

Disclaimer: This factsheet has not been subject to the full Eurofound evaluation, editorial and publication process.

Factsheet for case SE-2020-11/623

Doctor's certificate no longer mandatory during the first two weeks of sick leave

Factsheet generated on 27 April 2020, 18:52

Country	Sweden, applies nationwide	
Time period	Open ended, started on 13 March 2020	
Туре	Legislation or other statutory regulation	
Category	Income support to workers and those laid off – Paid sick leave	
Case created	15 April 2020 (updated 21 April 2020)	

Background Information

The Swedish Government has decided that a doctor's certificate is no longer mandatory during the first two weeks you are absent from work due to illness. This is applicable from the 13th of March. The aim of this measure is to further incentivise all workers to stay at home if sick, even with only mild symptoms. Futhermore, removing the obligation to provide a doctor's note is expected to ease the pressure on the health care system. This measure is regulated in Ordinance (2020:196) concering change in ordinance (1995:1051) on the duty to provide a doctor's certificate in sickness benefit-related matters (Förordning om ändring i förordningen (1995:1051) om skyldigheten att lämna läkarintyg m.m. i sjukpenningärenden i vissa fall).

Content of measure

Under normal circumstances, an employee is obliged to provide a doctor's certificate in order to prolong sick leave after the seventh (calendar) day of their falling ill. The government has now decided that the first two weeks of sick leave will require no doctor's certificate. To further strengthen this measure, the Swedish Social Insurance Agency has decided that during an interim period, sick pay can be paid until day 21 in the majority of cases, even if a medical certificate is not available. In order to make a final decision, the Social Insurance Agency may request a doctor's certificate at a later date. Anyone affected by this will be informed in due course.

Use of measure

This new measure applies to all workers who fall ill, even in cases not related to Covid-19. The measure in itself is not expected to cause any additional direct costs, but may indirectly lead to a higher expenses for sickness benefits as it becomes easier to remain on sick leave for a longer period of time.

Actors, target groups and funding

Actors	Target groups	Funding
National government Social insurance	employees	No special funding required

Social partners

Role of social partners	Informed
Form of involvement	Unknown

N/A

Sectors and occupations

This case is not sector-specific.

This case is not occupation-specific.

Sources

• 06 April 2020: Åtgärder inom sjukförsäkringen med anledning av nya coronaviruset (www.regeringen.se)