, and determines if it is at least 2 in magnitude.
; If it is, then the program stores a value of integer 1
; at x3101. If it isn't, with a series of loops, it calculates
; the Fibonacci number for n.

; The program executes further by calculating the last
; n, denoted by N, and corresponding Fibonacci number, F_N, before
; running out of sufficient bits in memory causing the sign bit to
; change due to a carry of 1 into its bit location. The program
; concludes by storing N into x3102 and F_N into x3103.

; To experiment, change the integer value in Data.asm.

```
.ORIG    x3000
LDI      R0, X                ; Load input integer, n, into R0.
; Check if n is at least 2.
ADD      R0, R0, #-2          ; Subtract 2 from input integer, n, because
                                ; we skip the first 2 Fibonacci sequences.
BRnz     NZ                   ; If the result is positive it means that
                                ; the input integer, n, is greater than 2,
                                ; meaning its Fibonacci number is determine
                                ; by applying  $F_n = F_{(n-1)} + F_{(n-2)}$ .

; R4 being used to decrement the number of iterations to be carried out in the proc
AND      R4, R4, #0
ADD      R4, R4, #-1

; Preparing registers R1, R2, and R3.
AND      R1, R1, #0          ; Clearing R1 and
ADD      R1, R1, #1          ; loading R1 with integer 1.
AND      R2, R2, #0          ; Clearing R2 and
ADD      R2, R2, #1          ; loading R2 with integer 1.
AND      R3, R3, #0          ; Clearing R3 and
LOOP     ADD      R0, R0, #0   ; loading R0 with integer 0 and bringing it
                                ; into scope to be evaluated by the proceec
BRz      ZERO                ; Branch used to check if input integer, n,
                                ; If so, then the program will execute to 1
                                ; where it'll store the Fibonacci number fc
                                ; If not, then apply  $F_n = F_{(n-1)} + F_{(n-2)}$ 
                                ; n - 2 times or until the loop has
                                ; iterated n - 2 times at which point n - 2
                                ; where it breaks out the loop
                                ; and stores the corresponding Fibonacci nu

ADD      R3, R1, R2
AND      R1, R1, #0
ADD      R1, R2, #0
AND      R2, R2, #0
ADD      R2, R2, #1
ADD      R2, R3, #0
ADD      R0, R0, R4
BR       LOOP

ZERO     STI      R3, F_n
BRz      SKIP

NZ       AND      R1, R0, #0
ADD      R1, R0, #1
AND      R2, R2, #0
ADD      R2, R2, #1
STI      R2, F_n

SKIP     AND      R4, R4, #0
ADD      R4, R4, #2
AND      R1, R1, #0
ADD      R1, R1, #1
AND      R2, R2, #0
ADD      R2, R2, #1
AND      R3, R3, #0
```