HEAT TRANSPORT IN STRATIFIED CONVECTION ACROSS MACH NUMBER BLAHDY BLAH

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ABSTRACT

EVAN DON'T FORGET TO DO THIS

1. MOTIVATION

Blah Blah stuff.

2. MODEL & EQUATIONS

2.1. The Fully Compressible Navier-Stokes Equations

We solve over the Fully Compressible Navier-Stokes equations with an energy-conserving energy equation, which take the form:

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \boldsymbol{u}) = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$\rho \left(\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{u}}{\partial t} + (\boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla) \, \boldsymbol{u} \right) = -\nabla P + \rho \boldsymbol{g} - \nabla \cdot \bar{\bar{\boldsymbol{\Pi}}}$$
 (2)

$$\rho c_{V} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + (\boldsymbol{u} \cdot \nabla) T + (\gamma - 1) T \nabla \cdot (\boldsymbol{u}) \right)$$

$$+ \nabla \cdot (-\kappa \nabla T) = -\left(\bar{\bar{\boldsymbol{\Pi}}} \cdot \nabla \right) \cdot \boldsymbol{u}$$
(3)

where the viscous stress tensor is defined such as

$$\Pi_{ij} \equiv -\mu \left(\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_i} - \frac{2}{3} \delta_{ij} \nabla \cdot (\boldsymbol{u}) \right), \qquad (4)$$

where μ is the dynamic viscosity (in units of [mass · length⁻¹ · time⁻¹]) and δ_{ij} is the kronecker delta function. We also define the kinematic viscosity, which has units of a classic diffusion coefficient, as $\nu \equiv \mu/\rho$.

Taking the dot product of the velocity and the equation of momentum conservation (Eq. 2) and adding it to the energy equation

2.2. Control Parameters

REFERENCES