Continuous Integration and Automated Code Review in Open Source Projects

Adrián Tóth

Brno University of Technology, Faculty of Information Technology
Božetěchova 1/2. 612 66 Brno - Královo Pole
xtotha01@fit.vutbr.cz



Introduction



What is Continuous Integration?

What is Automated Code Review?

Where is it used and why?

How it works?

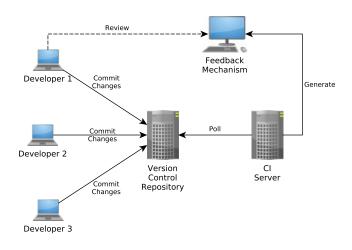
Continuous Integration



- common part of fast software development
- adaptive development technique
- reduce integration problems
- integrations are verified via automated tests and builds
- popular in open source projects which are frequently developed by a group of people
- available CI services: Travis CI, Jenkins, TeamCity, ...

Components of CI System



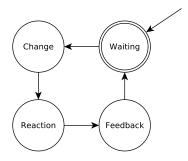


Basics of Cl



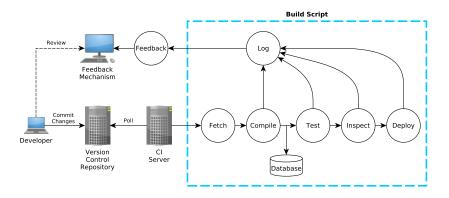
Stages of CI:

- Change
- 2 Reaction
- 3 Feedback
- Waiting





How it works?



Code Review



Types of code review:

- manual code review
 - collaborative inspection and discussion with project members
 - slow (nearly 100 lines of code per hour)
 - pair programming
- automated code review
 - o ...

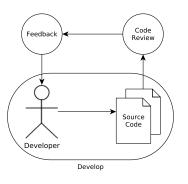
Automated Code Review



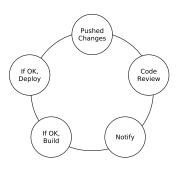
- inspection of code quality
 - coding standards
 - trailing spaces
 - code duplication
 - not enough / too many comments
 - o ...
- detection of basic mistakes and vulnerabilities
- matching set of rules providing static analysis
- Code Climate, RuboCop, SonarQube, RIPS, FlexeLint



Manual



Automated



Objectives



- Pronto¹ integration
- MiqBot's own Pronto¹ Formatter
- Gitter² integration (yell if master is broken)
- Github Status API³ integration
- Remove unnecessary unmergeable comments
- Commands
 - pull request review request from specified user(s)
 - remove pull request review request from specified user(s)
 - remove assigned user(s)
- Automated review request of a new pull request

¹github.com/prontolabs/pronto

²github.com/kristenmills/ruby-gitter

³developer.github.com/v3/repos/statuses

Thank You For Your Attention!