$$\varphi = \left(\frac{1}{2} \log \log \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \log 2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac$$

(OxA)->B(=>) \(\overline{Q}(A-\) = \(\text{\square=\chi\)\(\left\) = \(\left\) \(\left\) \(\left\) = \(\left\) \(\left\) = \(\left\) \(\left\) \(\left\) = \(\left\) \(\left\) \(\left\) \(\left\) = \(\left\) \(= 4x 4 J2 (x>y) -> (2>01 y+2=x)) 1 ([32, (2>01 y+2=x)] > x>y) = Yx Yy JzV2 ((x>5) -> (=>01 yrz=x)) 1 ((z>01 yrz=x)) 2 yz Ey x Y =

1) scherata vrologer arrong $(\varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi))$ $(\varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \gamma)) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \gamma))$ $(\neg \varphi) \rightarrow (\neg \varphi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$ · (Xx(q->y)) -> (q-> \times \text{y})

x ne-a volvý wzbyt ve f 3) AS) · (txq) >> qx[+] 4) AR) ×1=31 -> (2=32 -> (... (=3n -> + (= 3n ×1=31->(x=32->(--(x=32n->(p(x,-x)->p(y,-13))) 5) MP 4,4>4 generalizae: Yx. q

do rate, re
$$-\varphi_{x}[H] \rightarrow (\exists x. \varphi)$$

1) $H(\forall x(\neg \varphi)) \rightarrow \neg \varphi_{x}[H]$ (AS) $-\varphi_{x}[H] \rightarrow (\neg \forall x. \neg \varphi)$
2) $-\neg (\forall x(\neg \varphi)) \rightarrow \forall x(\neg \varphi)$ ($\neg \neg A \rightarrow A$)
3) $\neg \neg (\forall x(\neg \varphi)) \leftarrow \forall x(\neg \varphi)$ (2), ND
4) $\neg \neg (\forall x(\neg \varphi)) \leftarrow \neg \varphi_{x}[H]$ (1), (13), $\neg \neg P$
5) $-(\neg \forall x(\neg \varphi)) \rightarrow \neg \varphi_{x}[H]$ (4), VD
6) $-(\neg \forall x(\neg \varphi)) \rightarrow \neg \varphi_{x}[H] \rightarrow \neg \forall x(\neg \varphi)$ (A3)
7) $-(\varphi_{x}[H] \rightarrow \neg \forall x(\neg \varphi))$ (5), (6), $\neg P$

polad I 4 ->4 a x nema volut welf ve q boyon 1 d -> (AxA) 1) L q > q (predpolled) 2) $-\forall \times (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$ (1), G (AK) $3) - (\forall x (q \rightarrow \psi)) \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \forall x \psi)$ (2),(3),MP 4) - 4 -> (4xy) (pravidlo X)

potend top > 4 a x ment volut willyt ~ 4, poton - (Jxy) -> 4 (Franklo I) $F(\neg \forall x.(\neg \varphi) \rightarrow \varphi$ 1) - 4 > 4 (bueglosgag) $(A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow (\neg B \rightarrow \neg A)$ 2) - (4-4)-(4-74) (1),(2), MP 3) Hypry (praviollo Y) 4) H 74 -> Kx(74) 5) - (-4-> Ax(-4)) > ((-14x(-4)) -> my) 6) - (-1/x(-1/9) -> -14 (4), (5), MP 7) \$ (~ \x(-18) - mp 1- my -> 4 (7),(3),MP

posed + q -> q, poten + (xy) -> (xy) 1) Lq > q (predpostlad) 2) $\vdash (\forall x \varphi) \rightarrow \varphi$ (AS) $3)(4,q) \vdash \varphi$ (2)(vD) 4) (Xxq) -4 (1), (3), MP 5) - (by) -> 4 (b), VD 6) - (Ax A) -> (AxA) (beaugle A) (distribuce transfiladore)

1) $T \mapsto \forall x (p(xy) \rightarrow q(y))$ (3) 2) $\mapsto (\forall x (p(xy) \rightarrow q(y)) \rightarrow (p(x,y) \rightarrow q(y))(AS)$ 3) $T \mapsto p(x,y) \rightarrow q(y)$ (1),(2), TP4) $T \mapsto q(y)$ (5) $(\forall x) = (\forall x) = ($

$$\begin{aligned} & - 1 + 1 = 2 \\ & - S(0) + S(0) = S(S(0)) \end{aligned}$$

$$1) PA & - V \times V_{2} \times + S(y) = S(x+y) \\ & - (V \times V_{2} \times + S(y) = S(x+y)) - (V_{2}, S(0) + S(y) = S(S(0) + y)) & (AS) \\ & \times + S(0) = S(S(0) + y) - (S(0) + S(0) = S(S(0) + 0)) & (AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + S(y) = S(S(0) + y)) - (S(0) + S(0) = S(S(0) + 0)) & (AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + S(0) = S(S(0) + 0)) - (S(0) + S(0) = S(S(0))) & (AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + S(0) = S(S(0) + 0)) & (S(0) + S(0) = S(S(0))) - (S(0) + S(0) = S(S(0))) & (AP) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(0)) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(0)) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(S(0))) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(S(0))) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(S(0))) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(S(0))) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(S(0))) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(S(0))) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + S(0) + O = S(S(0))) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_{2} \times + AS) & (V_{2} \times + AS) \\ & + (V_$$