Probability, Statistics, and Randomness

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Problem 30-1

Problems in form of images...

Solution

Problem 1:

a.

$$P(T \le 1) = \frac{1}{16} = 0.0625$$

b.

$$P(2 \le T < \infty) = P(T < \infty) - P(T \le 2) = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = 0.75$$

c.

$$P(1 \le T \le 3) = P(T \le 3) - P(T \le 1) = \frac{9}{16} - \frac{1}{16} = 0.5$$

Problem 2:

$$P(3 \ge T \ge 2) = \frac{P(T \ge 2) - P(T \ge 3)}{P(T \ge 2)} = \frac{e^{-\frac{2}{5}} - e^{-\frac{3}{5}}}{e^{-\frac{2}{5}}} = 0.1813$$

Problem 3:

a.

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{c}{3^k} = c \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{27} + \dots \right) = 1$$
$$= c \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 1$$
$$= c = 2$$

b.

$$P(2,4,6) = P(2) + P(4) + P(6) = \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{81} + \frac{2}{729}$$
$$= \frac{162}{729} + \frac{18}{729} + \frac{2}{729}$$
$$= \frac{182}{729} = 0.2497$$

c.

$$\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} P(k) = \sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{2}{3^k} = 2\left(\frac{1}{27} + \frac{1}{81} + \frac{1}{243} + \dots\right)$$
$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{18}$$
$$= \frac{1}{9} = 0.1111$$