4. Problems

- 1. Prove that if n, m are positive integers, then $\frac{m}{n} < \sqrt{2}$ if and only if $\sqrt{2} < \frac{m+2n}{m+n}$.
- **2.** (IMO, 1960) For which real values of x the following inequality holds: $\frac{4x^2}{(1-\sqrt{1+2x})^2} < 2x + 9?$
- **3.** If a, b, c > 0 satisfy that abc = 1, prove that

$$\frac{1+ab}{1+a} + \frac{1+bc}{1+b} + \frac{1+ac}{1+c} \ge 3$$

4. Let a, b, c be positive numbers with a + b + c = 1, prove that

$$\left(\frac{1}{a} - 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{b} - 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{c} - 1\right) \ge 8$$

5. Let x, y, z be positive real numbers. Prove that

$$\frac{x}{x + 2y + 3z} + \frac{y}{y + 2z + 3x} + \frac{z}{z + 2x + 3y} \ge \frac{1}{2}$$

6. (Croatia, 2004) Let x, y, z be positive real numbers. Prove that

$$\frac{x^2}{(x+y)(y+z)} + \frac{y^2}{(y+z)(z+x)} + \frac{z^2}{(z+x)(z+y)} \ge \frac{3}{4}$$

7. (India, 2002) If a, b, c are positive real numbers, prove that

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{c} + \frac{c}{a} \ge \frac{c+a}{c+b} + \frac{a+b}{a+c} + \frac{b+c}{b+a}$$

8. (Romania, 2002) If a, b, c are real numbers in the interval (0,1), prove that

$$\sqrt{abc} + \sqrt{(1-a)(1-b)(1-c)} < 1$$

9. (Kazakhstan, 2008) Let x, y, z be positive real numbers such that xyz = 1. Prove that

$$\frac{1}{yz+z} + \frac{1}{zx+x} + \frac{1}{xy+y} \ge \frac{3}{2}$$

10. *Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove that

$$\frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + ab + bc + ca}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} + \frac{1}{2 * \sqrt[3]{abc}} \ge \frac{16 * \sqrt[3]{a^2b^2c^2}}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)}$$

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