# The graphpap package\*

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\graphpaper[ $\langle N \rangle$ ] ( $\langle X, Y \rangle$ ) ( $\langle DX, DY \rangle$ ) Makes a grid with left-hand corner at ( $\langle X, Y \rangle$ ), extending ( $\langle DX, DY \rangle$ ) units in the X and Y directions, where the lines are N units apart. Every fifth line is thick and is numbered. The default value of N is 10. The arguments must all be integers.

First, we define three counters. The first two are defined as raw TeX counters since multiplication and division must be performed in them.

1 \( \*\package \)
2 % \newcount\@gridx% now (\@tempcnta)
3 % \newcount\@gridy% now (\@tempcntb)
4 % \newcounter{@grid}
5 \let\c@@grid\count@

Next we define the following commands to draw vertical and horizontal grids. The "nonum" commands just draw the grids; the other commands also print numbers. All the arguments must be integers.

#### VERTICAL GRIDS

 $\label{lem:condition} $$\operatorname{\cons}(xpos,ypos) {\langle xincrement \rangle}_{\langle number-of-lines \rangle}_{\langle$ 

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{(}\langle xpos,ypos\rangle) {\langle yincrement\rangle} {\langle number-of-lines\rangle} \end{tensor} $$ \operatorname{as \end{tensor} } to numbers drawn$ 

```
6 \def\@vgrid(#1,#2)#3#4#5{%
    \setcounter{@grid}{#1}%
    \t (\#1,\#2) (\#3,0) \{\#4\} {\tt (0,1) \{\#5\}} \%
    \multiput(#1,#2)(#3,0){#4}{\@vgridnumber{#3}}}
10 \def\@vgridnumber#1{%
    \mbox(0,0)[t]{\%}
12
       \shortstack{\rule{0pt}{10pt}\\\arabic{@grid}}}%
     \addtocounter{@grid}{#1}}
14 \def\@nonumvgrid(#1,#2)#3#4#5{%
    \mathsf{Multiput}(\#1,\#2)(\#3,0)\{\#4\}\{\mathsf{line}(0,1)\{\#5\}\}\}
16 \def\@hgrid(#1,#2)#3#4#5{%
    \setcounter{@grid}{#2}%
18
     \mathsf{Multiput}(\#1,\#2)(0,\#3)\{\#4\}\{\mathsf{line}(1,0)\{\#5\}\}\%
19
    \multiput(#1,#2)(0,#3){#4}{\@hgridnumber{#3}}}
20 \def\@hgridnumber#1{%
     \mbox(0,0)[r]{\arabic(0grid)\hspace(10pt)}%
21
     \addtocounter{@grid}{#1}}
23 \def\@nonumhgrid(#1,#2)#3#4#5{%
    \mbox{multiput(#1,#2)(0,#3){#4}{\line(1,0){#5}}}
```

Finally, \graphpaper is defined in a straightforward way in terms of the commands above.

### \graphpaper

25 \newcommand\graphpaper[1][10]{\leavevmode\@grid{#1}}

<sup>\*</sup>This file has version number v1.0c, last revised 1994/08/09.

#### \@grid

### 26 \def\@grid#1(#2,#3)#4{\@grid@i{#1}{#2}{#3}(}

48 \ignorespaces}

 $49 \langle /package \rangle$ 

### \@grid@i

```
27 \def\@grid@i#1#2#3(#4,#5){%
28 \@tempcnta=#4\relax
29 \divide\0\text{tempcnta}1\
{\thinlines\@nonumvgrid(#2,#3){#1}{\@tempcnta}{#5}
31
32
    \@tempcnta#4\relax
33
    \divide\@tempcnta5\relax
34
    \divide\@tempcnta#1\relax
35
    \advance\@tempcnta1\relax
    \@tempcntb5\relax
36
    \verb|\multiply|@tempcntb#1\relax|
37
    38
39
    \@tempcnta#5\relax
    \verb|\divide|@tempcnta #1\relax|
40
41
    \advance\@tempcnta1\relax
    42
    \@tempcnta#5\relax
43
44
    \divide\@tempcnta5\relax
45
    \divide\@tempcnta#1\relax
46
    \advance\@tempcnta1\relax
    \ \tilde{4}}{\
47
```