

# # Our situation in IPTW ATT Robust variance #

$$A(\xi) = -E \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \psi_{d0}}{\partial \alpha_0} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d0}}{\partial \alpha_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d0}}{\partial \alpha_2} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d0}}{\partial \mu_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d0}}{\partial \mu_0} \\ \frac{\partial \psi_{d1}}{\partial \alpha_0} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d1}}{\partial \alpha_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d1}}{\partial \alpha_2} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d1}}{\partial \mu_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d1}}{\partial \mu_0} \\ \frac{\partial \psi_{d2}}{\partial \alpha_0} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d2}}{\partial \alpha_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d2}}{\partial \alpha_2} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d2}}{\partial \mu_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_{d2}}{\partial \mu_0} \\ \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \alpha_0} & \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \alpha_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \alpha_2} & \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \mu_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \mu_0} \\ \frac{\partial \psi_0}{\partial \alpha_0} & \frac{\partial \psi_0}{\partial \alpha_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_0}{\partial \alpha_2} & \frac{\partial \psi_0}{\partial \mu_1} & \frac{\partial \psi_0}{\partial \mu_0} \end{bmatrix}$$

Annotations:  $a_{11}$  (top right),  $a_{21}$  (bottom left),  $P(A=1)$  (top right),  $P(A=1)$  (bottom right),  $\frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \alpha_0} = 0$ ,  $\frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \alpha_1} = 0$ ,  $\frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial \alpha_2} = 0$

우리의 상황은  $P(A_T=1 | L_T) = \exp(\alpha_0 + \alpha_1 B + \alpha_2 C) / 1 + \exp(\alpha_0 + \alpha_1 B + \alpha_2 C)$   $\rightarrow h(L_T; \alpha)$  이 define.

1)  $\psi_{d0} = A_T - \{h(L_T; \alpha) / (1 + h(L_T; \alpha))\}$

①  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d0}}{\partial \alpha_0} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha)}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$     ②  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d0}}{\partial \alpha_1} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha) \times B_T}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$     ③  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d0}}{\partial \alpha_2} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha) \times C_T}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$

2)  $\psi_{d1} = \{A_T - (h(L_T; \alpha) / (1 + h(L_T; \alpha)))\} B_T$

①  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d1}}{\partial \alpha_0} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha) \times B_T}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$     ②  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d1}}{\partial \alpha_1} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha) \times B_T^2}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$     ③  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d1}}{\partial \alpha_2} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha) \times B_T \times C_T}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$

3)  $\psi_{d2} = \{A_T - (h(L_T; \alpha) / (1 + h(L_T; \alpha)))\} C_T$

①  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d2}}{\partial \alpha_0} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha) \times C_T}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$     ②  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d2}}{\partial \alpha_1} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha) \times B_T \times C_T}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$     ③  $\frac{\partial \psi_{d2}}{\partial \alpha_2} = - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha) \times C_T^2}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2}$

$\Rightarrow$  이때,  $h(L_T; \alpha) / (1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2 = \frac{h(L_T; \alpha)}{1 + h(L_T; \alpha)} \times \frac{1}{1 + h(L_T; \alpha)} = P(A_T=1 | L_T) \times (1 - P(A_T=1 | L_T))$

그러면,  $a_{11} = \begin{bmatrix} - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha)}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2} (1, B_T, C_T)^T \\ - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha)}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2} (B_T, B_T^2, B_T C_T)^T \\ - \frac{h(L_T; \alpha)}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2} (C_T, B_T C_T, C_T^2)^T \end{bmatrix}$

coding  $\rightarrow W = \text{diag} \left( \frac{h(L_T; \alpha)}{(1 + h(L_T; \alpha))^2} \right) = \text{diag}(ps \times (1-ps))$

$X = \text{Design matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & L_1 \\ 1 & L_2 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & L_n \end{pmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow - \text{crossprod}(Sqrt(W), X) / \text{nrow}(data)$

4)  $\psi_0 = (Y_T - \mu_0) (1 - A_T) h(L_T; \alpha)$

①  $\frac{\partial \psi_0}{\partial \alpha_0} = (Y_T - \mu_0) (1 - A_T) h(L_T; \alpha)$     ②  $\frac{\partial \psi_0}{\partial \alpha_1} = (Y_T - \mu_0) (1 - A_T) h(L_T; \alpha) \times B_T$

③  $\frac{\partial \psi_0}{\partial \alpha_2} = (Y_T - \mu_0) (1 - A_T) h(L_T; \alpha) \times C_T$

$\hat{\mu}_0 = \text{result.lm.obj} \$ \text{fitted.values}$   
[E=0]

그러면,  $a_{21} = (Y_T - \mu_0) (1 - A_T) h(L_T; \alpha) (1, B_T, C_T)^T$

$\rightarrow ps / (1-ps)$  로 계산

$$B(\frac{\alpha}{\beta}) = E \begin{bmatrix} \psi_{\alpha_0}^2 & \psi_{\alpha_0}\psi_{\alpha_1} & \psi_{\alpha_0}\psi_{\alpha_2} & \psi_{\alpha_0}\psi_1 & \psi_{\alpha_0}\psi_0 \\ \psi_{\alpha_0}\psi_{\alpha_1} & \psi_{\alpha_1}^2 & \psi_{\alpha_1}\psi_{\alpha_2} & \psi_{\alpha_1}\psi_1 & \psi_{\alpha_1}\psi_0 \\ \psi_{\alpha_0}\psi_{\alpha_2} & \psi_{\alpha_1}\psi_{\alpha_2} & \psi_{\alpha_2}^2 & \psi_{\alpha_2}\psi_1 & \psi_{\alpha_2}\psi_0 \\ \psi_1\psi_{\alpha_0} & \psi_1\psi_{\alpha_1} & \psi_1\psi_{\alpha_2} & \psi_1^2 & \psi_1\psi_0 \\ \psi_0\psi_{\alpha_0} & \psi_0\psi_{\alpha_1} & \psi_0\psi_{\alpha_2} & \psi_0\psi_1 & \psi_0^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\psi_1 = \text{weight}(A_T)(Y_T - \mu_0)$$

$$\psi_0 = \text{weight}(1 - A_T)(Y_T - \mu_0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ \psi_0 \end{pmatrix} (\psi_1, \psi_0) \text{ 방법으로 계산!}$$

$$\rightarrow b_{21\_1} \leftarrow \psi_1(\psi_{\alpha_0}, \psi_{\alpha_1}, \psi_{\alpha_2}) = A_T(Y_T - \mu_1) \Big| A_T - E_T \Big| (1, B, C)$$

$$\rightarrow b_{22\_2} \leftarrow \psi_0(\psi_{\alpha_0}, \psi_{\alpha_1}, \psi_{\alpha_2}) = (1 - A_T)(Y_T - \mu_0) h(L_T; \alpha) \Big| A_T - E_T \Big| (1, B, C)$$

⇒ 마지막에 `nrow(data)`로 나누어줌.