

浙江大学 200__ - 200__ 学年__季学期

《 信号与系统 》课程期末考试试卷

开课学院: 信息学院, 考试形式: 闭卷, 允许带_____入场

考试时间: _____年____月____日, 所需时间: 120 分钟

考生姓名: _____学号: _____专业: _____

题序	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	总分
得分									
评卷人									

一、(共 30 分)

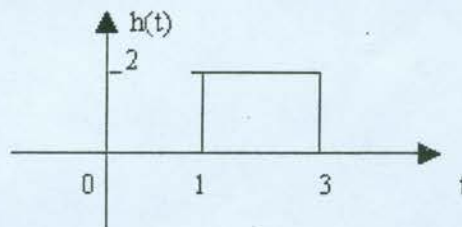
(1) 试分析以下系统的因果性、记忆性、稳定性、线性时不变等特性

(a) $y(n] = x(n-2) - 2x(n-15)$ (3 分)

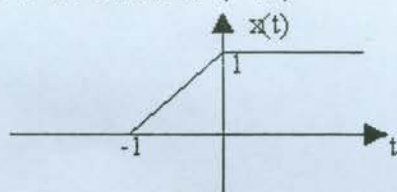
(b) $y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$ (4 分)

(2) 求以下两信号的卷积 (8 分)

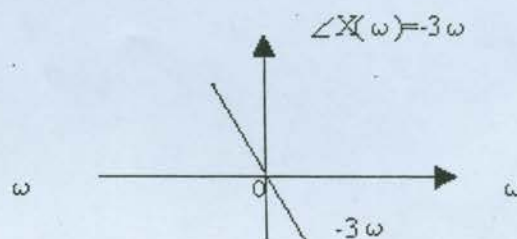
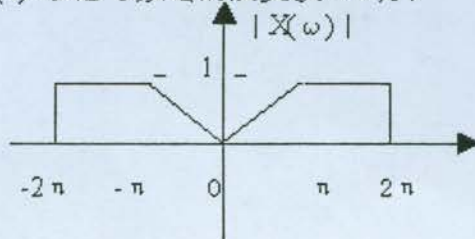
$x(t) = \sin(\pi t)[u(t) - u(t-2)]$



(3) 求信号的频谱 (5 分)



(4) 求信号频谱的反变换 (5 分)



(5) 已知 $F(s) = \frac{e^{-s} - 2e^{-2s}}{1 - e^{-s}}$, 求 $f(t)$ (5分)

二、(10分) 已知一线性时不变系统的频谱

$$H(\omega) = (j\omega + 7) / ((j\omega)^2 + 5j\omega + 4), \text{ 且 } y(0^-) = y'(0^-) = 0;$$

求: (1) $h(t)$; (2) $y_{zs}(t)$; (3) 写出该系统的微分方程。

三、(a) (5分) 求 $x[n] = (0.5)^n U[n] + 2\delta(n-2)$ 频谱;

(b) (10分) 已知一离散因果系统的差分方程为:

$$y[n] + 5/6 y[n-1] + 1/6 y[n-2] = x[n]$$

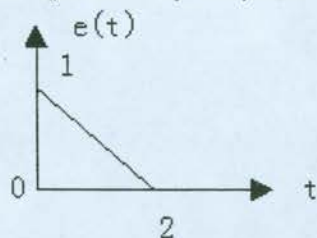
求: (1) 系统的频响; (2) 当 $y[-1]=1, y[-2]=0, x[n]=U[n]$ 时, 输出 $y[n]$ 。

四、(10分) 已知因果 LTI 系统的频响:

$$H(j\omega) = 1/(j\omega + 2)$$

求: (1) 系统对 $(\cos 2t)U(t)$ 的稳态响应;

(2) 输入 $e(t)$ 如图所示, 求输出 $y(t)$ 。

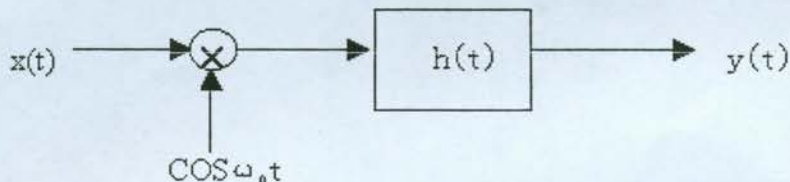


五、(10分) 某因果 LTI 系统具有冲激响应 $h(t)$, 当激励 $f(t) = e^{2t}$ (对所有 t) 时, 输出 $y(t) = 1/6 e^{2t}$ (对所有 t), 且 $h(t)$ 满足以下微分方程:

$$h'(t) + 2h(t) = e^{-t} U(t) + b U(t), \text{ } b \text{ 为未知常数.}$$

求: 符合以上条件的系统函数 $H(s)$ 、 b 值。

六、(10分) 已知一系统如下:

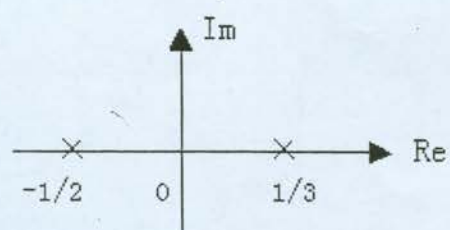


设 $x(t) = \text{Sa}(\omega_0 t)$, $h(t) = 0.5 \text{Sa}[2\omega_0(t-t_0)] \cos \omega_0 t$; 求: $y(t)$ 。

七、(8分) 已知一离散因果 LTI 系统函数零极点图分布如下所示, 已知该系统对 $(-1)^n$ 的响应为 $y[n] = 3(-1)^n$, 系统的起始条件为:

$$y[-1]=1, y[-2]=-1,$$

如系统激励为 $(-2)^n U[n]$, 求: 系统的零状态响应、零输入响应。



八、已知某一信号的 z 变换 $X(z) = z^2 / (z^2 - 2.5z + 1)$, 且 $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]| < \infty$,

求 $x[n]$ 。(7 分)

试卷答案

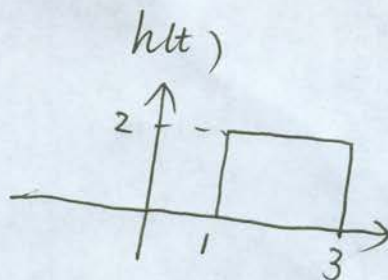
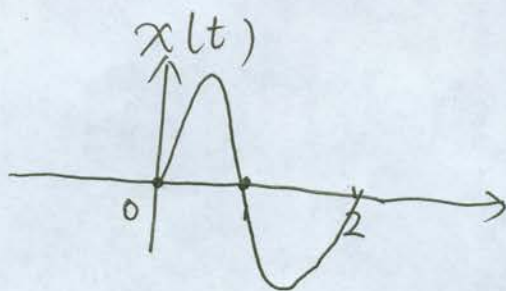
一. ① $y[n] = x[n-2] - 2x[n-15]$

因果、记忆、稳定、线性时不变

② $y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$

因果、~~记忆~~记忆、不稳定、线性时不变

②

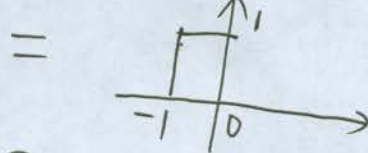


$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau$$

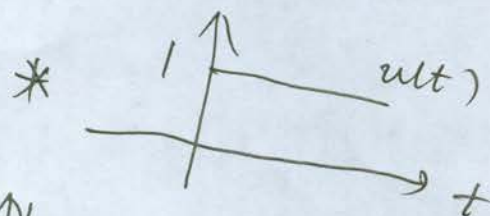
$$= \int_0^2 \sin \pi \tau h(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & t \leq 1 \\ \frac{1}{\pi} [1 - \cos \pi(t-1)] & 1 < t \leq 3 \\ \frac{1}{\pi} [\cos \pi(t-3) - 1] & 3 < t \leq 5 \\ 0 & t > 5 \end{cases}$$

③



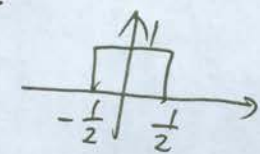
$t > 5$



$$F\left[\text{rect}(t)\right]$$

$=$

$$F\left[\text{rect}(t)\right]$$



$$e^{j\frac{1}{2}\omega}$$

$$= \text{Sa}\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) e^{j\frac{1}{2}\omega}$$

$$= \text{Sa}\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) e^{j\frac{1}{2}\omega}$$

$$F[u(t)] = \frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi \delta(\omega)$$

因此, $F\left[\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ -1 \end{array}\right] = \frac{2\sin\frac{\omega}{2}}{\omega} e^{j\frac{\omega}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi f(\omega)\right]$

$$= \frac{2\sin\frac{\omega}{2} e^{j\frac{\omega}{2}}}{j\omega^2} + \pi f(\omega)$$

④ $F^{-1}\left[\begin{array}{c} |X(j\omega)| \\ -2\pi \quad -\pi \quad \pi \quad 2\pi \end{array}\right]$

$$= F^{-1}\left[\begin{array}{c} \uparrow 1 \\ -2\pi \quad 2\pi \end{array}\right] - F^{-1}\left[\begin{array}{c} \uparrow 1 \\ -\pi \quad \pi \end{array}\right]$$

$$= \frac{\sin 2\pi t}{\pi t} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Sa}^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2} t\right)$$

$$= \frac{\sin 2\pi t}{\pi t} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{[\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} t)]^2}{\frac{\pi^2}{4} t^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sin 2\pi t}{\pi t} - \frac{2[\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} t)]^2}{\pi^2 t^2}$$

$$F^{-1}[|X(j\omega)| e^{-j3\omega}]$$

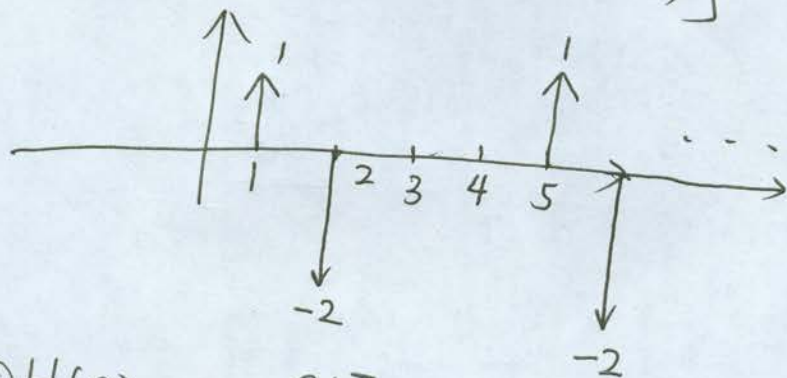
$$= \frac{\sin 2\pi(t-3)}{\pi(t-3)} - \frac{2[\sin \frac{\pi}{2}(t-3)]^2}{\pi^2(t-3)^2}$$

5) $\sum_{k=0}^{+\infty} f(t-4k) \xrightarrow{L} \frac{1}{1-e^{-4s}} \quad \text{Re}(s) > 0$

所以 $\sum_{k=0}^{+\infty} f(t-4k-1) \xrightarrow{L} \frac{e^{-s}}{1-e^{-4s}}$

$-2 \sum_{k=0}^{+\infty} f(t-4k-2) \xrightarrow{L} \frac{-2e^{-2s}}{1-e^{-4s}}$

$\sum_{k=0}^{+\infty} [f(t-4k-1) - 2f(t-4k-2)] \xrightarrow{L} \frac{e^{-s} - 2e^{-2s}}{1-e^{-4s}}$



二、① $H(s) = \frac{s+7}{s^2+5s+4} = \frac{s+7}{(s+1)(s+5)} = \frac{\frac{3}{2}}{s+1} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{s+5}$

$H(j\omega)$ 存在 \Rightarrow 收敛域包括 $\text{Re}(s)=0 \Rightarrow$ 收敛域为 ~~$\text{Re}(s) > -1$~~ $\text{Re}(s) > -1$

$h(t) = \frac{3}{2}e^{-t}u(t) - \frac{1}{2}e^{-5t}u(t)$

② y_{zi} 输入输出都没有, 似乎 $y_{zi}(t) = 0$

③ $y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 4y(t) = x'(t) + 7x(t)$

$$z. (a) X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + 2z^{-2} \quad |z| > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}} + 2e^{-j2\omega} \quad |z| > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (b) \quad y[n] &\xrightarrow{uZ} \widetilde{Y}(z) \\ y[n-1] &\xrightarrow{uZ} z^{-1} \widetilde{Y}(z) + y[-1] = z^{-1} \widetilde{Y}(z) + 1 \\ y[n-2] &\xrightarrow{uZ} z^{-2} \widetilde{Y}(z) + y[-2] + y[-1]z^{-1} \\ &= z^{-2} \widetilde{Y}(z) + z^{-1} \\ x[n] &\xrightarrow{uZ} \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}} \quad |z| > 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \widetilde{Y}(z) + \frac{5}{6} [z^{-1} \widetilde{Y}(z) + 1] + \frac{1}{6} [z^{-2} \widetilde{Y}(z) + z^{-1}] &= \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}} \\ (1 + \frac{5}{6}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{6}z^{-2}) \widetilde{Y}(z) &= \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}} - \frac{1}{6}z^{-1} - \frac{5}{6} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{3}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{6}z^{-2}}{1 - z^{-1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \widetilde{Y}(z) &= \frac{\frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{3}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{6}z^{-2}}{(1 - z^{-1})(1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 - z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{1}{6}}{1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}} + \frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$y[n] = \frac{1}{2}u[n] + \frac{1}{6}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] - \frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$$

14: ① $H(s) = \frac{1}{s+2} \quad \text{Re}(s) > -2$

$\cos 2t u(t) \xrightarrow{L} \frac{s}{s^2+4} \quad \text{Re}(s) > 0$

$Y(s) = \frac{s}{(s+2)(s^2+4)} \quad \text{Re}(s) > 0$

$= \frac{-\frac{1}{4}}{s+2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4}s + \frac{1}{2}}{s^2+4}$

$= \frac{-\frac{1}{4}}{s+2} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{s}{s^2+4} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{s^2+4}$

$y(t) = -\frac{1}{4} e^{-2t} u(t) + \frac{1}{4} \cos 2t u(t) + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2t u(t)$

② $h(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$

~~$h(t) * e(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t \leq 0 \\ \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{4} e^{-2t} - \frac{3}{8} e^{-2t} & 0 < t \leq 2 \\ 0 & t > 2 \end{cases}$~~

$h(t) * e(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t \leq 0 \\ \frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{4}t - \frac{5}{8}e^{-2t} & 0 < t \leq 2 \\ -\frac{5}{8}e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{8}e^{-2t+4} & t > 2 \end{cases}$

五、 $e^{2t} \xrightarrow{LTI} \frac{1}{6} e^{2t}$ 可知

(a) $H(2) = \frac{1}{6}$

(b) $H(s)$ 收敛域包含 $\text{Re}(s)=2$

$(s+2)H(s) = \frac{1}{s+4} + \frac{b}{s} = \frac{(1+b)s + 4b}{s(s+4)}$

$H(s) = \frac{(1+b)s + 4b}{s(s+2)(s+4)}$

将 $H(s) = \frac{1}{s}$ 代入 得 $b=1$

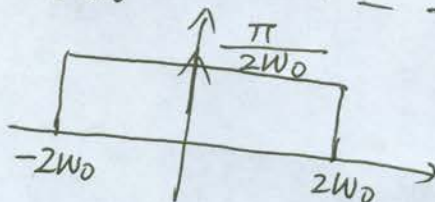
即 $H(s) = \frac{2}{s(s+4)}$

$\text{Re}(s) > 0$

六: $x(t) = \frac{\sin \omega_0 t}{\omega_0 t}$

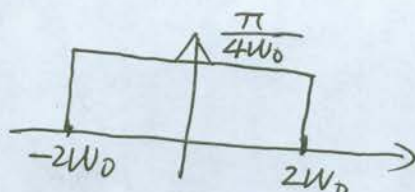
$x(t) \cos \omega_0 t = \frac{\sin \omega_0 t \cos \omega_0 t}{\omega_0 t} = \frac{\sin 2\omega_0 t}{2\omega_0 t}$

$F[x(t) \cos \omega_0 t] =$

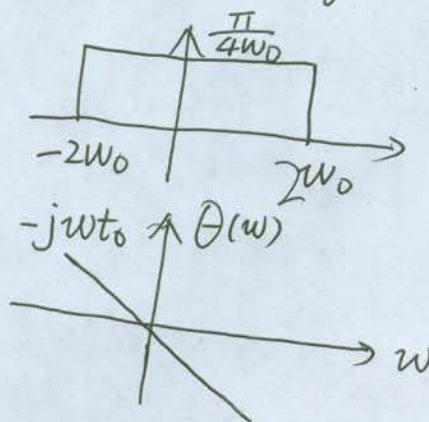


$h(t) = \frac{\sin 2\omega_0(t-t_0)}{4\omega_0(t-t_0)} \cos \omega_0 t$

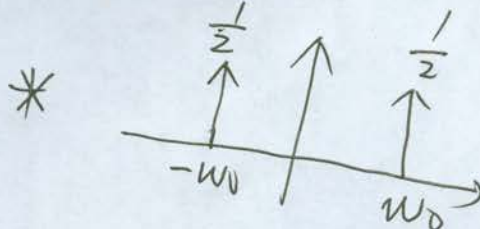
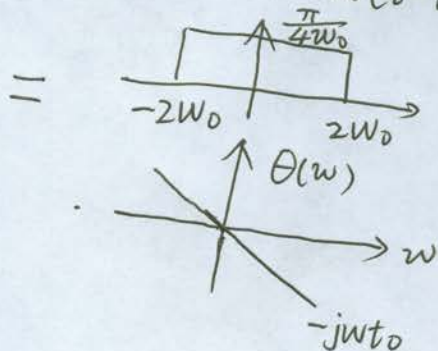
$\therefore F\left[\frac{\sin 2\omega_0 t}{4\omega_0 t}\right] =$

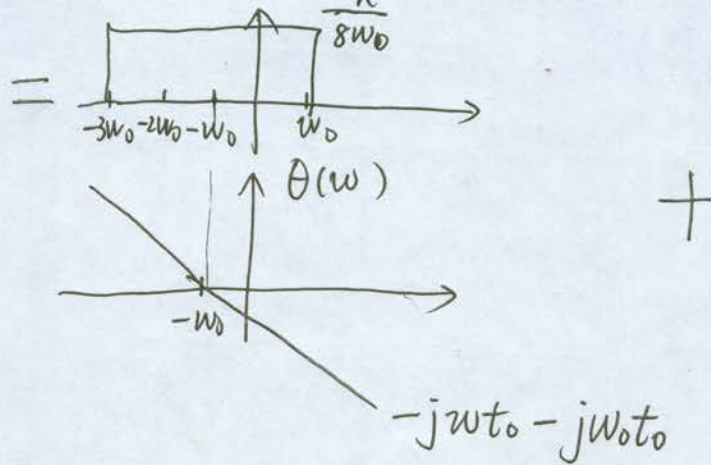


$\therefore F\left[\frac{\sin 2\omega_0(t-t_0)}{4\omega_0(t-t_0)}\right] =$



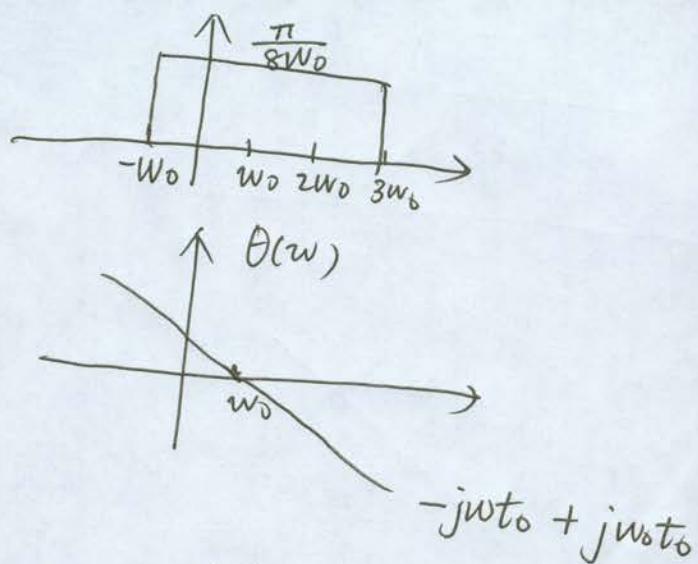
$F[h(t)] = F\left[\frac{\sin 2\omega_0(t-t_0)}{4\omega_0(t-t_0)} \cos \omega_0 t\right]$





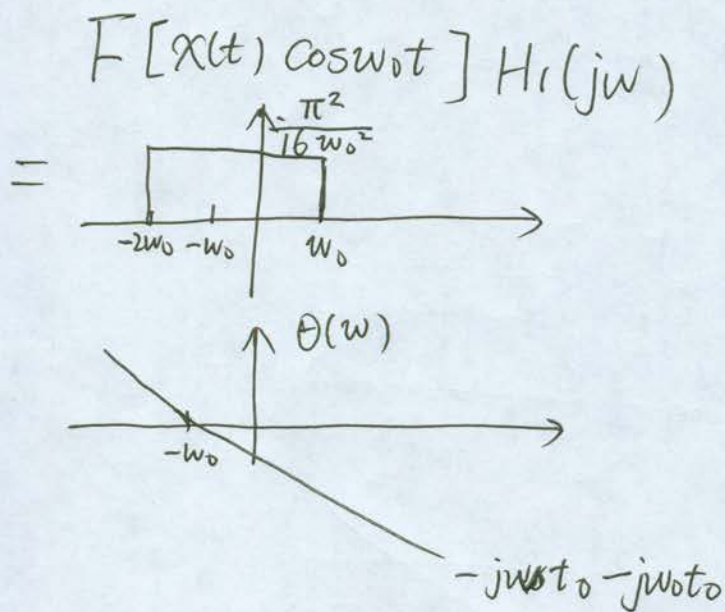
$H_1(jw)$

+

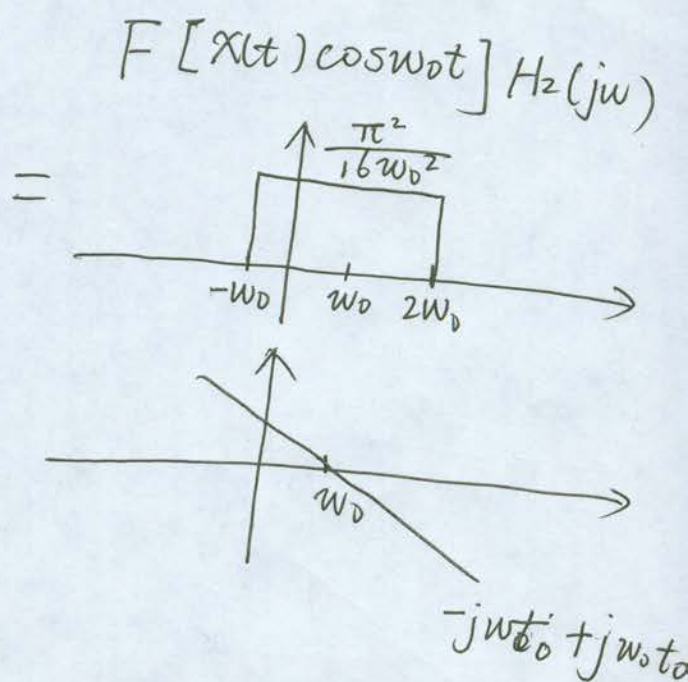


$H_2(jw)$

因此，



$$\begin{aligned}
 y_1(t) &= F^{-1}(F(x(t) \cos w_0 t) H_1(jw)) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-2w_0}^{w_0} \frac{\pi^2}{16w_0^2} e^{-jw_0 t_0} e^{jw(t-t_0)} dw \\
 &= \frac{\pi e^{-jw_0 t_0}}{32w_0^2} \frac{1}{j(t-t_0)} \\
 &\quad [e^{jw_0(t-t_0)} - e^{-j2w_0(t-t_0)}]
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 y_2(t) &= F^{-1}(F(x(t) \cos w_0 t) H_2(jw)) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-w_0}^{2w_0} \frac{\pi^2}{16w_0^2} e^{jw_0 t_0} e^{jw(t-t_0)} dw \\
 &= \frac{\pi e^{jw_0 t_0}}{32w_0^2} \frac{1}{j(t-t_0)} \\
 &\quad [e^{j2w_0(t-t_0)} - e^{-jw_0(t-t_0)}]
 \end{aligned}$$

$y(t) = y_1(t) + y_2(t) \xrightarrow{\text{化简}} \frac{\pi}{16(t-t_0)w_0^2} [\sin w_0(t-2t_0) + \sin w_0(2t-t_0)]$

$$七、 \quad H(z) = \frac{A}{(z + \frac{1}{2})(z - \frac{1}{3})}$$

从 $(-1)^n \xrightarrow{LTI} 3(-1)^n$; 可得:

$$① \quad H(-1) = \frac{A}{(-1 + \frac{1}{2})(-1 - \frac{1}{3})} = 3 \Rightarrow A = 2$$

② $|z| = 1$ 在 $X(z)$ 收敛域内 \Rightarrow 收敛域 $|z| > \frac{1}{2}$

$$H(z) = \frac{2}{(z + \frac{1}{2})(z - \frac{1}{3})}$$

写差分方程

$$y[n] + \frac{1}{6}y[n-1] - \frac{1}{6}y[n-2] = 2x[n-2]$$

$$y[n] \xrightarrow{uZ} \widetilde{Y(z)}$$

$$y[n-1] \xrightarrow{uZ} z^{-1} \widetilde{Y(z)}$$

$$y[n-2] \xrightarrow{uZ} z^{-2} \widetilde{Y(z)}$$

$$x[n-2] \xrightarrow{uZ} \frac{z^{-2}}{1+2z^{-1}}$$

$$\widetilde{Y(z)} + \frac{1}{6}(z^{-1} \widetilde{Y(z)} + 1) - \frac{1}{6}(z^{-2} \widetilde{Y(z)} + z^{-1} + 1) = \frac{2z^{-2}}{1+2z^{-1}}$$

$$(1 + \frac{1}{6}z^{-1} - \frac{1}{6}z^{-2}) \widetilde{Y(z)} = \underbrace{\frac{2z^{-2}}{1+2z^{-1}}}_{\text{零状态响应}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{6}z^{-1}}_{\text{零输入响应}}$$

$$\widetilde{Y(z)} = \frac{2z^{-2}}{(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})(1+2z^{-1})} + \frac{\frac{1}{6}z^{-1}}{(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})}$$

$$= \left(\frac{-\frac{8}{5}}{1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{36}{35}}{1-\frac{1}{3}z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{4}{7}}{1+2z^{-1}} \right) + \frac{-\frac{1}{5}}{1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{1}{5}}{1-\frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}$$

$$y[n] = \underbrace{-\frac{8}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + \frac{36}{35} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] + \frac{4}{7} (-2)^n u[n]}_{\text{零状态响应}}$$

$$\underbrace{-\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]}_{\text{零输入响应}}$$

八、

$$\frac{X(z)}{z} = \frac{z}{z^2 - 2.5z + 1} = \frac{z}{(z-2)(z-0.5)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{4}{3}}{z-2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{3}}{z-0.5}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{\frac{4}{3}z}{z-2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{3}z}{z-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\frac{4}{3}}{1-2z^{-1}} - \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{1-\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}$$

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} |x[n]| < +\infty \Rightarrow \text{稳定} \Rightarrow \text{收敛域包含 } |z|=1$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{收敛域 } 0.5 < |z| < 2$$

$$x[n] = -\frac{4}{3} 2^n u[-n-1] - \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$$