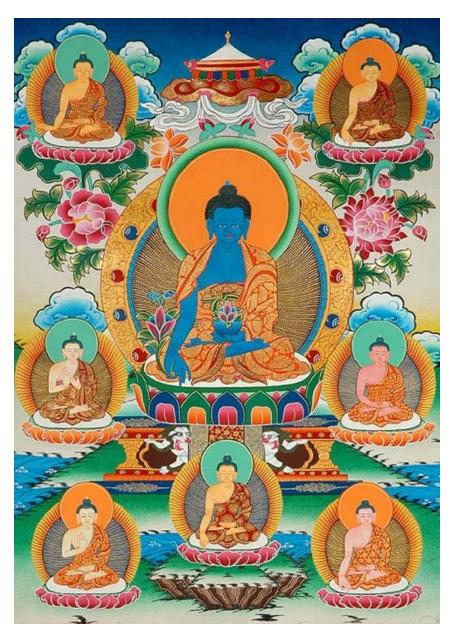
SO

The Medicine Buddha Practice

Called the River of Vaidurya compiled from the Cycles of Celestial Teachings, an appendix to the Mind Treasure, 'Luminous Space of Mind'

Revealed by Mingyur Dorje Compiled by Lama Karma Chagmey



श्चार्याकाल्या । श्चित्रः श्चोत्रः त्र श्चेत्रः त्र श्चेतः त्र श्चेत्रः त्र श्चेत्रः त्र श्चेत्रः त्र श्चेत्रः त्र श्चेतः त्र श्

Namo Maha Bhaishajeya! Arrange the necessary implements including the peaceful offerings, the mandala and so forth, or whatever offerings one has before the image² of the Medicine Buddha³. In this way the two accumulations are completed. If one does not have any image of the Medicine Buddha, visualize the deity appearing in front of oneself. Further, if one does not have the required offerings, one is allowed to generate and make mental offerings, and nothing else is needed. This is a practice of the Highest Yoga Tantra⁴ Tradition and practitioners are not required to give up meat or alcohol, nor to do the purification practices such as bathing or mouth-rinsing. However, practitioners must receive the empowerment and oral transmission of this practice in accord with the Tradition of Secret Mantra of the Highest Yoga Tantra. In the Nyingma Tradition one visualizes oneself as the Deity and the front-generated Deity simultaneously. It is not necessary to visualize them separately. Since it is a chanting meditation of the Nyingma Tradition, one should meditate on the meaning of the words.

Refuge and Bodhicitta:

NAMO

<u> न्ग</u>्रेव्यास्त्रेयाः पासुस्राद्याः स्त्राच्यासुस्रक्ष स्त्रुवस्याः स्त्रुवस्यस्य स्त्रुवस्यस्य स्त्रुवस्य स्त्रु

Kon-chog-sum-dang tsa-wa-sum Kyab-ne nam-la kyab-su-chi

I take refuge in the Three Jewels and the Three Roots, the sources of all refuge.

वर्चे ग्रा्व अद्याक्त्र अप्यावर्गे द्धिर । इदक्त अर्के ग्राह् सेस्र प्रसे दि

Dro-kun Sang-gye-la gö-chir

Chang-chub chog-tu sem-kyé-do

In order to establish all beings on the level of Buddhahood, I generate the supreme thought of enlightenment.

(repeat 3 times)

गा-द्रवाः मूर्विद्रः व्यवस्थाः व्यवस्थाः व्यवस्थाः व्यवस्थाः व्यवस्थाः व्यवस्थाः व्यवस्थाः व्यवस्थाः व्यवस्थाः

Ka-dag long-ne trul-pa-yi Nam-sa gang-wa'i chö-pa'i-trin

A cloud of offerings emanating from primordially pure space fills all dwelling places.

Man-dal gyal-si lha-mor-che

Se-mé gyur-chig PUDZA HO

May the mandalas with all the royal possessions, offering goddesses and others become inexhaustible, **PUJA HO**. (*This mantra makes offerings inexhaustible*.)

Four Immeasurables:

বর্ল্রাগ্যুর বই শ্বর শ্বুবা বন্ধুম ব্রমণ্ড বই মেমণ্ড মম ঐব বদ্ধ শ্বুবা ।

Dro-kun dé-den dug-ngel-trel

Dé-le nyam-mé tang-nyom-sho

May all beings be happy and free from suffering, may the cause of their happiness never diminish and may they rest in equanimity.

लू.ये.वे.स.वेंडैं॰ ४४.इर्थे॰ ये.वे.स.वेंड्रैं५५०

ОМ SVABHĀVA SHUDDHA SARVA DHARMĀ SVABHĀVA SHUDDHO НАМ

ब्रॅन्यक्रिन्नुब्रूरः ब्रेन्यवेन्द्रायक्षाब्र्न्यव्याक्ष्यविष्युव्यक्ष्याक्ष्यविष्य

Tong-pa-nyi du-gyur Tong-pa'i ngang-le tong-sum di-ta-na dug-gi po-drang-du All phenomena are transformed into emptiness, and from emptiness, the Three Thousand Worlds⁵ are transformed into a dazzling

gyur-pa'i nang-du Seng-gé'i-tri pe-da so-sö teng-tu Rang-nyi dang-dun kyé-kyi tso-wö celestial palace. Lion thrones (both front- and self-generated) appear each with a lotus and moon on it. Instantaneously blue seed syllable

sa-bön HUNG ting-ga-le Men-la ku-dog bei-dur-ya ta-bu ö-zer tro-wa'i ku-chen

HŪM's appear on each lotus and moon of myself and the front-generation. From those the Medicine Buddha appears. His complexion is the color of Vaidurya and is radiant.

Chö-gö sum-gyi lub-pa Chag-ye chok-jyin Ah-ru-ra dang Yön-nyam

He is arrayed in the Three Dharma Robes of a monk. His right hand is in the mudra of Supri

He is arrayed in the Three Dharma Robes of a monk. His right hand is in the mudra of Supreme Generosity and is holding an Ārura fruit.⁶ His left hand

चल्याः भूरं चने देते तहे अर्द्धत् प्रदेश हे वार्षाः विराहे हेते ही वार्षाः युरायी राष्ट्रीया यादिया यादि वार्षा

zhag-lhung zé-dzin-pa Tshen-pé dzog-shing dor-jé'i kyil-trung-gi zhuk-pa Khye-par is in the meditation mudra and is holding an alms bowl resting on his lap. Complete with the marks and signs of a Buddha, he sits in the full Vajra position. On lotus petals

रुं सर्व नसुेर् ग्री तर्ना सम्माय । इतं र्नाराय स्वापाय । इतं र्नाराय स्वापाय । इतं र्नाराय स्वापाय । इतं र्नारा स्वापाय ।

du-dun kyé-kyi dab-ma nam-la Thub-wang-la sog-pa'i sang-gye dun-dang-chö pu-sti around the front-generated Medicine Buddha are the seven other Buddhas including Shakyamuni, and the Dharma scriptures.

ने क्विया से असा न्याया पढु द्वा ॥ ने क्विया यहे वा हे वा हो हो ने प्याय है यह वा है से स्थाय विश्वास है वा है वा हो से स्थाय है वा है वा

Dé-gyab sem-pa' chu-drug Dé-gyab jig-ten kyong-wa-chu dang dé-pön chu-nyi so-sö Behind them are the sixteen Bodhisattvas, and further behind are the ten worldly protectors and the twelve leaders of the Yakshas,

वर्विर-५८-वरुषायः क्रीं वर्षि व्यक्तियां के दार्थि वर्षि ५८-वरुषायदि वाद्यायां वायुकायी वायुका ५८-

khor-dang che-pa Go-zhi-la gyal-po chen-po zhi-dang che-pa'i ne-sum yi-gé-sum dang each with their own retinue. The four gates of the mandala are guarded by the four Great Kings and their retinues. Light radiates from the three letters⁸ at the three places⁹ and

য়ৢঀৢয়৽য়ঢ়৻ৼৣ৾৽য়য়ঢ়৻৴য়য়ৢয়৽য়য়৽ ঀয়য়ৢঀয়য়ৣ৽য়ৼয়য়ৢয়য়৻য়ৣয়য়য়য়য়য়য়য়য়য়য়

tuk-ka'i HUNG-le ö-trö-pe Shar-chok-kyi Sang-gye so-sö zhing-kham-ne

from the $H\bar{U}M$ in all their hearts inviting the Buddhas in the Eastern direction to come from their Buddha-fields.

ल्लुब्रामान्यवाः द्वात्राम् अत्राचन्याः अत्राचन्याः अत्राचन्याः अत्राचन्याः अत्राचन्याः अत्राचन्याः अत्राचन्या

Yé-shé-pa pak-tu-mé-pa chen-drang-ne dag-dun nam-la tim-par-gyur

In this way, innumerable Wisdom Deities dissolve into the front- and self-generated Medicine Buddhas.

হুঁঃ প্লুব'ল্ল'অঠন'নক্লুন'ঝু'র্ক্টবাশ'অ''ঝুশ'মঃ বারশ'নেন্দ্রম'শ্লুব'নেন্রব'ল্লীব'ঠর'রনিন্দ্র'বার্ন্ত্রমান্ত্র

HUNG Men-la che-gye lha-tsok ma-lü-pa Ne-dir chen-dren chin-chen bab-tu-söl

HŪM You, the eight Medicine Buddha companions and hosts of deities without exception, having been invited to this place, may your blessings rain down.

भ्रायाय्यत्तात्त्रायात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्व भ्रायाय्यत्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्वात्यात्

Kal-den de-den dag-la wang-chog-kur Lok-dren tshé-yi bar-che sel-du-söl

May you bestow the Supreme Empowerment upon the fortunate and faithful ones, like myself. May you expel obstacles that lead us astray and threaten our lives.

वर्सें सन्तु हैं १२ हैं राम में सम्मन्द्र राम सामा पर्दे हैं नहीं राम सामा है हुन्यू वह

Namo Mahā Bhaishanjye Sapariwara Vajra Samaya Ja Ja Vajra Samaya Tishtha Lhan

 \mathbf{O} М H \mathbf{U} М Trāм Hr \mathbf{I} H ĀH ĀBHISHINCCHA H \mathbf{U} М

हुँ भे मिनापर्गार्स्यायरमे देश न्यायाय सुदिर्देश रे सेना इस्रिया

HUNG Mé-tog dug-pö mar-mé-dri Zuk-dra dri-ro rek-cha-chö

HŪM I offer to the Deities flowers, incense, lamps, perfume, forms, sounds,

यन्वा वीश खुः त्य अर्केन् या तन्त्र वा वन्वा कवा र्केवाश वाहीश र्हेवाश यम स्विवाश

Dag-gi lha-la chö-pa-bul Dag-chag tshog-nyi dzog-par-sho

fragrances, tastes, tactiles and all phenomena. May we accomplish the two accumulations.

(Offering Mantra)

क्रु. यह. सह. वे.त. क्रे.त्य. वे.त. वे.त.

OM Vajra Argham Pādyam Pushpé Dhūpé Āloké Gandhé Naividyé Shabda

राया अन् गहुः राया सहे धारेहा है।

RUPA SHABDA GANDHÉ RASA SAPARSHÉ PRATĪCCHA HŪM

হুঁঃ বগা:প্ৰথাবার্ষ্ট'র্ন'ম্ব্রুব'র্নঃ বার্ষ্ট'মের্ক্রবাক্ক্রথ'র্ন'ড্রোহম'র্নাহ'র্মবামঃ

HUNG Ta-shi tso-wo dze-gye-dé Tso-chog gyal-po yung-kar-sog HŪM I offer to the Deities the Eight Principal Auspicious Substances, 10 such as মহ্মান্ত্রাম্প্রাম্ভ্রাম্ভ্রাম্ট

Dag-gi lha-la chö-pa-bul Tshog-nyi yong-su dzog-par-sho the Supreme Royal white mustard seed and others. May the two accumulations be thoroughly perfected.

న్స్లో అక్రాస్క్రేస్త్రేశ్రీ Mangalam Artha Siddhi HŪM

ষ্ট্ৰ নিয়াপ্ৰ নাই নি দ্বামানক্ৰ্ নি ভ্ৰম নাই অৰ্ক নাক্ৰমান নাই নি দ্বামানক্ৰ নাক্ৰমান নাক্

Dag-gi lha-la chö-pa-bul Sem-chen tshog-nyi dzog-par-sho such as the Supreme Royal Vase and others. May all beings accomplish the two accumulations.

अङ्गुर्भे भूड्रिङ्गे हु Mangalam Kumbha HŪM

হুঁঃ দেই দু আঁর বার্কী দি দির ক্রির নানুরঃ বার্কী আর্ক্রিবা ক্রুমে দি বিদ্যালয় বিদ্য

HUNG Dö-yön tso-wo rin-chen-dun Tso-chog gyal-po nor-bu-sog HŪM I offer to the Deities the sense-pleasures and the Seven Principal Jewels, 12 মুন্মান্ত্রামান্ত

Dag-gi lha-la chö-pa-bul Dag-ni tshog-nyi dzog-par-shoand others such as the Supreme Royal Jewels.

May my two accumulations be completed.

رَّهُ عَلَىٰ الْهُ عَلَىٰ الْهُ كَا OM Mani Ratna HŪM

HUNG Kun-gyi tso-wo ri-rab-ling Ri-rab ling-zhi ling-tren-che HŪM I offer to the Deities the foremost of all offerings, such as Mount Meru

यन्त्राचीश्राञ्चात्रात्रात्रवेशः कैंत्रशात्राहेशः धेन्रशास्त्राहेत्राश्रास्त्राहेत्राश्रास्त्राहेत्राश्रास्त्र

Tshog-nyi yong-su dzog-par-sho Dag-gi lha-la chö-pa-bul with the four continents and the sub-continents. May the two accumulations be thoroughly perfected.

ॐॱ**र**हुःसङ्क्यःङ्कँ ॥ OM RATNA MAŅDALA HŪM

कुँ नन्ग गैरा दे स्व दे कन क्षेत्र ने नने गरियार मुं त्य मार्थिय ह HUNG Dag-gi dri-den dri-chab-kyi Dé-shek ku-la ku-trü-sol

HŪM With my perfumed bathing water, may you, the Tathagata, bathe your body.

युःयःदे'स्रासी'सदतःयदः धैगःक्षेतःदगःपते हेत्रवियःवश्चिः

Lha-la dri-ma mi-nga-yang Dig-drib dag-pa'i ten-drel-gyi

Although you are immaculate, may you do this as an auspicious sign for the purification of our sins and obscurations.

OM SARVA TATHĀGATA ABHISHEKATA SAMAYA SHRĪYE HŪM

हुँ रक्ष दगार प्रहरा दे पृत्र पाणिक हु कुरा परि सु हि द ही पर पछि ह

HUNG Re-kar jam-dri den-pa-yi Gyal-wa'i ku-nyi chi-war-gyi

HŪM With this soft white perfumed cloth may you, the Victor, dry your body.

स्यापद्भार्थाः स्वापद्भार्थः स्वापद्भार्यः स्वापद्भारः स्वापद्भार्यः स्वापद्भारः स्वापद्भारः स्वापद्भारः स्वापद्भारः स्वापद्भारः स्वापद्भारः स

Lha-la dri-ma mi-nga'-yang Dug-ngel drel-wa'i ten-drel-gyi

Although you are immaculate, may you do this as an auspicious sign for our freedom from suffering.

> ॵ॔ॱग़ॗॱख़ॱॸऀॱज़ॗॱॾॖॱढ़ऀॱॢऀ OM KĀYA BISHVA DHANI HŪM

कूँः व नवतः अहेषाय्व ५५ र श्रेवाय देश श्रुपाय देश श्रुपाय विश्व

HUNG Na-za' dzé-den ngur-mig-di Gyal-wa'i ku-la sol-war-gyi HŪM May these beautiful saffron robes clothe the Victor's body.

भ्राःभः नश्रीयान्यः स्वाः स्वः स्वाः स्वः स्वाः स्वः स्वाः स

Ku-la sil-wa mi-nga-yang Trag-dang pel-wa'i ten-drel-gyi

Although your body is not cold, may you do this as an auspicious sign of our radiance increasing. 14

య్ ఇక్ష ఆస్ట్ అ్మ్మ స్ట్రీకి Oṃ Vajra Vasta ĀH HŪM

हुँ भुः अर्रग्नेत्रः धैः रेज्द । वर्जे न रोज्य र रेज्द र राजे स्वाप्य रोज ।

HUNG Ku-dog bei-dur-ya-yi ri-wo-dra Dro-wa sem-chen ne-kyi dug-ngel-sel

HŪM You, whose body has the complexion of the color of the Vaidurya Mountain, may you remove sickness and suffering from beings.

चिरःकुपःश्रेस्यःन्यस्यम्बुरःग्रीःयविरःग्रीश्यःमर्श्नेरः रेतःकेतःश्च्रतःव्हेतःश्चःयःध्वायक्यःपर्श्नेरः

Chang-chub sem-pa' gye-kyi khor-gyi-kor Rin-chen men-dzin lha-la chag-tshal-tö
To you, who is surrounded by an entourage of the eight Bodhisattvas, the deity who holds the precious medicine, I prostrate and offer praise.

सर्वरायेग्रेग्रें देवात्त्वायायो स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त् सर्वरायेग्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें स्वाप्त्रें

Tshen-leg Rin-da Ser-sang Nya-ngen-me Chö-drag Gya-tsho Chö-lo Shakya-tub To Tsen-lek, ¹⁵ Rin-da, ¹⁶ Ser-zang, ¹⁷ Nya-ngen-me, ¹⁸ Chö-drak Gyatsho, ¹⁹ Chö-lo, ²⁰ and Shakyamuni,

Dam-pa'i chö dang sem-pa' chu-drug sogKön-chog rin-chen-sum-la chag-tshal-tö
the Holy Dharma, the sixteen Bodhisattvas and others, to the Three Precious Jewels, I prostrate and praise.

র্বৎঝ-८-- বন্ধ্র-ন্ত্রীর-ক্র্যান্ডর স্থ্রিবাঝ-স্ক্রীর-বন্ধঃ বার্রির-স্থ্রীর-স্থা-র্বির-বন্ধ্য-বার্ত্তিঝ-বার্থিবা-১-- বন্ধঃ

Tshang-dang gya-chin gyal-chen chog-kyong-chu Nö-jyin de-bön chu-nyi yog-dang-che To you, who are surrounded by Brahma, Indra, the guardian Kings of the ten directions, the twelve Yaksha leaders with their retinues,

सुर्भे द्भूत क्री देवा तहें त दूर र्से र नवस्थ न न न न हैं र द्भूत क्री सुर्भ त स्था न से र ह

Lha-mi men-gyi rig-dzin drang-song-che Du-tsi men-gyi lha-la chag-tsal-tö gods, humans, Vidyadharas of medicine, the Rishis and their retinues, to the Deities who bestow the medicinal amrita, I prostrate and offer praise.

यन्त्रासन्त्रः स्त्रावात्रः मारक्षुं त्यः स्वात्रः सेरः तीत्रः यक्षेत्रः यह

Dag-dun thug-kar HUNG-la ngag-treng-gi kor-war

Then, at the heart of the front-generated and self-generated Medicine Buddhas, the mantra garlands rotate around the $H\bar{U}M$ syllables (in the clockwise direction).

Mantra Recitation

TAYATĀ OM BEKANZE BEKANZE MAHA BEKANZE RADZA SAMUDGATE SOHĀ
TADYATĀ OM BHAISHAJYE BHAISHAJYE MAHA BHAISHAJYE RAJA SAMUDGATE SVĀHĀ

(repeat as many times as possible)

Confession. Dedication and Aspiration Prayer

र्श्वासुरगाुद्राच्यवायाद्वी चान्चरक्षाच्याच्येश द्वापाद्वी स्वापाद्वी चार्चियाद्वी चार्चियाद्वी चार्चिया

Dig-tung kun-shak ge-wa chang-chub-ngo Ne-dön duk-ngel drel-wa'i ta-shi-sho

I confess all misdeeds and downfalls, and dedicate all virtues to enlightenment. May there be good fortune of freedom from all illnesses and suffering.

यभिगरायार्थियते। यहेगाहेव'याह्रस्य रूपात्रस्य यहिं सुंह

(Prayer of Dismissal) Jig-ten-pa-nam rang-ne VAJRA MUM

All worldly deities, return to your natural abode: VAJRA MUM.

Ye-she dam-tshig lha-nam dag-la-tim Ka-dag kun-zang long-du É MA HO

All Wisdom and Samaya deities, may you all dissolve into me. And I dissolve into the vast expanse of all goodness and primordial purity. How wonderful!

A Short Prayer to the Medicine Buddha

७७। । पर्वेस्यः स्वादित्रः प्रतिवाद्यात् विष्यात्रः प्रत्याः पर्वेसः प्राप्यः स्वाद्यः स्वादः स्वतः स्वादः स्वतः स्वादः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वादः स्वादः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वतः स्वादः स्वतः स्

Chom-den-de Dé-zhin-sheg-pa Dra-chom-pa Yang-dag-pa Dzog-pa'i-sang-gye

The Bhagavan, the Tathagata, the Arhat, the Perfectly Enlightened Buddha,

Men-gyi-la BEIDÜRYA Ö-kyi Gyal-po-la Chag-tshal-lo

the Medicine Buddha, the King of Vaidurya Light, I prostrate to you.

<u>बियाय प्रतिर्भागितर श्री त्र स्क्रीत प्रतीय स्था है प्रतीय स्था प्रतीय प्रतीय प्रतीय प्रतीय प्रतीय स्था स्थाप</u> <u>বর্ণানমান্তর্গরমমান্তর্গর্বান্তর্গর্বান্তর্গর্বান্তর্গর্বান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্ত্র বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্ত্র বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্তর্গরের বর্ণান্ত্র বর্ণান্ত্র বর্ণান্ত্র বর্ণান্তর বর্ণান্ত্র বর্ণান্তর বর্ণান্তর বর্ণান্তর বর্ণান্ত্র বর্ণান্তর বর্ণান্ত বর্ণান্তর বর্ণান</u> বার্মনে র্মুর্-র-র্মের্-শ্রের-র-নেমা-মর্ম্র-রবি-রুন্ নের্ম্রের-রুর্-নে-মন্ত্র্বা-নু-র্মের্-নেম-মিন্র্বান্-র্মের ारे'खूर'र्के'ग'वरी'व्यास्य स्वासारम चठ्रदारा धोदावार्द्धा विराधा के अर्था भीता। वाषा हे कुस्रकारा लेवा धोदा ग्राम हे ते स्थित राज्य है कि स्थाप है धै'द्रग्रव'दर'। दुर'दर्गेर'श्चे'चदे'त्यब'दब'वयब'ठव'द्रग'वब'देर'के'श्चे। यावगापुःचरःद्रशाचने तर्वो अर्वे देशा क्री अर्वे त्राप्ता स्त्री विरादेश क्री शास्त्र शास्त्री स्वर्धा स्वरंधा स्वर्धा स्वर बन्दरगर्देबद्दः मुद्दः मुद्दः । <u>क</u>्यः धेंदिः कन्दः यः त्यः र्शेग्रवः यसः गर्वेदः यद्वे प्रदरः। यार्बेर श्चेत्र क्चे श्चे र्वेब के वे वित्र वार्वे ्रमासाधित्रपति त्रके नामर्के मक्कुर् रहरा। । । ह्या रहा मुख्य मावत्र मावत्र स्था मिला स्थि महित्र पावस्य स्थान कॅबायवाकेरावा क्रेंबावर्गा विरायग् राताचायायाय यदि म्यायाके स्वीता स्वीता स्वीता स्वीता स्वीता स्वीता स्वीता स नम्भयायम् ज्ञनःद्धनःकेषार्वतिः सन्तान् जोर्हनःकुतिः के जाः भ्रुवः स्तिः के जाः धीवा दे'ल'क्कुब'न्डूब'सर'णर'। कुरायर र्देशवर्ष्य पान्या। द्वासे प्राचित्र प्रवास ये वार्ष राष्ट्र स्था से प्रवास वार्ष राष्ट्र स्था से प्रवास वार्ष राष्ट्र से प्रवास के प्रवास ग्वि श्रीकानुसका सुर्वे दिया के विष्टे हैं ए एकू

This text is an ornament that is the mind treasure compiled from the Cycles of Celestial Teachings arranged by Raka-AseU. If there are any mistakes, I confess them before the Deity. By the virtue of writing this text may all the sickness of beings be ended and may they quickly reach the level of Medicine Buddha. Although the Sutra rite has the Bathing Prayer, the prayer is not necessary in this practice because it belongs to the tradition of the Highest Yoga Tantra Yoga. The benefits of regular meditation on this rite are as follows:

- (1) If one is ordained (monk or nun), then one's moral conduct progresses and does not regress.
- (2) But even if one has broken one's precepts, through the practice of this rite until the obscurations are purified, one does not fall into the 117 lower realms.
- (3) When all the negative karma that causes one to reborn in hell, as a hungry ghost, or as an animal has been purified, by practicing this ritual, one is not born in any of these realms.
- (4) But even if one is born into such a realm, one is immediately released and reborn into one of the higher realms, and from there one progresses by stages to Buddhahood.
- (5) Even in this life one will obtain food, clothing, etc., without trouble.
- (6) All causes of harm such as sickness, evil spirits, and malevolent demons, the king's sentence, etc., are pacified.
- (7) One is guarded and protected by Vajra Pani, Brahma, Vishnu, the Four Great Kings, the Twelve Great Yakshas Leaders with their seven hundred thousand retinues.
- (8) One is freed from all causes of harm like the eighteen causes of untimely death, enemies, wild animals, etc.

(9) All of one's wishes will be completely accomplished, and one receives other inconceivable benefits as explained in the two extended Medicine Buddha sutras.

In the great monasteries such as Chang Dam-ring Pel-khor Cho-de and other philosophical institutes, where scholars critiqued most teachings and were not easily appeased, only this practice was widely used as a longevity ceremony and obstacle-removing ritual for the deceased. This Medicine Buddha practice was also performed before the Jowo Statue at Lhasa, the Vajra Seat in Tibet, and the Great Enlightened One at the Samye Monastery. When one really has faith, there is no rite of greater benefit than that of the Medicine Buddha. There are many extended and abridged versions, but this one has the least words while still containing all the essential elements. Since it is in the Highest Yoga Tantra Tradition, there is no need to do purification practices; and because one can make mindemanated offerings, even though one makes no torma offerings, the practice includes all that is necessary.

Preface

Compiled by Lama Karma Chagmey (RakaAse;1613-1678), this meditation ritual, 'The Medicine Buddha Practice called the River of Vaidurya compiled from Cycles of Celestial Teachings, an appendix to the Mind Treasure, Luminous Space of the Mind, ' is also known as Gong-ter Thug-kyi Long-sal-gyi Zur-gyan Nam-cho Nyi-ne Zur-du Drig-pa Men-la'i Cho-ga Vaidurya'i Chu-gyun Zhug-so (dGongs gTer Thugs kyi kLong gSal gyi Zur rGyan Chos Nyid Nas Zur Du bsGrigs Pa sMan bl.a'i Cho Ga Be Du Rya'i Chu rGyun bZhugs So). To facilitate the practice of Medicine Buddha by members of the Sakya Monastery of Tibetan Buddhism in Seattle, Washington, this text is revised and published with the Tibetan, English phonetics, and English translation combined. By the merit of this deed, may the excellent benefit and great joy of the Doctrine arise in all beings. Sakya Phuntso Phodrang Dagmo Jamyang Palmo on the 26th Day of the 5th Month in the Water Male Horse year, the 2129th year of the Tibetan Astrological Historical Calender, A.D. July 6, 2002.

Translator's notes

In the title of this practice 'The Medicine Buddha Practice called the River of Vaidurya compiled from Cycles of Celestial Teachings", an appendix to the Mind Treasure, Luminous Space of the Mind,' the term Vaidurya is left in the original Sanskrit because there are several translations and interpretations possible. According to Tibetan practitioners, Vaidurya is a precious gem sky-blue in color and crystalline in appearance, an interpretation consistent with the Chinese religious commentaries. Vaidurya was previously translated as Lapis Lazulis, an azure blue opaque gem that is a silicate mineral with iron pyrite. Recently it has been translated as Beryl, beryllium alumina silicates that are crystalline and exist in various colors. In particular, the blue Beryl is called aquamarine. Another translation is Cat's Eye, or chrysoberyl, a beryllium aluminate crystal that also exists in many colors. Alternatively, the Chinese secular commentaries explains that Vaidurya is a blue ceramic material (aluminum potassium silicate) used as tiles in imperial structures.

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A.D. July 6, 2002

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