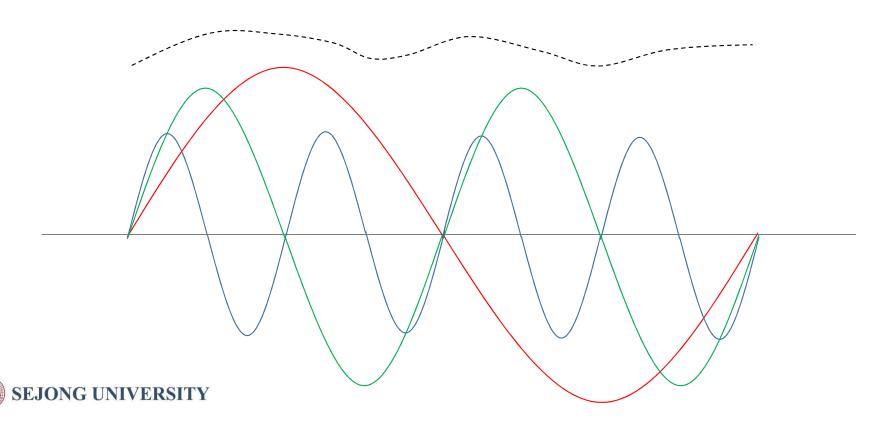
Transform

이진영



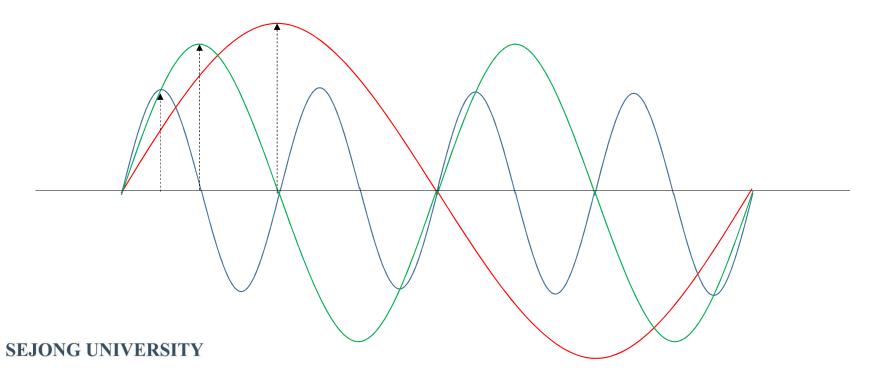
Signal

Sum of sine waves of different frequencies



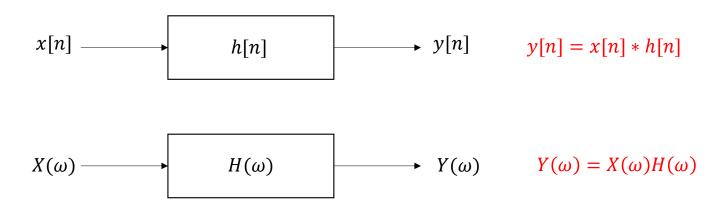
Frequency Domain

- Analysis of signals with respect to frequency, rather than time
- Representation of how much of the signal lies within each frequency



Digital Filter

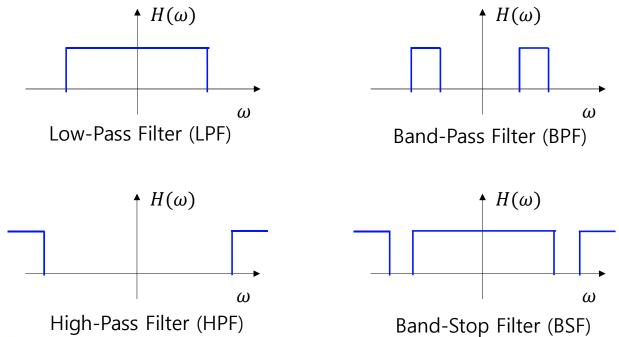
- System that performs numerical operations on a discrete-time signal
- System that reduce, enhance, or restore certain aspects of a signal





Frequency Selective Filter

- Digital filter that passes or rejects desired frequency components in a signal
- Digital filter that separates a signal, based on frequencies



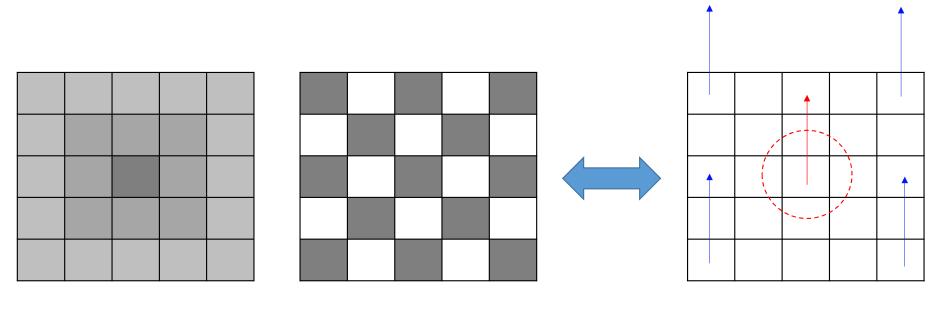


Fourier Transform

Decomposition of an image function into a frequency function

Image

• Pixel values in an image domain, but frequency magnitudes in a frequency domain

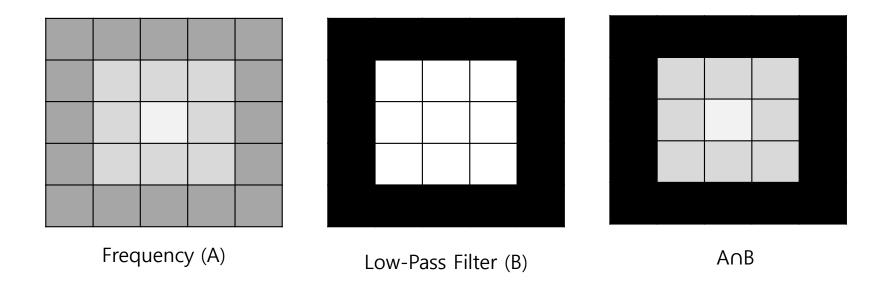




Frequency

Loss-Pass Filter

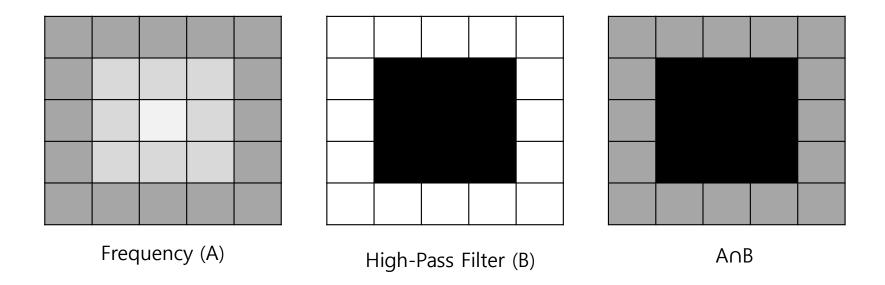
• Low-pass filter passing signals with frequencies lower than a cutoff frequency and blocking signals with frequencies higher than the cutoff frequency





High-Pass Filter

 High-pass filter passing signals with frequencies higher than a cutoff frequency and blocking signals with frequencies lower than the cutoff frequency



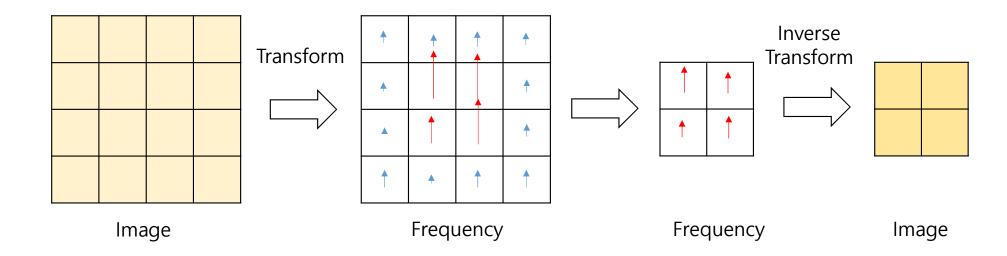


Application

- Frequency analysis for efficient image processing
- For example,
 - Downsampling and upsampling in image resizing
 - Noise reduction in image restoration
 - Edge detection in image enhancement
 - Quantization in image compression (Original, prediction, transform, quantization, inverse quantization, inverse transform, and then reconstruction)

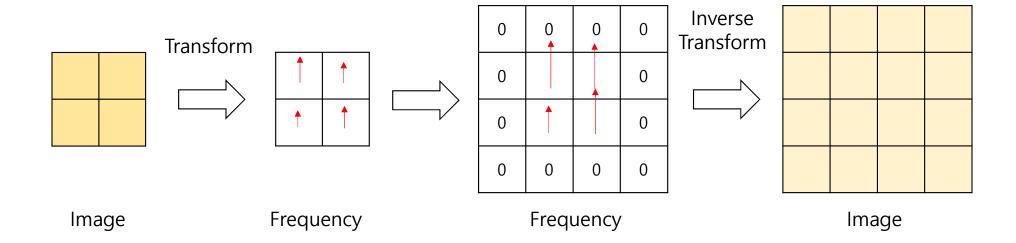


Downsampling



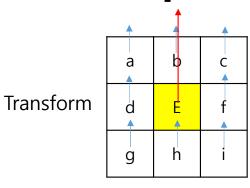


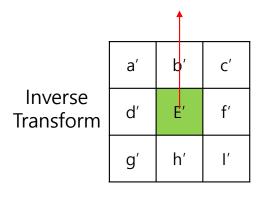
Upsampling





Transform in Compression





Final

100	100	99
99	99	96
97	95	85

-28	-3	-4
-29	-4	-7
-31	-3	-13

0	0	0
0	E/5	0
0	0	0

0	0	0
0	×5	0
0	0	0

103	103	103
103	103	98
98	98	88

Original

Prediction Error

 $(e \div 5)$

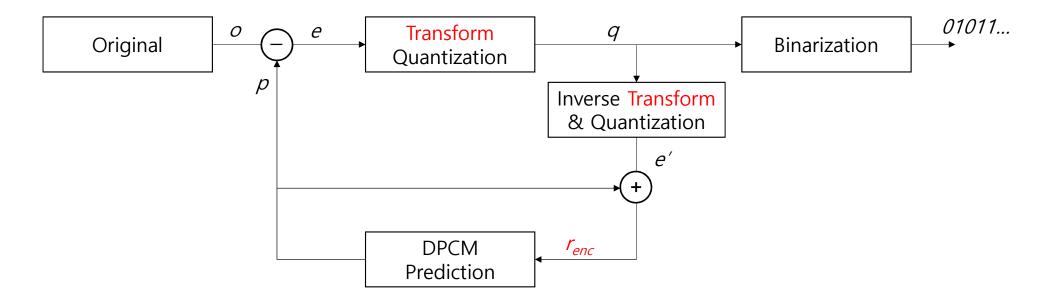
Quantization Inverse Quantization Reconstruction $(e \times 5)$

Encoder

Decoder

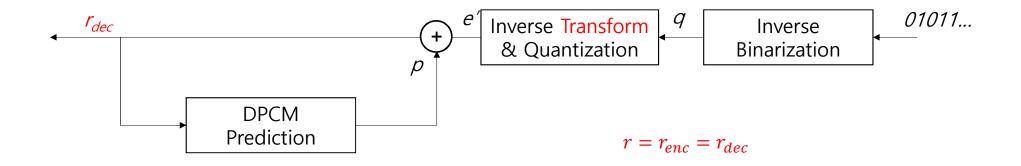


DPCM Based Encoder





DPCM Based Decoder



$$MSE = \frac{(o-r)^2}{\#Pixels}$$

$$PSNR = 10 \cdot \log(\frac{MAX^2}{MSE})$$

