Euroargodev Cheat Sheet



Join the community at github.com/euroargodev/argopy

Fetching Argo data

API

Import the data fetcher, select an access point (region, float or profile) and trigger data or index download:

A basic example

Select an user mode

API

argopy provides 3 user modes with different level of data postprocessing:

- **** expert** mode: return all the Argo data, without any post-processing.
- standard mode: simplifies the dataset, remove most of its jargon and return a priori good data, namely: QC=[1,2] & DM=[R,D,A]. This is the default mode.
- research mode: simplifies the dataset to its heart, preserving only data of the highest quality for research studies, including studies sensitive to small pressure and salinity bias (e.g. calculations of global ocean heat content or mixed layer depth), namely: QC=1 & DM=D.

Full session

```
import argopy
argopy.set options(mode='expert')
```

Temporary context

```
with argopy.set_options(mode='expert'):
   DataFetcher().profile(6902746, 34)
```

Fetcher option

```
DataFetcher(mode='research').region([-75, -45, 20, 30, 0, 1001)
```

Select a data source

API

argopy allows users to fetch Argo data from several sources:

- the **Ifremer erddap**. Updated daily, this database holds the complete dataset and is efficient for large requests
- a GDAC server. This could be the ftp or the https servers.
- your local data copy of the GDAC. Useful to work offline.
- the Argovis server. Updated daily, provides access to QC=1 data only

Full session

Temporary context

```
with argopy.set_options(src='argovis'):
   DataFetcher().profile(6902746, 34)
```

Fetcher option

DataFetcher(src='erddap')

Data manipulation

API

Use methods from the argo xarray accessor

Transformation

Points vs profiles

```
ds.argo.point2profile()
ds.argo.profile2point()
```

Interpolation (pressure levels)

```
std = [0,100,200,500] # in db
ds.argo.interp std levels(std)
```

Group-by pressure bins

Additional variables

Complete your dataset with additional variables using the TEOS-10

```
ds.argo.teos10(['SA', 'CT', 'CNDC'])
```

Select a dataset

API

argopy provides 2 data sources for physical and biogeochemical parameters:

- The "**phy**" dataset provides data from floats that measure temperature, salinity, pressure, without limitation in depth. This dataset returns data from the core & deep missions.
- The "bgc" dataset provides data from floats that measure temperature, salinity, pressure and oxygen, pH, nitrate, chlorophyll, backscatter and irradiance, without limitation in depth.
 This dataset returns data from the BGC mission.

Full session

```
import argopy
argopy.set_options(dataset='bgc')
```

Temporary context

```
with argopy.set_options(dataset='bgc'):
   DataFetcher().profile(6904241, 12)
```

Fetcher option

DataFetcher(**ds='**phy').float(6902746)

Filters and Transformers

Filter measurements according to QC flags values:

Transform a dataset according to **DATA_MODE** parameter:

```
ds.argo.filter_data_mode()
```

-+

Filter and transform variables according to the **OWC** salinity calibration software requirements:

```
ds.argo.filter_scalib_pres(force='default')
```

+

Filter and transform variables according to **research mode** requirements:

```
ds.argo.filter_researchmode()
```



Snippet tags legend

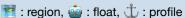




User mode:

🏂 : expert, 🗠 : standard, 🚣 : research

Data selection:



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Argo meta data

API

Index of profiles

Based on GDAC servers or local file, support: core, synthetic and bio profiles index

```
from argopy import ArgoIndex
ArgoIndex().N_RECORDS
ArgoIndex().to_dataframe()
ArgoIndex().search_lat_lon([-60, -55, 40, 45])
ArgoIndex().search_wmo([1901393, 6902755])
```

For a more user-friendly API, you can use the index fetcher:

```
from argopy import IndexFetcher
fetcher=IndexFetcher().region([-75, -45, 20, 30])
fetcher.to_xarray()
fetcher.to_dataframe()
fetcher.index
```

Reference tables

Based on NERC Vocabulary Server (NVS) managed by the Argo Vocabulary Task Team (AVTT)

```
from argopy import ArgoNVSReferenceTables
ArgoNVSReferenceTables().tbl_name('R01')
ArgoNVSReferenceTables().tbl('R01')
ArgoNVSReferenceTables().all_tbl_name
ArgoNVSReferenceTables().all_tbl
ArgoNVSReferenceTables().search('sensor')
```

ADMT Documentation

Access and discover all ADMT documentation

```
from argopy import ArgoDocs
ArgoDocs().list
ArgoDocs(35385)
ArgoDocs(35385).open_pdf(page=12)
ArgoDocs().search('CDOM')
```

Deployment plan

Based on Ocean-OPS API, retrieve past and future plans

GDAC snapshot with DOI

Access and discover all Argo GDAC snapshot DOI

```
from argopy import ArgoDOI
ArgoDOI() # last snapshot information
ArgoDOI().search('2020-02')
ArgoDOI().search('2020-02', network='BGC')
ArgoDOI('95141')
ArgoDOI(hashtag='95141')
```

Argo-BGC specifics



Set up argopy to work with BGC

Select the BGC dataset with the keyword **bgc** in several scopes, but note that

as of version 0.1.16, BGC is supported with the erddap and in expert mode only

Full session

import argopy

Data fetcher with BGC

Select BGC parameters to be returned with the params argument:

```
# All parameters found in the access point will be returned:
DataFetcher(params='all') # (default if not specified)

# Only the DOXY variable will be returned:
DataFetcher(params='DOXY')

# Only DOXY and BBP700 will be returned:
```

Use the measured argument to force parameter(s) to have no NaNs:

DataFetcher(params=['DOXY', 'BBP700'])

DataFetcher(measured=['DOXY', 'BBP700'])

```
# All parameters are allowed to have NaNs (not constrained):
DataFetcher(measured=None) # (default if not specified)

# All parameters won't have NaNs (fully constrained):
DataFetcher(measured='all')

# Only DOXY won't have NaNs (partial constrain):
DataFetcher(measured='DOXY')

# Only DOXY and BBP700 won't have NaNs (partial constrain):
```

BGC profiles index

The **argopy** index store (see Argo meta data help) supports the **Bio** and **Synthetic** Profile directory files.

```
from argopy import ArgoIndex
idx = ArgoIndex(index file="bgc-b").load()
```

Use the specific **search_params** to look for profiles with 1 or more parameter:

```
idx.search_params('DOXY')
idx.search_params(['DOXY', 'CDOM'])
idx.search_params(['DOXY', 'CDOM'], logical='or')
```

Use the specific **search_parameter_data_mode** to look for profiles in specified data modes:

From a Data or Index fetcher

Trajectories

fetcher.plot()

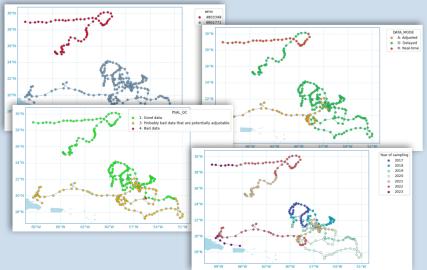
fetcher.plot('trajectory')

Histograms on properties

fetcher.plot('dac')
fetcher.plot('profiler')



Scatter maps from Datasets



Dashboards

For a collection of floats or profiles, get an easy and direct access to Euro-Argo, BGC, Ocean-Ops, Coriolis and Argovis dashboards

From a fetcher

DataFetcher().float(6902746).dashboard()

or direct access

from argopy import dashboard
dashboard()
dashboard(6902746)

dashboard(6902746, 12)
dashboard(5903248, 3, type='bqc')

By default, this will insert the dashboard in a notebook cell, but it can also return the url to open in your browser.



Argo color palettes

from argopy.plot import ArgoColors
ArgoColors('data_mode')

ArgoColors('qc flag')

ArgoColors('deployment_status')



Data quality control

Topography

Download a regional subset of the GEBCO 15" topography

CLS Altimetry tests

Easily checkout CLS altimetry test figures for one or more floats

Data sources for OWC

Prepare Matlab data source files for the OWC analysis.

```
from argopy import DataFetcher
ds = DataFetcher(mode='expert')
    .float(6902766)
    .load().data
ds.argo.create_float_source('output_folder')
```

Reference data for core

Using the Ifremer erddap, argopy provides access to the core reference dataset from past Argo profiles as well as from ship-based CTD

Argo reference profiles

ref ctd = fetcher.to xarray()

Argopy Cheatsheet
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