Machine Learning Assignment 44

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February 24, 2021

Problem 20-1

(Part 1)

Consider the exponential distribution defined by

$$p_2(x) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-2x} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}.$$

a. Using integration, show that this is a valid distribution, i.e. all the probability integrates to 1.

b. Given that $X \sim p_2$, compute $P(0 < X \le 1)$. You should get a result of $1 - e^{-2}$.

c. Given that $X \sim p_2$, compute E[X]. You should get a result of $\frac{1}{2}$.

d. Given that $X \sim p_2$, compute Var[X]. You should get a result of 1/4.

Solution

a.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_2(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{0} 0 dx + \int_{0}^{\infty} 2e^{-2x} dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} 2e^{-2x} dx$$

$$= -e^{-2x} \Big|_{0}^{\infty}$$

$$= -e^{-2\infty} + e^{0}$$

$$= 1$$

b.

$$P(0 < X \le 1)$$

$$= \int_0^1 p_2(x) dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 2e^{-2x} dx$$

$$= -e^{-2x} \Big|_0^1$$

$$= -e^{-2} + e^0$$

$$= 1 - e^{-2}$$

c.

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \cdot p_2(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{0} x \cdot 0 dx + \int_{0}^{\infty} x \cdot 2e^{-2x} dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} 2x \cdot e^{-2x} dx$$

$$= \lim_{a \to \infty} (-xe^{-2x} - \frac{1}{2}(e^{-2x})|_{0}^{a})$$

$$= \lim_{a \to \infty} (-ae^{-2a} - \frac{1}{2}(e^{-2a}) - (-\frac{1}{2}))$$

$$= 1/2$$

d.

$$Var[X] = E[(X - E[X])^{2}]$$

$$= E[(X - \frac{1}{2})^{2}]$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (x - \frac{1}{2})^{2} \cdot p_{2}(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{0} (x - \frac{1}{2})^{2} \cdot 0 dx + \int_{0}^{\infty} (x - \frac{1}{2})^{2} \cdot 2e^{-2x} dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} (x - \frac{1}{2})^{2} \cdot 2e^{-2x} dx$$

(integration by parts and cancelling)

$$= \lim_{a \to \infty} \left(-e^{-2x} \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{4} \right) \Big|_0^a \right)$$

$$= \lim_{a \to \infty} \left(-e^{-2a} \left(a^2 + \frac{1}{4} \right) - \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right) \right)$$

$$= 1/4$$