The auxhook package

Heiko Oberdiek <oberdiek@uni-freiburg.de>

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Abstract

Package ${\sf auxhook}$ provides hooks for adding stuff at the begin of $.{\tt aux}$ files.

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1 User interface

There are two kinds of .aux files, the main .aux file and the .aux file that belongs to an included file, specified by \include.

Some packages write macros in the auxiliary files. If the user stops using the package, these macros will usually cause error messages because of unknown commands. Prominent example is package babel's \select@language.

But such a package could be written more cooperative. It can also provide a definition in the auxiliary file (\providecommand) that silently disables the macros of the package if the package is no longer in use.

In case of the main auxiliary file, \AtBeginDocument can be used for this purpose. Especially if several packages are involved, the order cannot be controlled always (e.g., see package hypdestopt that hooks into hyperref's macros). And there isn't any hook for the auxiliary files of the \include feature.

Thus this package patches IATEX's macros \document and \@include to add the hooks where the auxiliary files are opend and the first line with \relax is written.

The patching can fail, if these macros are redefined by some other package. If the other package still uses the original definition, then load package auxhook

earlier. (With \RequirePackage the package also can be loaded before the class). If the redefinition doesn't use the original meaning, then you can try to load package auxhook afterwards, but you need luck that the patch succeeds.

The hooks are macros:

\@beginmainauxhook: Start of the main auxiliary file. The hook is called after the first line with \relax is written.

\Obeginpartauxhook: The same for the auxiliary files that belongs to the files that are included by **\include**.

If you want to add something to these hooks, you can use \g@addto@macro from IATEX's kernel. But the package provides macros to add code that adds a line to the auxiliary file:

```
\label{eq:linebeginMainAux} $$ \left( line \right) \right. $$ AddLineBeginPartAux $$ \left( line \right) \right. $$ AddLineBeginAux $$ \left( line \right) \right. $$
```

The $\langle line \rangle$ is added at the begin of the main auxiliary file by \AddLineBeginMainAux and at the begin of the auxiliary files of included files by \AddLineBeginPartAux. \AddLineBeginAux writes in both kinds of auxiliary files.

Examples, see packages hypdestopt ([1]) and zref ([3]).

2 Implementation

2.1 Identification

```
1 (*package)
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
3 \ProvidesPackage{auxhook}%
4 [2006/05/31 v1.0 Hooks for auxiliary files (H0)]
```

2.2 Hook setup

\@beginmainauxhook

The hook for the main auxiliary file, initially empty.

5 \providecommand*{\@beginmainauxhook}{}

\@beginpartauxhook

The hook for auxiliary files of included files, initially empty.

2.3 User macros

\AddLineBeginMainAux

```
7 \newcommand{\AddLineBeginMainAux}[1]{%
8 \g@addto@macro\@beginmainauxhook{%
9 \immediate\write\@mainaux{#1}%
10 }%
11 }
```

\AtBeginPartAuxLine

```
12 \newcommand{\AddLineBeginPartAux}[1]{%
13 \g@addto@macro\@beginpartauxhook{%
14 \immediate\write\@partaux{#1}%
15 }%
```

```
17 \newcommand{\AddLineBeginAux}[1]{%
   \AddLineBeginMainAux{#1}%
    \AddLineBeginPartAux{#1}%
19
20 }
```

2.4**Patches**

2.4.1 \document

70

\fi

```
21 \begingroup
          \def\y#1\immediate\write\@mainaux#2#3\auxhook@nil{%
23
                  \toks@{%
                        #1\immediate\write\@mainaux{#2}%
24
25
                        \@beginmainauxhook
26
                 }%
27
                  28
                  \endgroup
29
          }%
30
            \def\x#1\immediate\write\@mainaux#2#3\auxhook@nil{%
31
32
                  \left( \frac{x}{\theta \right)}%
33
34
                  \int x\x \end{orange}
35
                        \PackageWarningNoLine{auxhook}{%
36
                              Cannot patch \string\document,\MessageBreak
37
                              use \string\AtBeginDocument\space instead%
                       }%
38
                        \endgroup
39
                        \AtBeginDocument{%
40
                              \if@filesw
41
                                    \@beginmainauxhook
42
43
                              \fi
                       }%
44
45
                  \else
46
                        \expandafter\y\document\auxhook@nil
47
        }%
48
49 \end{fter} \aligned write \end{fter} \aligned a large with \aligned and \aligned \aligne
2.4.2 \@include
50 \begingroup
           \def\y#1\immediate\write\@partaux#2#3\auxhook@nil{%
51
52
                  \endgroup
                  \def\@include##1 {%
53
                       #1\immediate\write\@partaux{#2}%
54
55
                        \@beginpartauxhook
                       #3%
56
                 }%
57
          }%
58
            \def\x#1\immediate\write\@partaux#2#3\auxhook@nil{%
59
                 \toks@{#3}%
60
                  \left( \frac{x}{\theta \right)}
61
                  \int x\ensuremath{\mbox{Qempty}}
62
                       \PackageWarningNoLine{auxhook}{%
63
                             Cannot patch \string\@include,\MessageBreak
64
                             patch dropped%
65
                       }%
66
67
                        \endgroup
68
                        \expandafter\y\@include{##1} \auxhook@nil
69
```

```
71 }%  
72 \expandafter\x\@include{#1} \immediate\write\@partaux{}\auxhook@nil  
73 \langlepackage\rangle
```

3 Installation

CTAN. This package is available on CTAN¹:

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/auxhook.dtx The source file.

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/auxhook.pdf Documentation.

Unpacking. The .dtx file is a self-extracting docstrip archive. The files are extracted by running the .dtx through plain-TEX:

```
tex auxhook.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as texmf tree):

```
\begin{array}{lll} {\tt auxhook.sty} & \to & {\tt tex/latex/oberdiek/auxhook.sty} \\ {\tt auxhook.pdf} & \to & {\tt doc/latex/oberdiek/auxhook.pdf} \\ {\tt auxhook.dtx} & \to & {\tt source/latex/oberdiek/auxhook.dtx} \end{array}
```

If you have a docstrip.cfg that configures and enables docstrip's TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of docstrip.

Refresh file databases. If your TEX distribution (teTEX, mikTEX, ...) rely on file databases, you must refresh these. For example, teTEX users run texhash or mktexlsr.

3.1 Some details for the interested

Attached source. The PDF documentation on CTAN also includes the .dtx source file. It can be extracted by AcrobatReader 6 or higher. Another option is pdftk, e.g. unpack the file into the current directory:

```
pdftk auxhook.pdf unpack_files output .
```

Unpacking with LATEX. The .dtx chooses its action depending on the format:

plain-TEX: Run docstrip and extract the files.

LATEX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using \LaTeX for docstrip (really, docstrip does not need \LaTeX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{auxhook.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

¹ftp://ftp.ctan.org/tex-archive/

Generating the documentation. You can use both the .dtx or the .drv to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file ltxdoc.cfg. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfIATEX:

```
pdflatex auxhook.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist auxhook.idx
pdflatex auxhook.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist auxhook.idx
pdflatex auxhook.dtx
```

4 References

- [1] Heiko Oberdiek: The hypdestopt package; 2006/05/30 v1.0; CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/hypdestopt.pdf.
- [2] Sebastian Rahtz, Heiko Oberdiek: *The hyperref package*; 2006/08/16 v6.75c; CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/hyperref/.
- [3] Heiko Oberdiek: The zref package; 2006/05/25 v1.2; CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/zref.pdf.

5 History

[2006/05/31 v1.0]

• First version.

6 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

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