# The attachfile package\*

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#### Abstract

This package defines an **\attachfile** command that lets you attach arbitrary files to a PDF document. These files are embedded right in the PDF file, so they get transmitted along with it. The package also gives you control over the corresponding icon's properties and various other associated metadata.

# 1 Introduction

PDF, Adobe's Portable Document Format, is a common way to distribute documents that look the same on all platforms and output devices. Beginning with PDF version 1.3, PDF supports "file attachment annotations". These are arbitrary auxiliary files that get embedded directly into the PDF document, just like attachments in an e-mail message.

The attachfile package gives pdfLTEX users the ability to add these attachments to their documents automatically. And because LTEX is a markup language, not a WYSIWYG tool, the user has precise control over the location of the file attachment icons. If an icon representing an attached spreadsheet file is placed next to a figure, the icon will move along with the figure whenever the document is modified. Furthermore, it is possible to define global properties for all the file attachments in a document. With one command, a user can change the properties of all the icons in the entire document.

Finally, one nifty feature that attachfile supports is the ability to use your own icons, which can be text, graphics, tables, mathematics—you name it! With this feature, a PDF file can, for example, instruct the reader to click on a formula to extract the Mathematica notebook that derived it. Or to click on a graph to extract the Microsoft Excel spreadsheet that contains all the data that was plotted. The possiblities are endless.

Okay, let's get down to business. Here are some sample file attachments so you can see if your PDF viewer is able to handle them:

<sup>\*</sup>This file has version number v1.3, last revised 2007/01/15.

Icon: (Should resemble this: )

LATEX text: attachfile.bib (Should resemble this: attachfile.bib)

Each of the above points to the BibTEX bibliography (a plain text file) for the document you're reading now. Try extracting the attachment. In Adobe Acrobat, this is achieved by right-clicking on the icon and choosing "Save Embedded File to Disk..." (or in older versions of Adobe Acrobat, "Extract File..."). You can also double-click to open the file immediately. If you're unable to access the attached file, or you observe miscellaneous strange behavior, your PDF viewer might not be cabable of handling file attachments properly. See Section 5 for some PDF viewer problems I encountered while testing attachfile.

# 2 Usage

Load attachfile by putting a \usepackage{attachfile} in your document's preamble. attachfile implicitly loads a variety of other packages. Section 5 presents the complete list.

attachfile v1.3 does not have any of its own package options; any options that get passed to attachfile are forwarded to hyperref. Because hyperref works best when loaded as one of the last packages in the document the same holds true for attachfile.

# 3 Commands

The following are the commands that attachfile makes available for attaching files, customizing the icon appearance, and changing various file attachment metadata.

#### \attachfile $[\langle options \rangle]$ { $\langle filename \rangle$ }

The **\attachfile** macro has only one required argument: the name of the file to attach. **\attachfile** will insert an icon at the current point in the document to represent the attachment.  $\langle options \rangle$  is a list of optional parameters for describing the icon and other assorted metadata. It is described in Section 4.

#### \noattachfile $[\langle options \rangle]$

When writing instructions, it is sometimes convenient to describe what a file attachment icon looks like without actually attaching a file. That's what \noattachfile is for. All it does is insert the image of a file attachment icon into the document.  $\langle options \rangle$  is a list of optional parameters for describing the icon and other assorted metadata. It is described in Section 4. In particular, note that if the print option is set to false then \noattachfile will output empty space of the same size as the icon image.

## \textattachfile $[\langle options \rangle]$ { $\langle filename \rangle$ } { $\langle text \rangle$ }

\textattachfile is just like \attachfile, except that instead of using one of the predefined PDF icons, it lets you use an arbitrary piece of text to represent the attachment. The  $\langle text \rangle$  parameter is not limited to text; it can contain any arbitrary horizontal material. The following are all legal uses of \textattachfile:

- You can \textattachfile{myfile.cc}{extract my source code} if your PDF viewer supports file annotations.
- It is intuitively obvious to even the most casual observer that

```
\textattachfile{derivation.m}{$\displaystyle
  \frac{\partial E_p}{\partial w_{ji}^h} =
  -\sum_k (y_{pk} - o_{pk}) f_k^{o}{}'(\mbox{net}_{pk}^o)
      w_{kj}^o f_j^h{}'(\mbox{net}_{pj}^h) x_{pi}$}
```

• \textattachfile{earningsdata.csv}{\includegraphics{earnings}}

#### \notextattachfile $[\langle options \rangle]$ $\{\langle text \rangle\}$

Just as \noattachfile is a dummy version of \attachfile, so \notextattachfile is a dummy version of \textattachfile. All \notextattachfile does is insert  $\langle text \rangle$  into the document according to  $\langle options \rangle$  (described in Section 4). In particular, note that if the print option is set to false then \notextattachfile will output empty space of the same size as  $\langle text \rangle$ .

#### \attachfilesetup $\{\langle options \rangle\}$

If you find yourself passing the same set of options to multiple \attachfile calls in your document, you can use \attachfilesetup to specify default option values. \attachfilesetup's \langle options \rangle parameter is the same as that used by \attachfile and is described in Section 4. Some noteworthy points are:

- 1. \attachfilesetup can be called as many times as desired. Any options specified replace the previous value of those options. All unspecified options are left alone.
- 2. Options passed to \attachfile take precedence over those specified by \attachfilesetup. This lets you define default values for all file attachments and selectively override them on a per-attachment basis.
- 3. Options set by \attachfilesetup are local to the current scope. This lets you assign defaults to a group of file attachments without affecting the global defaults. To define options that apply to the entire document, \attachfilesetup should be called at the top-level scope (which includes the document's prologue).

# 4 Options

attachfile gives the user a great deal of control over the way files are attached to a document. All the commands in Section 3 accept the same set of options, which are entered as comma-separated,  $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$  pairs. Options can be specified in any order. Case is significant. Only the options you want to change need to be specified; the others will retain their previous value (or the default, if no previous value was specified).

# 4.1 List of available options

The following are the options attachfile accepts, in alphabetical order.

#### $appearance=\langle boolean \rangle$

The attachfile package normally embeds the file attachment's icon explicitly with each file attachment annotation. (In PDF-speak, it includes an appearance dictionary in the FileAttachment object.) The advantages to doing this are to ensure that:

- The file attachment icons look the same in all PDF viewers.
- TeX knows exactly how much space to allocate, instead of just guessing based on the size of the Adobe Acrobat icons.
- Pre-1.3 PDF viewers don't regress to showing an "unknown annotation type" graphic.

However, the problems with embedding the icon graphic are:

- It adds a bit of extra bulk to the PDF file.
- It takes flexibility away from the PDF viewer, which can no longer choose for itself how best to render a file attachment icon.

The appearance option gives the author the ability to prevent the icon's appearance from being specified explicitly in the PDF file. By setting appearance=false, it will be left up to the PDF viewer to decide how to display the icon.

#### author= $\langle text \rangle$

The metadata associated with a file attachment annotation includes the name of the person who attached the file. In Adobe Acrobat, this information is shown when one right-clicks on the file attachment icon and selects Properties... By default, no author is listed but specifying  $author=\langle name \rangle$  sets the author field to  $\langle name \rangle$ .

#### $color=\langle red \rangle \langle green \rangle \langle blue \rangle$

The icons inserted by **\attachfile** and the text inserted by **\textattachfile** can be any color. The color option sets this color. Each of  $\langle red \rangle$ ,  $\langle green \rangle$ , and  $\langle blue \rangle$  must be a decimal number between 0 (darkest) and 1 (brightest). The default is color=1 0.9255 0.7765, which is a beige.

#### $created=\langle PDF \ date \rangle$

Virtually all filesystems associate a file-creation timestamp with each file. Although TEX provides no portable mechanism for determining the date and time a file was created the **created** option lets you manually specify these parameters for the reader's benefit. See Section 4.2 for more information about attachfile dates.

## $date = \langle PDF \ date \rangle$

Each annotation in a PDF file can have a timestamp indicating when the annotation was last modified. attachfile automatically adds a timestamp to file attachment annotations. It uses the date and time at which LATEX started processing your job (to minute precision because that's what TEX's \time command provides) and includes the timezone, if specified (using the timezone option, p. 7). Although it's unlikely you'll need to use it, the date option lets you override the annotation's modification date and time with a date and time of your choice. See Section 4.2 for more information about attachfile dates.

# $description = \langle text \rangle$

The metadata associated with a file attachment annotation can include a brief description of the file. In Adobe Acrobat, this information is shown when one right-clicks on the file attachment icon and selects Properties... Also, in later versions of Adobe Acrobat, the description field shows up as a tool tip when the user mouses over the attachment. By default, no description is included, but specifying  $description = \langle text \rangle$  sets the description field to  $\langle text \rangle$ .

### $icon=\langle name \rangle$

PDF 1.3 defines four icons that can be used for file attachments: Graph, Paperclip, PushPin, and Tag. These are shown in Table 1. If no icon name is specified, PushPin is assumed. While the PDF specifications say that, normally, a PDF viewer chooses how to display each of those, the attachfile package specifies the appearance explicitly. This is what Adobe Acrobat does, presumably because doing so ensures that viewers which don't support file attachment annotations can still display something reasonable. The tradeoff is that it slightly increases the size of the PDF file.

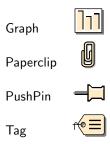


Table 1: Valid file attachment icons

#### $mimetype=\langle type \rangle$

It is considered good practice to specify the MIME type [2] of each attached file. That way, a PDF viewer can automatically launch an appropriate application to process the file.  $\langle type \rangle$  should be the form " $\langle type \rangle / \langle subtype \rangle$ ". For instance, a plain text file would be specified with "mimetype=text/plain". An MPEG movie would be specified with "mimetype=video/mpeg". The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority maintains a list of registered media types [3], so look there first to see what type to use for a given file.

### $modified = \langle PDF | date \rangle$

Virtually all filesystems associate a last-modification timestamp with each file. Although TEX provides no portable mechanism for determining the date and time a file was last modified the modified option lets you manually specify these parameters for the reader's benefit. See Section 4.2 for more information about attachfile dates.

## $print=\langle boolean \rangle$

By default, file annotation icons print along with the rest of the document. By setting print=false, the icons will not print. Note that in Adobe Acrobat, annotations will *never* print unless the Annotations box is checked in the Print dialog.

#### $size=\langle integer \rangle$

The size option tells the PDF viewer that the attached file is  $\langle integer \rangle$  bytes long. Adobe Acrobat displays this size under the "Size" column in the Attachments pane but does not otherwise seem to use the  $\langle integer \rangle$  value.

#### $subject=\langle text \rangle$

The metadata associated with a file attachment annotation can include a brief comment about the subject of the attachment. In Adobe Acrobat, this information is shown when one right-clicks on the file attachment icon and selects *Properties*. By default, no subject is included, but specifying  $subject=\langle text \rangle$  sets the subject field to  $\langle text \rangle$ .

#### $timezone=\langle offset \rangle$

Because TEX doesn't make the current timezone available, attachfile is unable to include timezone information when it timestamps a file attachment. The timezone option lets you manually specify the timezone.  $\langle offset \rangle$  is the offset from Universal Time (a.k.a. GMT) and should be in the format specified in the PDF reference manual [1, §3.8.3, "Dates"], namely:

```
+\langle HH \rangle'\langle mm \rangle' \langle HH \rangle hours, \langle mm \rangle minutes later than Universal Time (i.e., east of Greenwich, England)
```

 $-\langle HH \rangle$ ' $\langle mm \rangle$ '  $\langle HH \rangle$  hours,  $\langle mm \rangle$  minutes earlier than Universal Time (i.e., west of Greenwich, England)

Z Universal Time (i.e., at the same longitude as Greenwich, England)

For example, U.S. Central Time would be specified with timezone=-06'00'.

#### $zoom=\langle boolean \rangle$

Normally, when a reader magnifies or reduces the view of the PDF document, the file annotation icons change size proportionally with the text. By setting zoom=false, the icon size does not scale.

The defaults for all of the options described above are summarized in Table 2.

### 4.2 Date usage

Section 4.1 presents three timestamp-related options: date, created, and modified. The date option specifies the annotation date—the date and time the given file was attached to the PDF file—and should usually be left unspecified. (It defaults to the date and time at which IATEX started processing your job.) The annotation date is displayed in Adobe Acrobat by right-clicking on the annotation, choosing *Properties...* from the menu, and clicking on the *General* tab. The modified option specifies the file's modification date—the date and time the given file was last modified. Adobe Acrobat displays the modification date under the "Modified" column in the Attachments pane but does not otherwise appear to

Option	Default setting
appearance	true
author	none
color	1 0.9255 0.7765
created	none
date	automatic
description	none
icon	PushPin
mimetype	none
modified	none
print	true
size	none
subject	none
timezone	none
zoom	true

Table 2: Default values for all options

use the modification date. Finally, the **created** option specifies the file's creation date—the date and time the given file was first written to disk. As of this writing, Adobe Acrobat does not appear to use or even display the creation date; perhaps future versions or other PDF viewers will.

Dates should be specified in the form "D: YYYYMMDDHHmmSSOHH' mm'" as described in the PDF reference manual [1, §3.8.3, "Dates"]. Note, however, that although the PDF reference manual clearly states that "viewer applications should be prepared to accept and display a string in any format" [1, Table 8.11, "Entries common to all annotation dictionaries"], Adobe Acrobat will ignore any timestamp that is not in the recommended format and will instead show "00/00/00 00:00:00" for the annotation date or "Unknown" for the modification date.

# 5 Caveats

Note that there are a few caveats you should be aware of:

- 1. attachfile will not run unless the following LATEX packages are installed: calc, keyval, color, hyperref, and ifpdf.
- 2. File attachments are a PDF 1.3 feature. They will not be visible in PDF viewers that do support PDF 1.3. (Version 4.0 of Adobe Acrobat is the first version of that program which does.)
- 3. Even some viewers that purportedly support PDF 1.3 don't support file attachments. As far as I can tell, older versions of Adobe Acrobat Reader (the free, view-only version of Adobe Acrobat) doesn't seem to support any annotations except text annotations.

- 4. Even some viewers that do support PDF 1.3 and file attachments don't support them under all circumstances. For instance, the Windows version of Adobe Acrobat, when functioning as a Web-browser plug-in, gives an error message<sup>1</sup> when a file attachment icon is activated.
- 5. Even in circumstances where file attachments are supported, the support may be flawed. For example, the Windows version of Adobe Acrobat changes a custom icon to the default icon when it's selected.

In addition, attachfile requires pdfLATEX version 0.14 or later. While there are many other ways to produce PDF files from LATEX source, attachfile v1.3 supports only pdfLATEX, and only versions 0.14+.

Even given all of those caveats, file attachments can be a useful way to pass additional information along with a PDF file. The attachfile package makes file annotations automatic and easy.

# 6 Implementation

This section contains the complete source code for attachfile. Most users will not get much out of it, but it should be of use to those who need more precise documentation and those who want to extend the attachfile package.

1 (\*package)

#### 6.1 Sanity checking

attachfile v1.3 requires pdfETEX (and at least version 0.14, although attachfile no longer checks for that). (Future versions of attachfile may support dvipdfm, dvips with pdfmarks, VTEX, etc.) Also, pdfETEX must be in PDF-generating mode, not DVI-generating mode. So, to save the user some aggravation, we check for the correct backend right up front and give a warning if all is not well. Later, in Section 6.7, we replace all of the core attachfile macros with dummy versions so ETEX can at least run to completion.

- 2 \RequirePackage{ifpdf} \ifpdf \else
- $3 \PackageWarningNoLine{attachfile}{\% attachfile works <code>_only_ with </code>$
- 4 pdfLaTeX and \_only\_ in\MessageBreak PDF-generating mode. For this
- ${\bf 5}\ {\rm run},\ {\rm placeholders}\ {\rm will}\backslash {\rm MessageBreak}\ {\rm be}\ {\rm substituted}\ {\rm for}\ {\rm all}\ {\rm attachfile}$
- 6 commands.} \fi

### 6.2 Preliminaries

We need to load hyperref to get our hands on that great \pdfstringdef macro. For now, we blindly pass all our package options directly to hyperref. In the future, it would be nice to do a \setkeys{AtFi} on our options.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Launching embedded files from within a browser environment is not allowed".

```
7 \RequirePackage{keyval}
8 \RequirePackage{calc}
9 \RequirePackage{color}
10 \RequirePackageWithOptions{hyperref}
```

#### 6.3 Adobe Acrobat icons

The following macros draw a representation of the various icons that Adobe Acrobat<sup>2</sup> inserts to represent what the PDF 1.3 specifications refer to as "Graph," "Paperclip," "PushPin," and "Tag". The \parbox dimensions are taken directly from the original graphics' bounding box. However, I just eyeballed the \raisebox heights (intended to put shadows below the baseline).

\atfi@acroGraph@data Recreate Adobe Acrobat's Graph icon.

```
11 \newcommand{\atfi@acroGraph@data}{%
    q 0.5 g 1.1133 0 20.7202 18.2754 re f 1 g 0 G 0 i 0.5 w 4 M
    0.25 1.6453 20.145 17.7715 re B 0 g 2.7319 4.1367 3.9571
    13.8867 re f 8.7031 4.1367 3.9571 9.8867 re f 14.7471 4.1367
    3.9571 11.8867 re f \atfi@color@rgb\space rg 1.689 3.0938
    3.9571 13.8867 re f 7.6602 3.0938 3.9571 9.8867 re f 13.7041
    3.0938 3.9571 11.8867 re f Q
17
18 }
```

\atfi@acroGraph

Draw \atfi@acroGraph@data in a box of the appropriate size.

```
19 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@acroGraph}{%
                                                               \arrangle \arr
                                                                                                \rule{0pt}{0pt}\pdfliteral{\atfi@acroGraph@data}}%
21
22
                                                           }%
23 }
```

\atfi@acroPaperclip@data

Recreate Adobe Acrobat's Paperclip icon.

```
24 \newcommand{\atfi@acroPaperclip@data}{%
   q 0.75 G 0 i 2.5 w 1 J 4 M 1.9619 11.7559 m 1.9619 3.3037
    1.9619 2.5059 v 1.9619 1.707 4.0947 1.25 y 7.4141 1.25 l 9.4292
    1.8223 9.4292 3.3066 v 9.4292 4.79 9.4292 16.8945 y 9.7852
28
    18.1514 8.481 18.1514 v 7.1768 18.1514 5.1616 18.1514 y 3.8574
   17.9209 3.8574 16.8945 v 3.8574 15.8652 3.8574 6.6172 y 4.3325
29
   5.418 5.1025 5.418 v 5.8726 5.418 6.5845 5.418 y 7.6812 5.6455
30
31
   7.6812 6.4736 v 7.6812 7.3027 7.6812 11.5264 y S O G 1.2495
   12.4404 m 1.2495 3.9883 1.2495 3.1895 v 1.2495 2.3906 3.3833
32
   1.9326 y 6.7026 1.9326 1 8.7178 2.5068 8.7178 3.9902 v 8.7178
34 5.4736 8.7178 17.5781 y 9.0732 18.834 7.769 18.834 v 6.4653
  18.834 4.4497 18.834 y 3.146 18.6055 3.146 17.5781 v 3.146
35
   16.5498 3.146 7.3018 y 3.6201 6.1016 4.3911 6.1016 v 5.1611
36
  6.1016 5.873 6.1016 y 6.9692 6.3301 6.9692 7.1572 v 6.9692
37
   7.9863 6.9692 12.21 y S \atfi@color@rgb\space RG 1 w
   1.2495 12.4404 m 1.2495 3.9883 1.2495 3.1895 v 1.2495 2.3906
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>I got these graphics specifically from the Windows version of Adobe Acrobat 4.0.

```
3.3833 1.9326 y 6.7026 1.9326 1 8.7178 2.5068 8.7178 3.9902 v
                            8.7178 5.4736 8.7178 17.5781 y 9.0732 18.834 7.769 18.834 v
                       41
                       42 6.4653 18.834 4.4497 18.834 y 3.146 18.6055 3.146 17.5781 v
                       43 3.146 16.5498 3.146 7.3018 y 3.6201 6.1016 4.3911 6.1016 v
                       44 5.1611 6.1016 5.873 6.1016 y 6.9692 6.3301 6.9692 7.1572 v
                       45 6.9692 7.9863 6.9692 12.21 y S Q
                       46 }
   \atfi@acroPaperclip Draw \atfi@acroPaperclip@data in a box of the appropriate size.
                       47 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@acroPaperclip}{%
                            \arrange {-1.25bp}{\operatorname{parbox[b][21bp]{12bp}{%}}
                              \rule{0pt}{0pt}\pdfliteral{\atfi@acroPaperclip@data}}%
                       49
                        50
                           }%
                       51 }
\atfi@acroPushPin@data Recreate Adobe Acrobat's PushPin icon.
                       52 \newcommand{\atfi@acroPushPin@data}{%
                       53 q \atfi@color@rgb\space rg 0 G 1 w 1 6 m 11 6 l 11 13 l 12
                       54 13 1 14 11 1 21 11 1 22 12 1 23 12 1 23 2 1 22 2 1 21 3 1 14 3
                       55 1 12 1 1 11 1 1 1 1 6 1 B 0.5 G 0 7 m 10 7 1 10 8 1 1 8 1 S 1 G
                       57 }
    \atfi@acroPushPin Draw \atfi@acroPushPin@data in a box of the appropriate size.
                       58 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@acroPushPin}{%
                            \arrange {-1.25bp}{\operatorname{parbox[b][14bp]{24bp}{%}}}
                       60
                              \rule{0pt}{0pt}\pdfliteral{\atfi@acroPushPin@data}}%
                           }%
                       61
                       62 }
   \atfi@acroTag@data Recreate Adobe Acrobat's Tag icon.
                       63 \newcommand{\atfi@acroTag@data}{%
                           q 0.5 g 10.0542 14.9873 m 24.27 14.9873 1 25.252 14.0059 1
                            25.252 1.1455 1 24.1064 0 1 9.9609 0 1 6.0327 6.0088 1 6.0327
                       66 9.002 1 10.0542 14.9873 1 9.3994 9.376 m 8.5215 9.376 7.8096
                            8.5596 7.8096 7.5527 c 7.8096 6.5449 8.5215 5.7285 9.3994
                       67
                           5.7285 c 10.2778 5.7285 10.9897 6.5449 10.9897 7.5527 c 10.9897
                            8.5596 10.2778 9.376 9.3994 9.376 c h f
                          \atfi@color@rgb\space rg 0 G 0 i 0.5 w 4 M 1 j 8.5107
                       70
                           16.5313 m 22.7266 16.5313 l 23.7085 15.5488 l 23.7085 2.6895 l
                       71
                       72 22.563 1.543 1 8.4175 1.543 1 4.4893 7.5527 1 4.4893 10.5449 1
                       73 8.5107 16.5313 1 7.856 10.9199 m 6.978 10.9199 6.2661 10.1035
                       74 6.2661 9.0957 c 6.2661 8.0879 6.978 7.2715 7.856 7.2715 c
                       75 8.7344 7.2715 9.4463 8.0879 9.4463 9.0957 c 9.4463 10.1035
                       76 8.7344 10.9199 7.856 10.9199 c h B 1 w 12.3291 12.2656 m
                       77 21.1206 12.2656 1 S 12.3291 9.1797 m 21.1206 9.1797 1 S 12.3291
                       78 6.1875 m 21.1206 6.1875 l S O G 0.5 w O 9.0488 m 6.2661 9.0957
                           1 S 1.4028 5.2148 m 1.4028 9.6094 1 1.6831 10.6387 2.4316
                       79
                       80
                            10.6387 v 3.6475 10.6387 3.5542 9.0488 y S Q
                       81 }
```

```
\atfi@acroTag Draw \atfi@acroTag@data in a box of the appropriate size.

82 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@acroTag}{%

83 \raisebox{-1.6bp}{\parbox[b][17bp]{25bp}{%

84 \rule{0pt}{0pt}\pdfliteral{\atfi@acroTag@data}}%

85 }%

86 }
```

# 6.4 Helper routines

\atfi@temp@string \atfi@pdfstringdef This is the same as \pdfstringdef, except that it *locally* defines its argument. For those of you who like analogies, \atfi@pdfstringdef is to \def as \pdfstringdef is to \gdef.

```
87 \def\atfi@temp@string{}

88 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@pdfstringdef}[2]{%

89 \pdfstringdef\atfi@temp@string{#2}%

90 \edef#1{\atfi@temp@string}%

91 }
```

\theatfi@embedfileobj \atfi@embedfile Embed a file as a PDF EmbeddedFile object and store its object number in atfi@embedfileobj.

```
92 \newcounter{atfi@embedfileobj}
93 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@embedfile}[1]{%
     \immediate\pdfobj stream attr {
94
       /Type /EmbeddedFile
95
       \atfi@mimetype\space
96
97
       \atfi@dlsize\space
       /Params <<
98
         \atfi@credate\space
100
         \atfi@moddate\space
         \atfi@size\space
101
102
     } file {#1}%
103
     \setcounter{atfi@embedfileobj}{\pdflastobj}%
104
105 }
```

\atfi@appearancewidth \atfi@appearanceheight \atfi@appearancedepth \theatfi@appearanceobj \atfi@appearancebox Each PDF annotation can an associated "appearance". In the attachfile package, we store the appearance with the \atfi@set@appearance macro (below). As a side effect, \atfi@set@appearance stores the dimensions of its argument in \atfi@appearancewidth, \atfi@appearanceheight, and \atfi@appearanceddepth so that, later, we can allocate an appropriate amount of space for the file attachment icon to fit within. atfi@appearanceobj is the object number of the appearance XObject, and \atfi@appearancebox is a temporary storage location for the TeX box that will get converted to an XObject.

```
106 \newlength{\atfi@appearancewidth}
107 \newlength{\atfi@appearanceheight}
108 \newlength{\atfi@appearancedepth}
109 \newcounter{atfi@appearanceboj}
110 \newsavebox{\atfi@appearancebox}
```

\atfi@set@appearance

Store the argument as a PDF XObject, for later referral by the file annotation's appearance dictionary. This serves two purposes:

- 1. It enables a T<sub>F</sub>X box with arbitrary contents to serve as the file attachment icon.
- 2. It enables (generally, older) PDF viewers which don't recognize the icon name to still display something meaningful.

```
111 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@set@appearance}[1]{%
                         \savebox{\atfi@appearancebox}{#1}%
                         \settowidth{\atfi@appearancewidth}{\usebox{\atfi@appearancebox}}%
                    113
                         \settoheight{\atfi@appearanceheight}{\usebox{\atfi@appearancebox}}%
                    114
                         \settodepth{\atfi@appearancedepth}{\usebox{\atfi@appearancebox}}%
                    115
                         \immediate\pdfxform attr {
                    116
                            /Subtype /Form
                    117
                         } \atfi@appearancebox
                         \setcounter{atfi@appearanceobj}{\pdflastxform}%
                    119
                    120 }
\atfi@flags@to@int Convert all our flag options from booleans into a single integer (atfi@flags).
    \verb|\theatfi@flags||_{121} \\ \verb|\newcounter{atfi@flags}||
                    122 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@flags@to@int}{%
                         \setcounter{atfi@flags}{0}%
                    123
                         \ifatfi@print
                    125
                            \addtocounter{atfi@flags}{4}%
                    126
                        \fi%
                        \ifatfi@zoom
                    127
                         \else
                    128
                           \addtocounter{atfi@flags}{8}%
                    129
                    130
                         \fi%
                    131 }
```

# \atfi@file

\atfi@insert@file@annot Insert a PDF FileAttachment annotation that refers to the object created by \atfi@embedfile. TFX doesn't normally "see" a \pdfannot, so we have to explicitly allocate space for it. \atfi@insert@file@annot takes one argument, the name of the file to attach. This should be the same value that was passed to \atfi@embedfile.

```
132 \DeclareRobustCommand{\atfi@insert@file@annot}[1]{%
     \rule{0pt}{0pt}%
133
     \bgroup\Hy@unicodefalse
134
       \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@file{#1}%
135
       \edef\next{\egroup
136
         \def\noexpand\atfi@file{\atfi@file}%
137
       }\next
138
     \ifatfi@appearance
139
```

We currently use the same appearance for Normal, Rollover, and Down, although future versions of attachfile may provide support for different appearances. Although the PDF pdf specification claims that R and D appearances default to the N appearance, experience dictates otherwise. Hence, we explicitly specify all three appearances.

```
140
       \def\atfi@appearance@dict{%
141
         /AP <<
            /N \theatfi@appearanceobj\space 0 R
142
           /R \theatfi@appearanceobj\space 0 R
143
           /D \theatfi@appearanceobj\space 0 R
144
145
         >>%
146
       }%
147
     \fi%
148
     \pdfannot width \atfi@appearancewidth
149
                height \atfi@appearanceheight
                depth \atfi@appearancedepth {
150
        /Subtype /FileAttachment
151
152
        \atfi@appearance@dict\space
153
        \atfi@author\space
154
        \atfi@color\space
        \atfi@date\space
155
        \atfi@description\space
156
       \atfi@icon\space
157
158
       \atfi@moddate\space
159
       \atfi@subject\space
160
       /F \theatfi@flags\space
       /FS <<
161
         /Type /Filespec
162
         /F (\atfi@file)
163
         /FF <<
164
           /F \theatfi@embedfileobj\space 0 R
165
166
         >>
       >>
167
168
     }%
```

Now, so T<sub>E</sub>X can budget space for the annotation, we insert some zero-width rules into the document.

```
169 \rule{0pt}{\atfi@appearanceheight}%
170 \rule[-\atfi@appearancedepth]{0pt}{\atfi@appearancedepth}%
171 \rule{\atfi@appearancewidth}{0pt}%
172 }
```

\atfi@attachfile

This macro does all the work of the \attachfile author command. \attachfile began a group in which most special characters are set to category code "other". \atfi@attachfile reads the filename within this group, embeds the corresponding file into the generated PDF file, and places an icon at the current location. Then, it ends the group, thereby restoring the original category codes.

```
173 \def\atfi@attachfile#1#2{%

174 \setkeys{AtFi}{#1}%

175 \atfi@embedfile{#2}%

176 \atfi@set@appearance{\csname atfi@acro\atfi@icon@icon\endcsname}%

177 \atfi@flags@to@int%
```

```
\atfi@insert@file@annot{#2}%
178
179
     \endgroup
180 }
```

\atfi@textattachfile

All this macro does is evaluate its second argument (a filename) within the group begun by \textattachfile then pass control to \atfi@textattachfile@i, which does all the work. \atfi@textattachfile is needed to force the filename to be evaluated while special characters are set to use category code "other".

```
181 \def\atfi@textattachfile#1#2{%
182
        \endgroup
        \atfi@textattachfile@i{#1}{#2}%
183
184 }
```

\atfi@textcolor

\atfi@textattachfile@i This macro does all the work of the \textattachfile author command. Given a filename, some arbitrary text, and an optional set of attachment options, embed the corresponding file into the generated PDF file, and use the text as the icon. We recycle the icon color for the text. Note that the \strut is a bug workaround; I don't know whose fault this is, but the bottom point or so of the text seems to get cut off. Weird.

```
185 \def\atfi@textattachfile@i#1#2#3{%
       \star{AtFi}{#1}%
186
       \atfi@embedfile{#2}%
187
188
       \def\atfi@textcolor(##1 ##2 ##3)##4{%
         \textcolor[rgb]{##1,##2,##3}{##4}}%
189
       \atfi@set@appearance{%
190
         \expandafter\atfi@textcolor\expandafter
191
          (\atfi@color@rgb){#3\strut}}%
192
       \atfi@flags@to@int
193
       \atfi@insert@file@annot{#2}%
194
195
     \endgroup
196 }
```

\atfi@pdf@slash

The PDF specification dictates that MIME types be specified not as strings (e.g., "(Hello)") but rather as PDF names (e.g., "/Hello"). The catch is that the forward slash—required in all MIME types—cannot be part of a PDF name. The solution is to replace the MIME "/" with the hexadecimal sequence "#2f". Unfortunately, pdfIATFX replaces "#" with "##" in a \pdfobj but leaves "\#" as is. The solution is to play some games with TpX to define \atfi@pdf@slash as a "#2f" sequence that can used within \pdfobj.

```
197 \bgroup
     \lccode'\@='\#
198
     \lowercase{\gdef\atfi@pdf@slash{@2f}}
200 \egroup
```

\atfi@split@mimetype \atfi@mime@type \atfi@mime@subtype

Split a MIME type (e.g., "image/jpeg") into a type, \atfi@mime@type (e.g., "image"), and a subtype, \atfi@mime@subtype (e.g., "jpeg").

```
201 \def\atfi@split@mimetype#1/#2/{%
   \def\atfi@mime@type{#1}%
```

```
\def\atfi@mime@subtype{#2}%
204 }
```

#### 6.5Annotation option processing

We start by defining the various options that \attachfile accepts and their default values.

\atfi@mimetype

Declare the MIME type of the attached file. For example, "text/plain" would specify that the attachment is an ordinary text file.

```
205 \def\atfi@mimetype{}
206 \define@key{AtFi}{mimetype}{%
     \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@mimetype{#1}%
     \atfi@split@mimetype#1/%
208
     \edef\atfi@mimetvpe{%
209
       /Subtype /\atfi@mime@type\atfi@pdf@slash\atfi@mime@subtype
210
     }%
211
212 }
```

\atfi@icon@icon

\atfi@icon Specify an icon to represent the attachment. This should be one of Graph, Paperclip, PushPin (the default), or Tag. \atfi@icon is an attribute/value pair that gets inserted directly into the file attachment object. \atfi@icon@icon is only the icon name itself and is used to insert a static graphic that represents Adobe Acrobat's rendition of a file attachment icon.

```
213 \define@key{AtFi}{icon}{%
     \def\atfi@icon{/Name /#1}%
215
     \def\atfi@icon@icon{#1}%
216 }
217 \setkeys{AtFi}{icon=PushPin}
```

\atfi@color@rgb

\atfi@color Specify the color of the attachment icon as an RGB triplet. For example, "0 0.3 0" would be a fairly dark green. \atfi@color is an attribute/value pair that gets inserted directly into the file attachment object. It defaults to the empty string, which means the PDF viewer gets to choose what color the icon should be. \atfi@color@rgb is only the RGB triplet itself and is used to insert a static graphic that represents Adobe Acrobat's rendition of a file attachment icon. It defaults to a beige color.

```
218 \define@key{AtFi}{color}{%
     \def\atfi@color{/C [#1]}%
     \def\atfi@color@rgb{#1}%
220
221 }
222 \setkeys{AtFi}{color=1 0.9255 0.7765}
```

\atfi@author Specify the author of the annotation. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you rightclick on the annotation and choose *Properties*.

```
223 \def\atfi@author{}
224 \define@key{AtFi}{author}[]{%}
     \edef\atfi@author{/T (#1)}%
226 }
```

\atfi@pad@ii Pad a number to exactly two digits. This is used by \atfi@date (below).

```
227 \def\atfi@pad@ii#1{%
     \ifnum#1>9
228
        \the#1%
229
230
     \else
231
        0\the#1%
232
     \fi%
233 }
```

\atfi@timezone

Specify the timezone to attach to the file modification date. It would be awfully nice if T<sub>F</sub>X had some way to produce this automatically. (Does it?)

```
234 \def\atfi@timezone{}
235 \define@key{AtFi}{timezone}{\def\atfi@timezone{#1}}
```

\atfi@time \c@atfi@hours \theatfi@hours \c@atfi@minutes \atfi@date

The date the annotation was last modified. It's unlikely you'd want to specify this explicitly in your IATEX document, but if you want to, you can. Seconds are hardwired to zero, and the time zone must be manually specified. (I don't believe TEX makes either of those available.) Note that \time is stored in \atfi@time in case the minutes roll over during the time calculations. I was too lazy to do the same for \day, \month, and \year, so don't process your LATFX document at midnight if you want to get a correct datestamp.

```
236 \edef\atfi@time{\time}
237 \newcounter{atfi@hours}
238 \setcounter{atfi@hours}{\atfi@time/60}
239 \newcounter{atfi@minutes}
240 \setcounter{atfi@minutes}{\atfi@time-\theatfi@hours*60}
241 \def\atfi@date{%
     /M (D:\the\year%
242
         \atfi@pad@ii\month%
243
244
         \atfi@pad@ii\day%
245
         \atfi@pad@ii\c@atfi@hours%
         \atfi@pad@ii\c@atfi@minutes
246
247
         \atfi@timezone)%
248
249 }
250 \define@key{AtFi}{date}{%
     \bgroup \Hy@unicodefalse
251
       \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@date{#1}%
252
253
       \edef\next{\egroup
         \def\noexpand\atfi@date{/M (\atfi@date)}%
254
       \nnext
255
256 }
```

\atfi@description Store the annotation's description. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you right-click on the annotation and choose *Properties*. It also shows it in the Annotations tab once you "Rescan Document".

```
257 \def\atfi@description{}
258 \define@key{AtFi}{description}{%
```

```
\atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@description{#1}%
     \edef\atfi@description{/Contents (\atfi@description)}%
260
261 }
```

\atfi@subject Store the annotation's subject. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you right-click on the annotation and choose *Properties*. It also shows it in the Annotations tab once vou "Rescan Document".

```
262 \def\atfi@subject{}
263 \define@key{AtFi}{subject}{%
     \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@subject{#1}%
     \edef\atfi@subject{/Subj (\atfi@subject)}%
266 }
```

#### \atfi@credate

Store the annotation's creation date. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you rightclick on the annotation and choose *Properties*. It also shows it in the Annotations tab once you "Rescan Document". Note that creation date is a PDF 1.5 feature.

```
267 \def\atfi@credate{}
268 \define@key{AtFi}{created}{%
     \bgroup \Hy@unicodefalse
269
       \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@credate{#1}%
270
271
       \edef\next{\egroup
         \def\noexpand\atfi@credate{/CreationDate (\atfi@credate)}%
272
       }\next
273
274 }
```

#### \atfi@moddate

Store the annotation's modification date. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you right-click on the annotation and choose Properties. It also shows it in the Annotations tab once you "Rescan Document". Note that modification date is a PDF 1.5 feature.

```
275 \def\atfi@moddate{}
276 \define@key{AtFi}{modified}{%
     \bgroup \Hy@unicodefalse
277
278
       \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@moddate{#1}%
       \edef\next{\egroup
279
280
         \def\noexpand\atfi@moddate{/ModDate (\atfi@moddate)}%
281
       }\next
282 }
```

\atfi@size Store the annotation's file size. Adobe Acrobat shows this when you right-click \atfi@dlsize on the annotation and choose Properties. It also shows it in the Annotations tab once you "Rescan Document". Note that file size is a PDF 1.5 feature.

```
283 \def\atfi@size{}
284 \def\atfi@dlsize{}
285 \define@key{AtFi}{size}{%
286
     \bgroup \Hy@unicodefalse
       \atfi@pdfstringdef\atfi@size{#1}%
287
       \edef\next{\egroup
288
         \def\noexpand\atfi@size{/Size \atfi@size}%
289
```

```
\def\noexpand\atfi@dlsize{/DL \atfi@size}%
290
       }\next
291
292 }
```

\ifatfi@print \atfi@printtrue \atfi@printfalse

By default, file annotation icons print along with the rest of the document. (In Adobe Acrobat, that's the case if and only if the Annotations box is checked in the Print dialog.) By setting print=false, the icons will not print.

```
293 \newif\ifatfi@print
294 \atfi@printtrue
295 \define@key{AtFi}{print}[true]{\csname atfi@print#1\endcsname}
```

\atfi@zoomtrue \atfi@zoomfalse fication.

\ifatfi@zoom By default, file annotation icons zoom along with the rest of the document. By setting zoom=false, the icons will remain at a constant size, regardless of magni-

```
296 \newif\ifatfi@zoom
297 \atfi@zoomtrue
298 \define@key{AtFi}{zoom}[true]{\csname atfi@zoom#1\endcsname}
```

\ifatfi@appearance \atfi@appearancetrue \atfi@appearancefalse \atfi@appearance@dict The attachfile package normally embeds an icon graphic in each file attachment annotation's appearance dictionary. By setting appearance=false, no appearance dictionary will be added to a file attachment annotation; the PDF viewer will need to decide for itself how to display the icon.

```
299 \newif\ifatfi@appearance
300 \atfi@appearancetrue
301 \def\atfi@appearance@dict{}
302 \define@key{AtFi}{appearance}[true]{\csname atfi@appearance#1\endcsname}
```

#### 6.6 Author commands

The commands described in this section are those available to the user writing a LATEX document. If the macros seem too simple, it's because all the work is performed by the helper routines in Section 6.4 and the option-processing routines in Section 6.5.

\attachfilesetup

Set default values for all the various annotation options.

303 \DeclareRobustCommand{\attachfilesetup}[1]{\setkeys{AtFi}{#1}}

\attachfile

Given a filename and an optional set of attachment options, embed the corresponding file into the generated PDF file, and place an icon at the current location. The real work is performed by \atfi@attachfile. \attachfile merely sets up the category codes in such a way as to allow filenames to contain special characters such as underscores.

```
304 \DeclareRobustCommand{\attachfile}[1][]{%
     \begingroup
305
306
        \let\do\@makeother
        \dospecials
307
308
        \catcode'\{=1\relax
        \catcode'\}=2\relax
309
```

```
\atfi@attachfile{#1}%
310
311 }
```

\textattachfile

Given a filename, some arbitrary text, and an optional set of attachment options, embed the corresponding file into the generated PDF file, and use the text as the icon. After setting up the category codes to use for processing the filename, \textattachfile passes to control to \atfi@textattachfile, which resets the category codes, and then to \atfi@textattachfile@i, which does all the work. We define two groups: one for keeping the attachment options local and one for temporarily altering category codes.

```
312 \DeclareRobustCommand{\textattachfile}[1][]{%
313
     \begingroup
        \begingroup
314
         \let\do\@makeother
315
316
         \dospecials
         \catcode'\{=1\relax
317
         \catcode'\}=2\relax
318
         \atfi@textattachfile{#1}%
319
320 }
```

\noattachfile Insert the same icon into the document that we would for an \attachfile call. This is useful for writing documentation that instructs a user on how to deal with file attachments. \noattachfile is fairly simple; is just calls \setkeys in order to get the latest values of \atfi@icon@icon and \atfi@color@rgb, and then it defers to one of \atfi@acroGraph, \atfi@acroPaperclip, \atfi@acroPushPin, or \atfi@acroTag, which do the actual rendering work.

```
321 \DeclareRobustCommand{\noattachfile}[1][]{%
322
     \begingroup
       \star
323
324
       \ifatfi@print
         \csname atfi@acro\atfi@icon@icon\endcsname
325
326
         \setbox0=\hbox{\csname atfi@acro\atfi@icon@icon\endcsname}%
327
328
         \mbox[\wd0]{}%
329
       \fi
330
     \endgroup
331 }
```

\notextattachfile

Insert the same text into the document that we would for a \textattachfile call. This is useful for writing documentation that instructs a user on how to deal with file attachments.

```
332 \DeclareRobustCommand{\notextattachfile}[2][]{%
     \begingroup
333
       \star{AtFi}{#1}%
334
       \ifatfi@print
335
336
         \def\atfi@textcolor(##1 ##2 ##3)##4{%
           \textcolor[rgb]{##1,##2,##3}{##4}}%
337
         \expandafter\atfi@textcolor\expandafter
338
```

```
339 (\atfi@color@rgb){#2\strut}%

340 \else

341 \setbox0=\hbox{#2\strut}%

342 \makebox[\wd0]{}%

343 \fi

344 \endgroup

345}
```

# 6.7 Dummy commands

If the author is not use pdfLATEX or not using it in PDF-generating mode, we replace the core attachfile commands with dummy versions so LATEX can at least run to completion.

```
346 \setminus ifpdf 347 \setminus else
```

\atfi@dummy@pushpin Define an empty space of approximately the same size as \atfi@acroPushPin.

```
348 \def\atfi@dummy@pushpin{%
349 \raisebox{-1.25bp}{\parbox[b][14bp]{24bp}{}}%
350 }
```

\textattachfile Define a dummy \textattachfile in terms of \notextattachfile.

```
351 \DeclareRobustCommand{\textattachfile}[3][]{%
352 \notextattachfile[#1]{#3}%
353 }
```

\noattachfile Define a dummy \noattachfile in terms of \notextattachfile.

```
354 \DeclareRobustCommand{\noattachfile}[1][]{\% 355 \notextattachfile[#1]{\atfi@dummy@pushpin}\% 356 }
```

\attachfile Define a dummy \attachfile in terms of the dummy \noattachfile.

```
357 \DeclareRobustCommand{\attachfile}[2][]{%
358 \noattachfile[#1]%
359 }
360 \fi
361 \(/package\)
```

## 7 Future work

The following are some avenues for future work on attachfile. First, attachfile supports only pdfIATEX for generating PDF files. It would be nice if it supported all the backends that hyperref supports: dvipdfm, dvips with pdfmarks, VTEX, and so forth. Along those same lines, a "draft" package option would be a welcome addition, for use when PDF is not the final output format.

Second, PDF supports platform-specific file attachments. That is, a file attachment icon can represent a different file when activated on Windows, Unix, or MacOS. It might be nice for attachfile to support that feature.

Finally, I'd like to see attachfile expand sometime to support *all* the various PDF annotations: Sound, Movie, Stamp, Ink, Popup, etc.

Of course, I make no promises that I'll ever do *any* of the above. attachfile was just something I wrote in my spare time, and it's unlikely I'll be able to devote another large block of time to enhance it.

# References

- [1] Adobe Systems Incorporated. *PDF Reference Version 1.6.* Adobe Press, fifth edition, December 3, 2004. ISBN 0321304748. Available from http://partners.adobe.com/public/developer/en/pdf/PDFReference16.pdf.
- [2] N. Freed and N. Borenstein. Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) part two: Media types. Request for Comments (RFC) 2046, Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), Network Working Group, November 1996. Available from http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2046.txt.
- [3] Internet Assigned Numbers Authority. MIME media types. Available from http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/.

# Change History

v1.0	v1.1a
General: Initial version 1 v1.1	General: Corrected a few stupid bugs
General: Completely restructured the .dtx file	v1.2  General: Modified so as to enable filenames to contain special characters, e.g., underscores 1 v1.2a  \atfi@mimetype: Changed the MIME Subtype from a string to a name 16 v1.3
specifying the subject of an annotation	General: Incorporated Ross Moore's patches for making attachfile robust to running hyperref with \Hy@unicodetrue and for supporting the Created, Modified, and Size keys in the EmbeddedFile's Params dictionary

\atfi@credate: Added support for	the file's date, modification
specifying the creation date of	date, and size 12
an annotation 18	\atfi@file: Made robust
\atfi@date: Made robust	to running hyperref with
to running hyperref with	\Hy@unicodetrue 13
\Hy@unicodetrue 17	Modified to include the modifica-
\atfi@dlsize: Added support for	tion date in the FileAttachment
specifying the file size of an an-	dictionary
notation 18	\atfi@moddate: Added support for
\atfi@embedfile: Included a	specifying the modification date
Params dictionary describing	of an annotation 18

# Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols	$\verb \atfi@author  \dots \dots$
\#	$\verb \atfi@color  \dots \dots$
\@ 198	\atfi@color@rgb
\@makeother 306, 315	$\dots$ 15, 38, 53, 70, 192, $\underline{218}$ , 339
\{ 308, 317	\atfi@credate $99, \underline{267}$
\} 309, 318	\atfi@date $\dots 155, \underline{236}$
	\atfi@description $156, \underline{257}$
$\mathbf{A}$	\atfi@dlsize 97, $\underline{283}$
Adobe Acrobat 2, 4–11, 16–19	$\texttt{Atfi@dummy@pushpin} \dots 348, 355$
Reader	\atfi@embedfile $\dots \underline{92}, 175, 187$
appearance (option) $\dots 4, 8$	\atfi@file $\dots \underline{132}$
$\verb \atfi@acroGraph  \dots \dots \underline{19}$	\atfi@flags@to@int <u>121</u> , 177, 193
$\verb \atfi@acroGraph@data  \dots \dots \underline{11}, 21$	\atfi@icon $157, \underline{213}$
$\atfi@acroPaperclip \dots 47$	\atfi@icon@icon $176, \underline{213}, 325, 327$
\atfi@acroPaperclip@data $\underline{24}$ , 49	\atfi@insert@file@annot $\underline{132}$ , 178, 194
\atfi@acroPushPin $\dots 58$	$\verb \atfi@mime@subtype  \dots \dots \underline{201}, 210$
\atfi@acroPushPin@data $\dots \underline{52}, 60$	\atfi@mime@type $\dots 201, 210$
\atfi@acroTag $\underline{82}$	\atfi@mimetype $\dots 96, \underline{205}$
\atfi@acroTag@data $\underline{63}$ , 84	\atfi@moddate 100, 158, <u>275</u>
\atfi@appearance@dict . $140, 152, \underline{299}$	\atfi@pad@ii <u>227</u> , 243-246
\atfi@appearancebox $\underline{106}$ , $112-115$ , $118$	\atfi@pdf@slash <u>197</u> , 210
\atfi@appearancedepth	\atfi@pdfstringdef $\underline{87}$ , $135$ ,
106, 115, 150, 170	207, 252, 259, 264, 270, 278, 287
\atfi@appearancefalse 299	\atfi@printfalse 293
\atfi@appearanceheight	\atfi@printtrue 293
106, 114, 149, 169	\atfi@set@appearance <u>111</u> , 176, 190
\atfi@appearancetrue 299	\atfi@size 101, <u>283</u>
\atfi@appearancewidth	\atfi@split@mimetype $\dots$ $\underline{201}$ , $208$
	\atfi@subject 159, <u>262</u>
\atfi@attachfile $\underline{173}$ , 310	\atfi@temp@string $\dots \underline{87}$

$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\ifatfi@appearance
\attachfilesetup	\lccode
В	$\mathbf{M}$
BibT <sub>E</sub> X	MIME 6, 15, 16, 22
$\mathbf{C}$	mimetype (option) 5-6, 8
\c@atfi@hours 236	Modified
\c@atfi@minutes	modified (option) 6-8
calc (package)	\month 243
color (option)	Movie
color (package)	MPEG 6
created (option) 5, 7, 8	
(1)	$\mathbf{N}$
D	\next 136, 138, 253,
date (option) 5, 7, 8	255, 271, 273, 279, 281, 288, 291
\day 244	\noattachfile 2-3, 321, 354, 358
\define@key 206,	$\verb \noexpand  . 137, 254, 272, 280, 289, 290 $
\define@key 206, 213, 218, 224, 235, 250, 258,	
\define@key 206, 213, 218, 224, 235, 250, 258, 263, 268, 276, 285, 295, 298, 302	\noexpand . 137, 254, 272, 280, 289, 290 \notextattachfile $3$ , $332$ , $352$ , $355$
\define@key	\noexpand . 137, 254, 272, 280, 289, 290 \notextattachfile $3$ , 332, 352, 355 $\mathbf{O}$
\define@key	\noexpand . 137, 254, 272, 280, 289, 290 \notextattachfile $3$ , $332$ , $352$ , $355$
\define@key	\noexpand . 137, 254, 272, 280, 289, 290 \notextattachfile $3$ , $332$ , $352$ , $355$ O options
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\text{\text{define@key}} \tag{206}, \\ 213, 218, 224, 235, 250, 258, \\ 263, 268, 276, 285, 295, 298, 302 \text{\text{description (option)}} \tag{5, 8} \\ \text{DVI} \tag{9} \\ \text{dvipdfm} \tag{9, 21} \\ \text{dvips} \tag{9, 21} \\ \text{\text{EmbeddedFile}} \tag{12, 22} \\ \text{\text{F}} \\ \text{FileAttachment} \tag{6} \\ \text{GMT} \tag{6} \tag{5, 6, 10, 16} \end{array}	\noexpand . 137, 254, 272, 280, 289, 290 \ \notextattachfile
\text{\text{define@key}} \tag{206}, \\ 213, 218, 224, 235, 250, 258, \\ 263, 268, 276, 285, 295, 298, 302 \text{\text{description (option)}} \tag{5, 8} \\ \text{DVI} \tag{9} \\ \text{dvipdfm} \tag{9, 21} \\ \text{dvips} \tag{9, 21} \\ \text{\text{EmbeddedFile}} \tag{12, 22} \\ \text{\text{F}} \\ \text{FileAttachment} \tag{6} \\ \text{GMT} \tag{7} \\ \text{Graph} \tag{5, 6, 10, 16} \\ \text{H} \end{array}	\noexpand . 137, 254, 272, 280, 289, 290 \ \notextattachfile
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\text{\lefth{define@key}} \tag{206}, \\ 213, 218, 224, 235, 250, 258, \\ 263, 268, 276, 285, 295, 298, 302 \text{\text{description (option)}} \tag{5, 8} \\ \text{DVI} \tag{9} \\ \text{dvipdfm} \tag{9, 21} \\ \text{dvips} \tag{9, 21} \\ \text{\text{E}} \end{array}  \text{\text{E}} \\ \text{EmbeddedFile} \tag{12, 22} \\ \text{\text{G}} \\ \text{G} \\ \text{Graph} \tag{5, 6, 10, 16} \\ \text{H} \\ \text{Hy@unicodefalse} \text{134, 251, 269, 277, 286} \\ \text{hyperref (package)} \tag{2, 8, 9, 21-23} \end{array}	\noexpand . 137, 254, 272, 280, 289, 290 \notextattachfile

Params	${f T}$
PDF 1-10, 12-16, 18-22	Tag 5, 6, 10, 11, 16
\pdfannot 148	T <sub>E</sub> X 4-7, 12-15, 17
\pdflastobj 104	\textattachfile $2-3$ , $312$ , $351$
\pdflastxform 119	\textcolor 189, 337
pdfIAT <sub>E</sub> X	\theatfi@appearanceobj . $\underline{106}$ , $142-144$
\pdfliteral 21, 49, 60, 84	\theatfi@embedfileobj $\underline{92}$ , $165$ \theatfi@flags $121$ , $160$
pdfmarks	\theatfi@hours
\pdfobj 94	\time
\pdfstringdef 89	timezone (option) 5, 7-8
\pdfxform 116	,
Popup	${f U}$
print (option)	Universal Time
PushPin 5, 6, 10, 11, 16	V
R.	VT <sub>E</sub> X
\RequirePackage	V 1 <u>F</u> ,1
\RequirePackageWithOptions 10	$\mathbf{W}$
RGB	WYSIWYG 1
	77
${f S}$	X
Size	XObject 12, 13
<b>size</b> (option) <i>6</i> , <i>8</i>	
	$\mathbf{v}$
Sound	<del>-</del>
Sound       22         Stamp       22	<b>Y</b> \year 242
	\year 242 <b>Z</b>
Stamp 22	\year 242