CellDynaMo

User Manual

(draft)

Version 1.0.0

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1 Preparation

1.1 Requirements

1.2 Compiling

Download master-CellDynaMo from

https://github.com/eukliuchnikov/CellDynaMo/tree/main/v1.6.23

By default **master-CellDynaMo** is configured for simulations with a single KT pair. Before compiling the code open **Makefile** file with any text editor (manually or from terminal). Change the path to your *Cuda* directory if necessary. From the main directory (**master-CellDynaMo** by default) run

\$ make

and the executable file cell will be created in the master-CellDynaMo directory.

1.3 Working directory

For a single run a directory should be prepared. This directory must contain **config** and **output** folders. In turn, **output** directory must contain **dat** and **dcd** folders. **config** should contain configuration-files with simulation parameter.

1.3.1 Parameters

The examples of configurations-files are given. One could use them and change the values of parameters.

conf.conf - is the configuration-file responsible for the essential parameters of the simulation, such as the shape of the cell and the number of chromosomes, or technical parameters, such as GPU id, random seed, etc.

- device parameter that indicates GPU id (depends on the number of GPUs available). Example: 0
- rseed any integer number, should be different for different trajectories. Example: 21587
- traj_name name that all output files will contain. Example: cell
- total t total biological time (s). Example: 3600
- dt_accuracy kinetic time step is calculated as the time of the fastest event (reaction or diffusion). This parameter is the number the kinetic time step is devided by. *Example: 10.0*

- kin_count amount of kinetochores in the model (double the amount of chromosomes). Example:
- chrom arms condition of chromosome arms presence or absence. Values: yes/no. Example: yes
- armor condition of armor around KT pairs presence or absence. Values: yes/no. Example: no
- contour_length contour length of a single chromatid (nm): Example: 6000

 If initial positions and orientations are given manually, then
- kinetochore1 move x x-coordinate of CoM of chromosome (nm). Example: -200.0
- kinetochore1 move y y-coordinate of CoM of chromosome (nm). Example: -1500.0
- kinetochore1 move z z-coordinate of CoM of chromosome (nm). Example: 0.0
- x1 angle angle of rotation around the x-axis (radian). Example: 0.0
- y1 angle angle of rotation around the x-axis (radian). Example: -0.7
- z1_angle angle of rotation around the x-axis (radian). Example: 1.57

 If there are more then one chromosomes, then extra parameters should be given, such as kinetochore2_move_x, ..., x2_angle, ..., kinetochore3_move_x, ..., x3_angle, ...
- outputpsf path and the name of the output topology (psf) file. Recommended output/dcd/<traj_name>.psf
- outputdcd path and the name of the output trajectory (dcd) file. Recommended $output/dcd/< traj_name>. dcd$
- output_membrane_psf path and the name of the membrane topology file. Recommended output/dcd/<traj name> membrane.psf
- output_membrane_xyz path and the name of the membrane coordinates file (static). $Recommended - output/dcd/< traj_name>_membrane.xyz$
- dcd_freq period of saving coordinates in trajectory file (s). File will be updated every <value> s of biological time. Example: 1.0
- membrane_shape parameter that determines the shape of the cell membrane. Values: sphere/ellipsoid/cube/cuboid. *Example: elipsoid*
- auroraA condition of Aurora A presence or absence. Values: yes/no. Example: yes
 Some other parameters, such as random_place, chrom_territory, ring and ring_radius are not available in this version.

param.conf - is the configuration-file that includes topology parameters

- sv size parameter that determines the size of sub-cells. Example: 250.0
- ellipse a parameter that determines semi-major axis of ellipsoid. Example: 8000.0
- ullet ellipse ullet parameter that determines the first semi-minor axis of ellipsoid. Example: 5000.0
- \bullet ellipse_c parameter that determines the second semi-minor axis of ellipsoid. Example: 5000.0
- pole distance parameter that determines the distance between centrosomes. Example: 5000.0
- pole radius parameter that determines the radius of centrosomes. Example: 400.0
- **pole_count** parameter that determines the number of centrosomes. *Example: 2* DO NOT CHANGE (only works with 2)
- mt num parameter that determines the number of microtubules per centrosome. Example: 750
- max_mt_length parameter that determines the number of beads in microtubule. Example: 3 the only option in this version
- start_length parameter that determines the highest initial microtubule's length (in nm).

 Example: 180
- mt radius parameter that determines the radius of microtubule cylinder. Example: 750
- kin_shape parameter that determines the shape of outer kinetochore surface. Example: rect = reactangular (the only option)
- kin_radius parameter that determines the radius of kinetochores and chromosome arms (in nm). Example: 362.5
- beta parameter that determines the curvature of the outer kinetochore surface (from 0 (cover the KT surface) to 1 (flat)). Example: 0.5
- corona_S parameter that determines the surface area of the outer kinetochore (in nm²). Example: 500000
- **corona_X_N** parameter that determines the number of beads in rectangular kinetochore surface (X-direction). *Example: 32*
- corona_XY_ratio parameter that determines the ratio: number of beads in rectangular kinetochore surface (X-direction to Y-direction). Example: 1.3
- distance_ndc parameter that determines the dencity of Ndc80 on the surface of th kinetochore (in nm). Example: 8.0
- maxHarmonicKinPerMonomer change only if distance ndc was changed). Example: 1000
- ndc_length parameter that determines the length of the Ndc80 (harmonic string; in nm). Example: 65.0
- ndc_per_mt parameter that determines the number of Ndc80 capable to attach to a single microtubule. Example: 1 the only option in this version

 ${f force.conf}$ - is the configuration-file that includes parameters for Langevin Dynamics.

- lang ts parameter that determines the timestep in Langevin Dynamics. Example: 50.0
- mt_persist_length parameter that determines the persistence length of the microtubule (in nm). Example: 1.5e6
- **k_spring_mt** parameter that determines the stretching stiffness between two microtubule beads (in kJ/mol nm²). *Example: 10*
- k_spring_kt parameter that determines the stretching stiffness between kinetochore and chromosome beads (in kJ/mol nm²). Example: 10
- k_stiff_mem parameter that determines the strength of repulsion from membrane (in kJ/mol nm²). Example: 1000
- f pish parameter that determines the average pushing force (in pN). Example: 10.0
- f pill parameter that determines the average pulling force (in pN). Example: 10.0
- temp parameter that determines the temperature of the system (in K). Example: 300
- viscosity parameter that determines the viscosity of solution inside the cell (in g/mol nm ps).

 Example: 600 default water viscosity

chemistry.conf - is the configuration-file that includes parameters for reaction-diffusion module.

- aurora_diff parameter that determines the diffusion constant for Aurora A and B (in nm2/s). Example: 7.3e7
- **k_phos** parameter that determines the dephosphorylation rate constant (in 1/s). Example: 3.0
- **k_attach** parameter that determines the MT-Ndc80 attachment rate constant (in $1/\mu Ms$). Example: 38000.0
- **k_detach_0** parameter that determines the detachment rate constant of Ndc80 with 0 phosphorylated sites from microtubule (in 1/s). *Example: 0.29*
- **k_detach_1** parameter that determines the detachment rate constant of Ndc80 with 1 phosphorylated site from microtubule (in 1/s). *Example: 0.25*
- **k_detach_2** parameter that determines the detachment rate constant of Ndc80 with 2 phosphorylated sites from microtubule (in 1/s). *Example: 0.21*
- **k_detach_3** parameter that determines the detachment rate constant of Ndc80 with 3 phosphorylated sites from microtubule (in 1/s). *Example: 0.17*
- k_detach_4 parameter that determines the detachment rate constant of Ndc80 with 4 phosphorylated sites from microtubule (in 1/s). Example: 0.13
- k_detach_5 parameter that determines the detachment rate constant of Ndc80 with 5 phosphorylated sites from microtubule (in 1/s). Example: 0.09

- k_detach_6 parameter that determines the detachment rate constant of Ndc80 with 6 phosphorylated sites from microtubule (in 1/s). Example: 0.05
- k_detach_7 parameter that determines the detachment rate constant of Ndc80 with 7 phosphorylated sites from microtubule (in 1/s). Example: 0.01
- **k_growth** parameter that determines the rate constant for microtubules growth by 24 nm (in 1/s). *Example: 8.9*
- **k_growth** parameter that determines the rate constant for microtubules shrink by 24 nm (in 1/s). *Example: 9.8*
- **k_catastrophe** parameter that determines the frequency of catastrophes (in 1/s). *Example:* 0.116
- k_rescue parameter that determines the frequency of rescues (in 1/s). Example: 0.045
 Parameters aurora_concentration, phosphatase_concentration, tubulin_concentration do not work in this version.

1.3.2 Executable file

Place compiled cell file in your working directory, or specify the path to it in the command line

2 Production

2.0.1 Run the code

From your working directory:

$\ ./cell > \log \&$

The output will be saved in the \log file, as well as coordinates will be saved in the /output/dcd/ folder, and data with implicit components will be placed in the /output/dat/ folder.

2.0.2 Visualization

Visualize your trajectory using any suitable softaware: (VMD, PyMOL, etc.).