# 데이터 마이닝 특강 Practice session

[Introduction of datamining]

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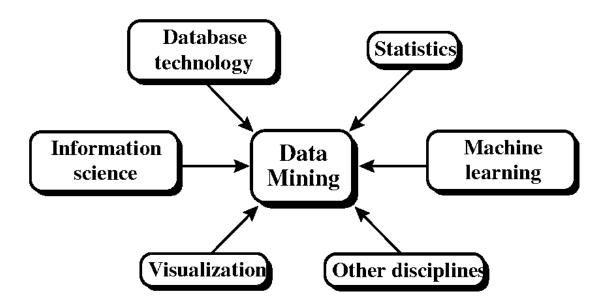


# Introduction of datamining

#### Introduction

#### Data mining

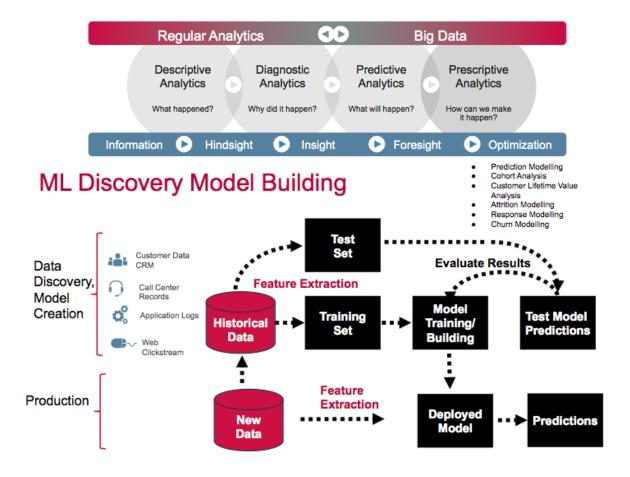
- knowledge discovery from data
- To use huge amount of data to discover interesting patterns or knowledge
- Alternative names
  - KDD: Knowledge discovery from data
  - Machine learning (Mainly in artificial intelligence)



Larose, Daniel T., and Chantal D. Larose. Discovering knowledge in data: an introduction to data mining. John Wiley & Sons, 2014.

# **Application Example (Cont'd)**

Big data use cases in telecom



source from <a href="http://datasciencegyan.com/big-data-use-cases-in-telecom/">http://datasciencegyan.com/big-data-use-cases-in-telecom/</a>

# **Application Example (Cont'd)**

#### Object detection API

 models learned via Neural Architecture Search, instance segmentation support and models trained on new datasets such as Open Images



Source from Jonathan Huang (ai.googleblog.com)

# **Application Example**

#### Virtual assistant

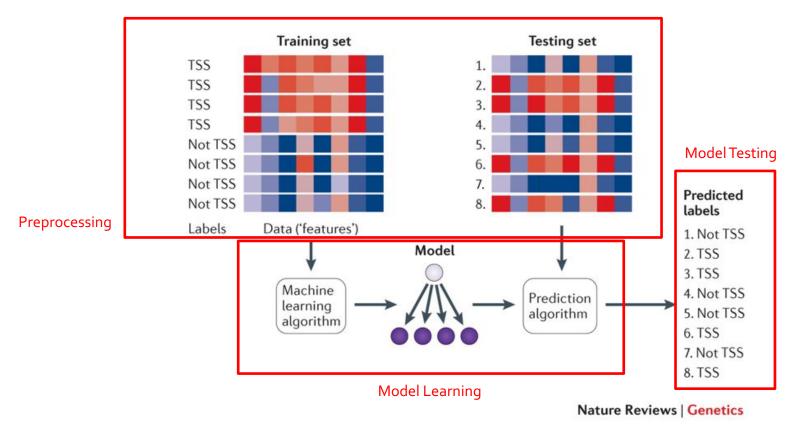
 mimic a human voice to book an appointment by phone (https://youtu.be/wghxVwXl6q8)



Source from Google's robot assistant now makes eerily lifelike phone calls for you, Olivia Solon, thegardian.com, 2018

## **Objective**

- Objective of the practice session
  - Learn about how to build model and understand hyperparameters

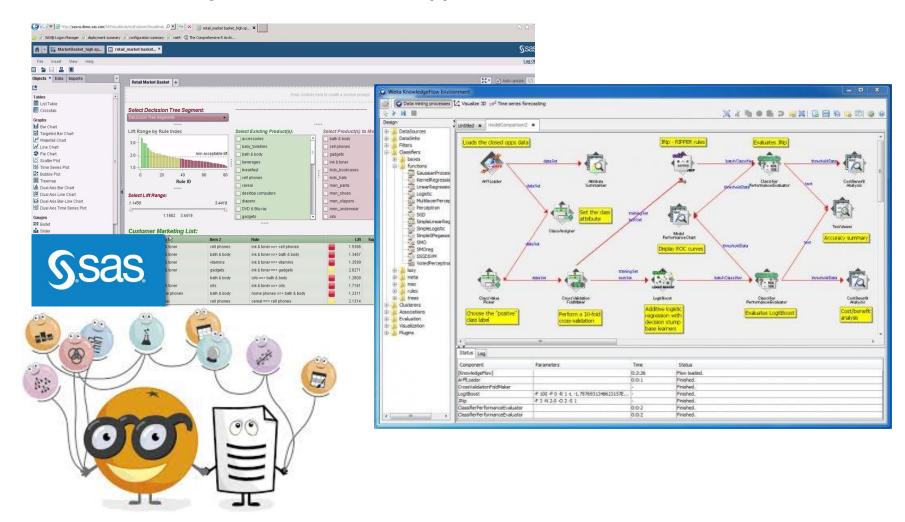


A canonical example of a machine learning application<sup>[1]</sup>

<sup>[1]</sup> Libbrecht MW, Noble WS, 2015. Machine learning applications in genetics and genomics. Nature Reviews Genetics 16(05/07/online), 321. DOI= http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/nrg3920.

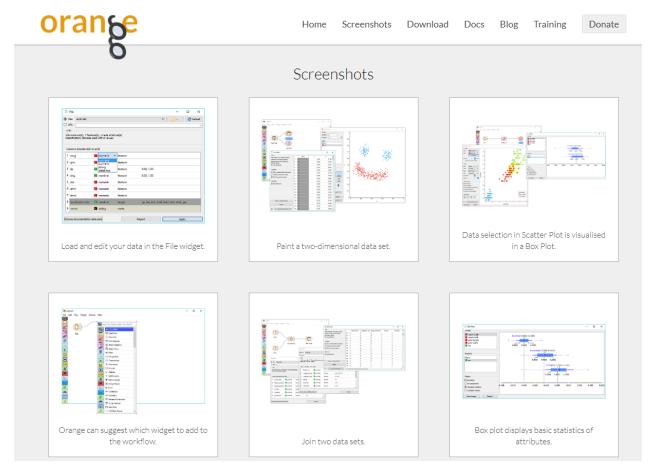
### Data mining tools

Various data mining tools in convenient approaches

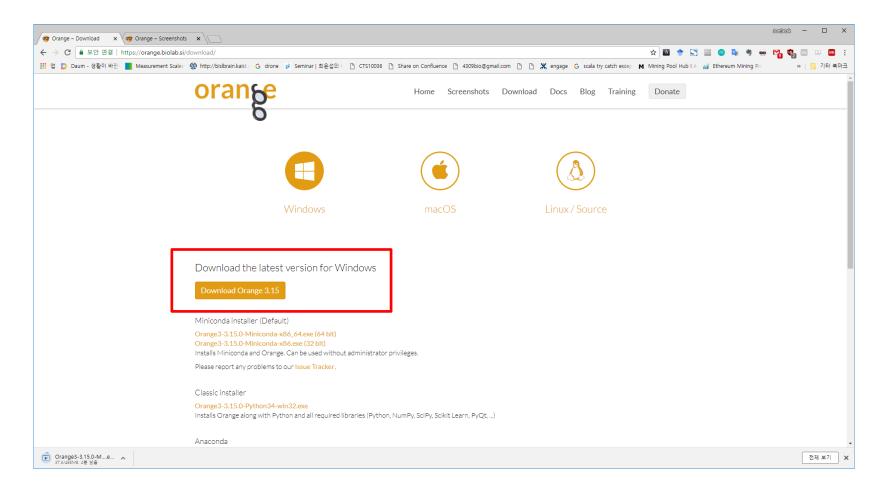


#### Orange

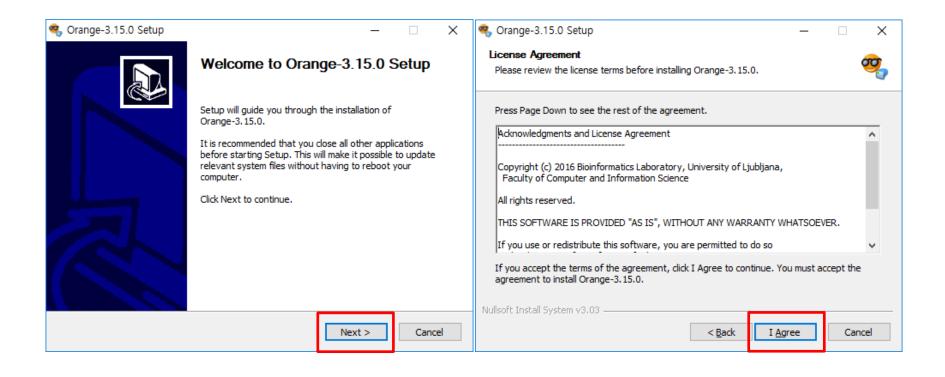
- Open source machine learning and data visualization
- https://orange.biolab.si



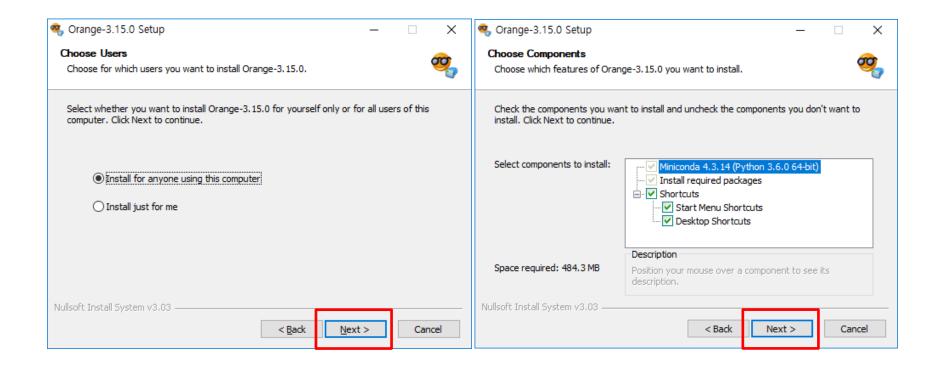
#### Download orange



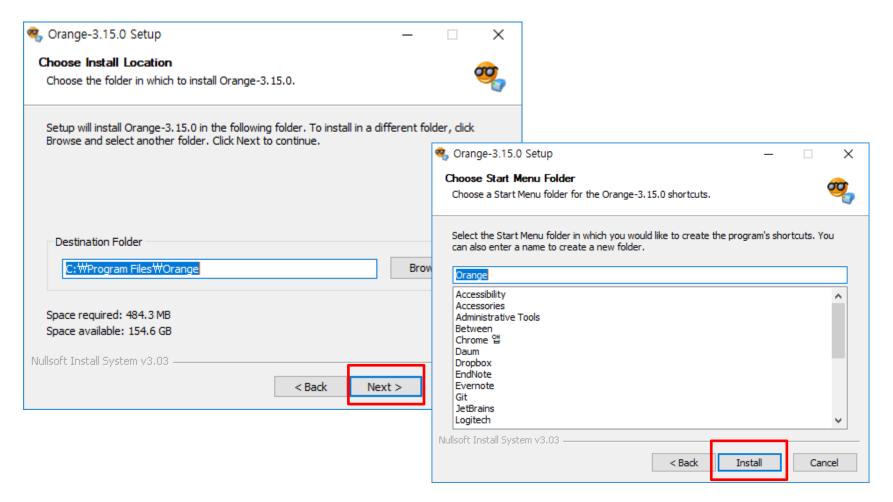
Install orange (1/8)



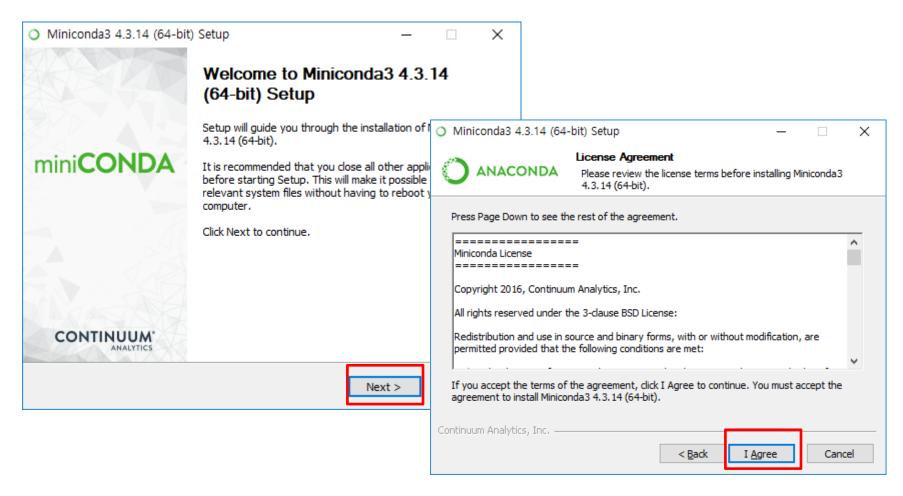
Install orange (2/8)



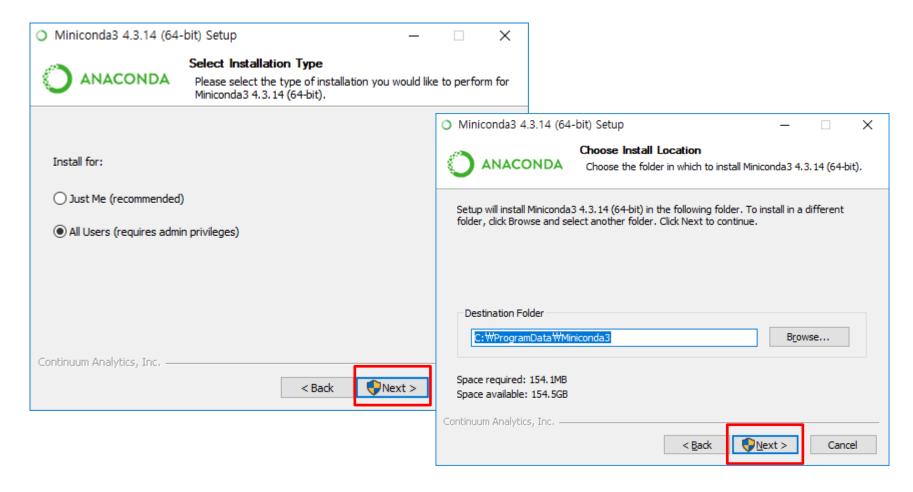
Install orange (3/8)



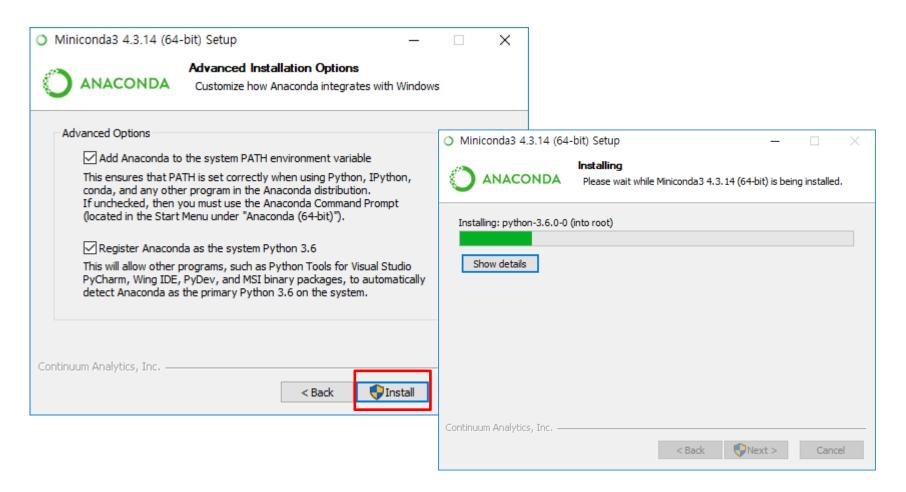
Install orange (4/8)



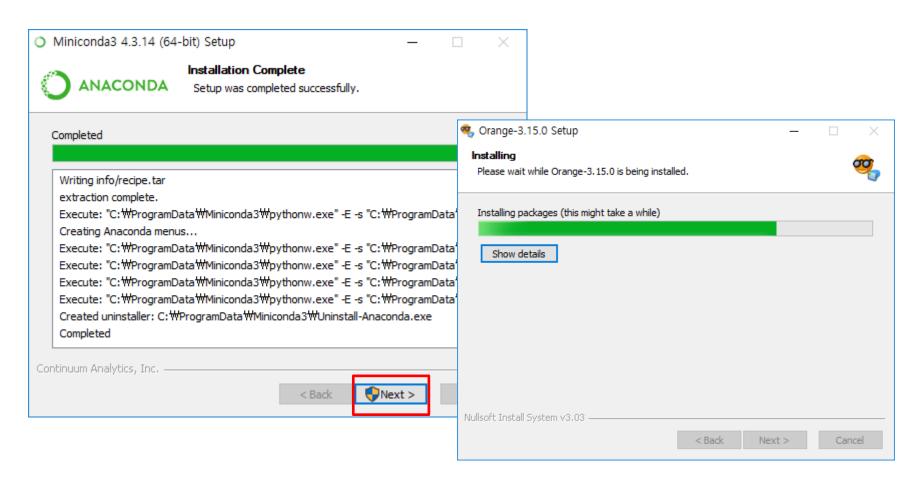
Install orange (5/8)



Install orange (6/8)

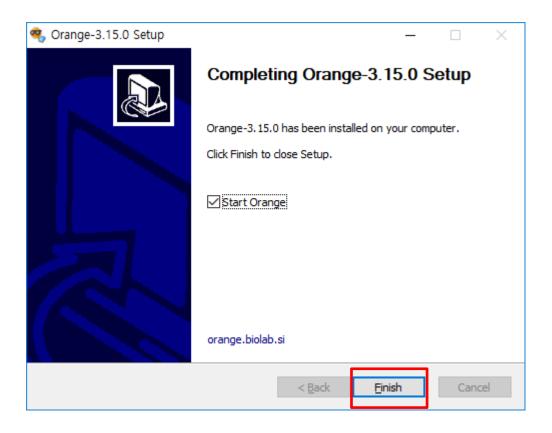


Install orange (7/8)

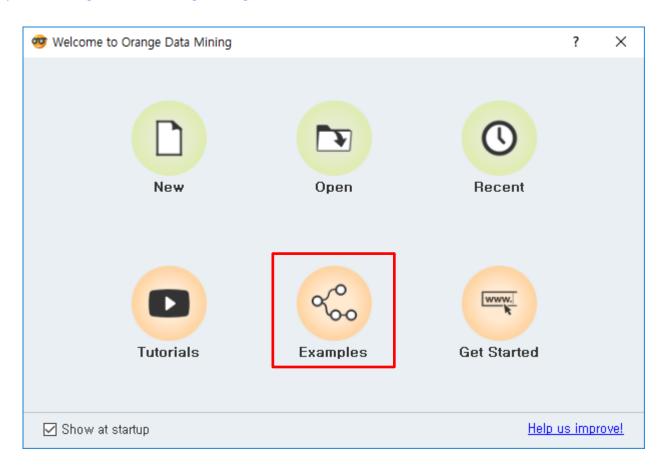


# **Practice Preparation**

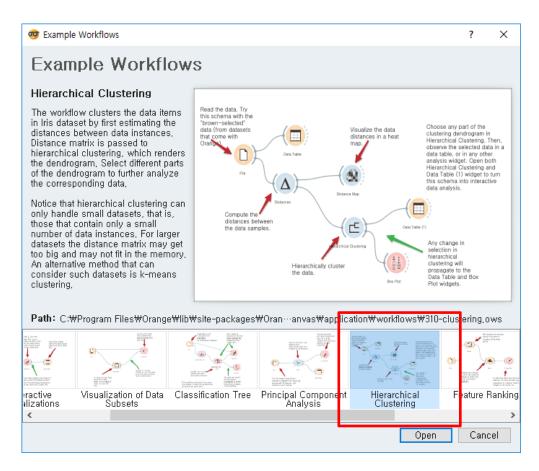
• Install orange (8/8)



- Tutorials for the first time
  - https://orange.biolab.si/getting-started

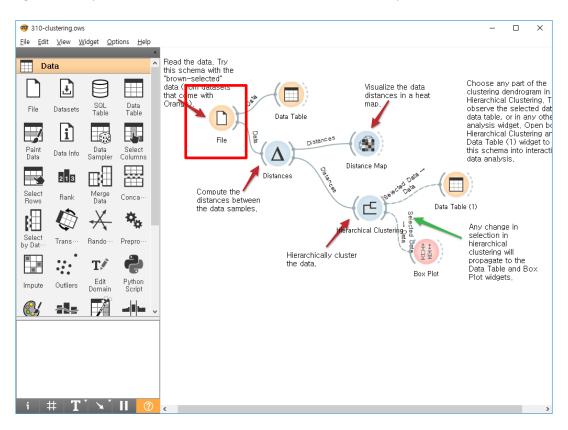


- The preloaded data mining workflows
  - Hierarchical clustering: a method of clustering analysis which seeks to build a hierarchy of clusters

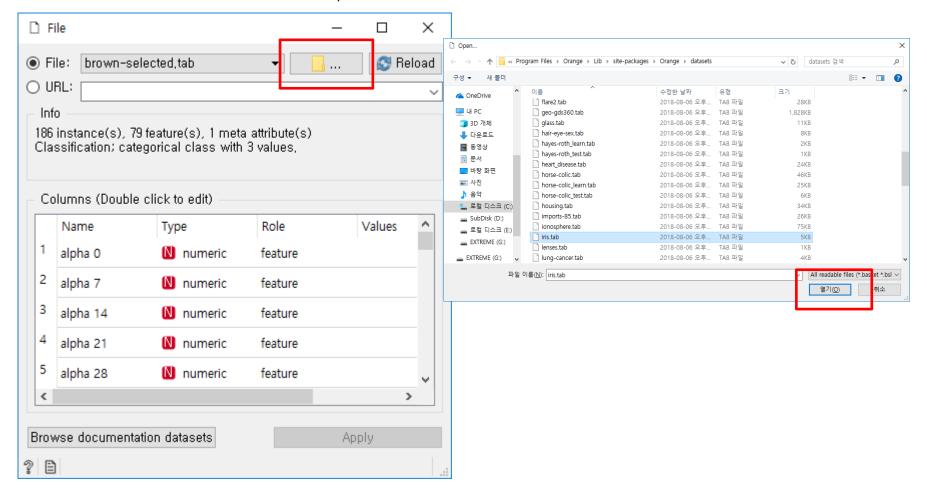


#### Orange canvas

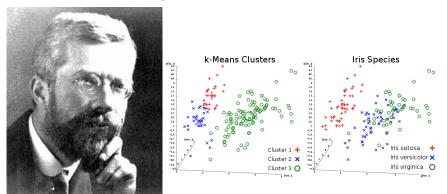
- In orange, data mining workflows consist of computational components called widget
- Widgets do all the work and exchange information
  - File widget: send data to the data table widget and distance widget
  - Distance widget: compute the distances between the data samples



- Input data on the file widget
  - chose *iris, tab* from the list of pre-installed data



- iris flower data set
  - multivariate data set
  - introduced by Ronald Fisher in 1936
    - <sup>-</sup> Statistician and Biologist



• the data to quantify the morphologic variation of *Iris* flowers of three related species



Iris setosa



Iris veriscolor



☐ File

File:

Info

Iris flower dataset

Name

sepal length

2 sepal width

3 petal length

4 petal width

Columns (Double click to edit)

150 instance(s), 4 feature(s), 0 meta attribute(s) Classification; categorical class with 3 values,

Type

numeric

numeric

numeric

Numeric 1

categorical

Classical dataset with 150 instances of Iris setosa, Iris virginica and Iris versicolor,

Role

feature

feature

feature

feature

target

Values

Iris-setosa, Iris-versicolor,

Apply

 $\times$ 

Reload

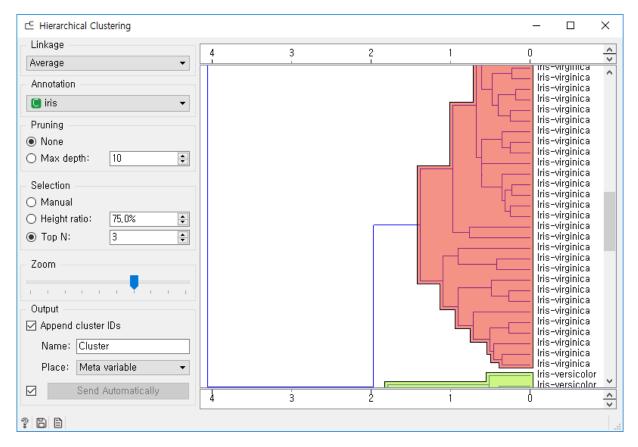
Iris virginica



### **Demo practice**

#### Clustering results

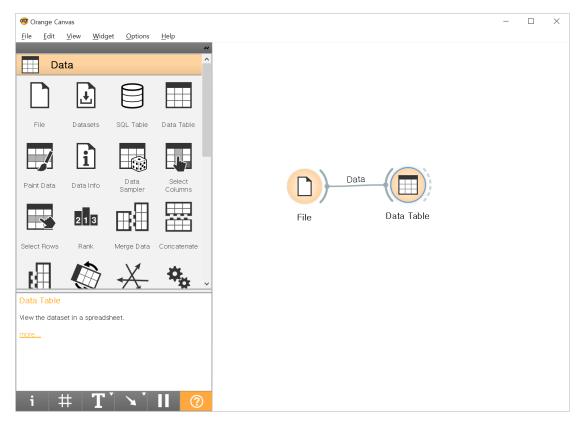
- the dendrogram: the tree-based rendering of the clustering
- Check if the algorithm correctly identified the three species of Iris

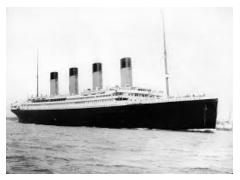


### **Basic practice**

#### Your own workflow

- start with empty canvas
- Develop a model to predict the probability of survival based on the passenger's traveling class, gender and age from the data on passengers of the RMS\* Titanic



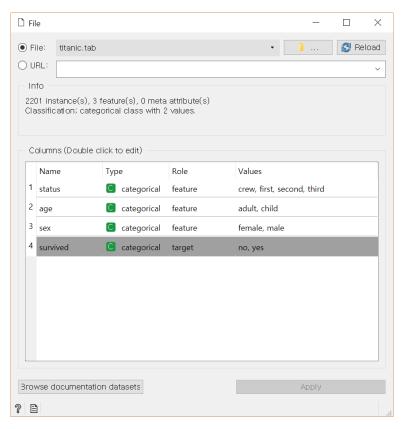


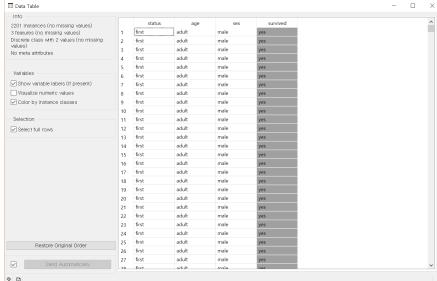
RMS *Titanic* departing <u>Southampton</u> on 10 April 1912<sup>[1]</sup>

# **Basic practice (Cont'd)**

#### Load and parsing data

■ The widgets automatically transferred the loaded data to all the connected widgets

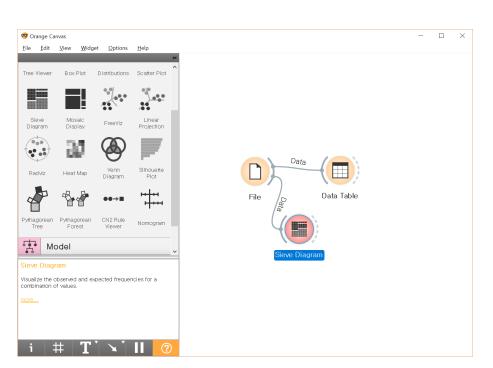


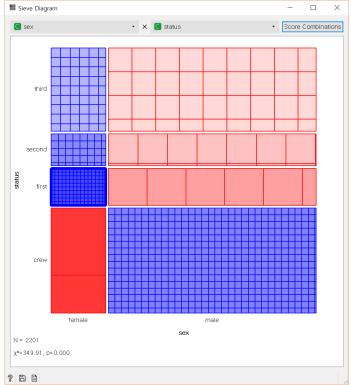


### **Basic practice**

- Inspect survival probabilities for the passengers of Titanic
  - Sieve diagram for data mining

• Sieve diagram shows the frequencies in a two-way contingency table in relation to expected frequencies under independence, and highlights the patterns of association between the row and column variables<sup>[1]</sup>





<sup>[1]</sup> Riedwyl, Hans, and M. Schüpbach. "Parquet diagram to plot contingency tables." Softstat 93 (1994): 293-299.

<sup>[2]</sup> http://www.datavis.ca/online/sieve/

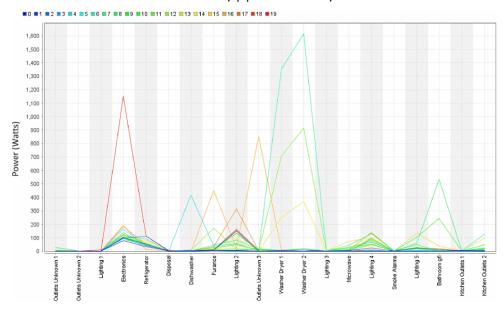
# **Project assignment (Cont'd)**

#### Analysis households electricity consumption

- Dataset
  - <sup>-</sup> The reference energy disaggregation dataset (REDD) Version 1.0<sup>[1]</sup>
  - Web resources: http://redd.csail.mit.edu/

#### Reference and examples

Aravindh Aki, D Krishna Mohan Reddy, Y Koushik Reddy, C. R. Kavitha, T. Sasikala, "<u>Analyzing the real time electricity data using data mining techniques</u>", Smart Technologies For Smart Nation (SmartTechCon) 2017 International Conference On, pp. 545-549, 2017.



Clusters of house 3 REDD datasets

<sup>[1]</sup> J. Zico Kolter and Matthew J. Johnson. REDD: A public data set for energy disaggregation research. In proceedings of the SustKDD workshop on Data Mining Applications in Sustainability, 2011

28/17

# **Project assignment**

- Due
  - Until end of the class via e-mail
- Format
  - Free of your wish
- Questions and help
  - junseokpark@kaist.ac.kr
- Resources
  - https://github.com/junseokpark/resources/datamining
- web-based competition site for datamining
  - https://www.kaggle.com/competitions

# Thank you

