## M314 REVIEW EXERCISES 01.03.17

You're encouraged to discuss these problems with other students in the class.

1. Prove by induction that:

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, \ 3|(2^{2n} - 1).$$

- 2. List all (integer) divisors of these numbers:
  - -12
  - -113
  - 100
  - -112

Can you think of an efficient way to do this?

- 3. Find the greatest common divisor of these sets of numbers:
  - $-\{-12,112\}$
  - $-\{113,226\}$
  - $-\{100, 24, 125\}$
  - $-\{112,252\}$
- 4. Which of these pairs of integers are coprime?
  - $-\{113,226\}$
  - $-\{24,125\}$
  - $-\{-24,226\}$
  - $-\{17,15\}$
  - $-\{-1,1\}$
- 5. Let m, n, a be integers. Then if m|a, n|a, and let m, n be coprime. Prove that  $m \cdot n|a$ .
- 6. Define the complete set of integer solutions of these LDEs, the equations are given in the form  $a \cdot x + b \cdot y = c$ . You need to:
  - Check that solutions exist (i.e. that GCD(a,b)|c)
  - Express the GCD(a,b) as a linear combination of a,b.
  - Multiply this expression by  $\frac{c}{GCD(a,b)}$  to get one solution.
  - If  $x_0, y_0$  is a solution, then so is:

$$x_n = x_0 + \frac{b}{GCD(a,b)}n, \ y_n = y_0 - \frac{a}{GCD(a,b)}n$$
 for any  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

Write an expression for the complete set.

a) 
$$97x + 35y = 13$$

b) 
$$98x + 35y = 13$$

c) 
$$258x + 147y = 369$$