Assignment 42

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1 a

(a)
$$P(A \cap B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cup B)$$

$$P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$P(A \cap B) = \frac{3}{6} + \frac{4}{6} - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$P(A \cap B) = \frac{2}{6}$$

(b) No since a partition of S is a non-overlapping collection of sets whose union is S.

$$P(C-(A\cup B)) = P(C) - P(A\cup B)$$

$$= P(C) - \frac{5}{6}$$

(d) if

$$P(C \cap (A \cup B)) = \frac{5}{12}$$

 $And\ since$

$$A \cup B = \frac{5}{6}$$

Then

$$P(C) = 1 - \frac{5}{6} + \frac{5}{12} = \frac{7}{17}$$

2 b

(a)

3 \mathbf{c}

- (a) the range is [0, 2](b) $\frac{1}{6}$ (c) $\frac{1}{3}$ (d) if

$$P(X = 0|X < 2) = \frac{P(0 = X and X < 2)}{P(X < 2)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{5}{6}}$$

$$= \frac{3}{5}$$

\mathbf{d} 4

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{36} & Z = -5\\ \frac{2}{36} & Z = -4\\ \frac{3}{36} & Z = -3\\ \frac{4}{36} & Z = -2\\ \frac{5}{36} & Z = -1\\ \frac{6}{36} & Z = 0\\ \frac{5}{36} & Z = 1\\ \frac{4}{36} & Z = 2\\ \frac{3}{36} & Z = 3\\ \frac{2}{36} & Z = 4\\ \frac{1}{36} & Z = 5 \end{cases}$$

5 \mathbf{e}

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$
$$= \frac{.2}{.25}$$

$$P(C|B) = \frac{P(C \cap B)}{P(B)}$$
$$= \frac{.15}{.35}$$

(c)
$$P(B|A \cup C) = \frac{P(B \cap (A \cup C))}{P(A \cup C)}$$

$$= \frac{.25}{.7}$$

(d)
$$P(B|A \cup C) = \frac{P(B \cap (A \cup C))}{P(A \cup C)}$$

$$= \frac{.25}{.7}$$

6 f
$$3*\frac{5}{100}\frac{95}{99}\frac{94}{98}$$