

# *Advanced Programming*

CSE 201

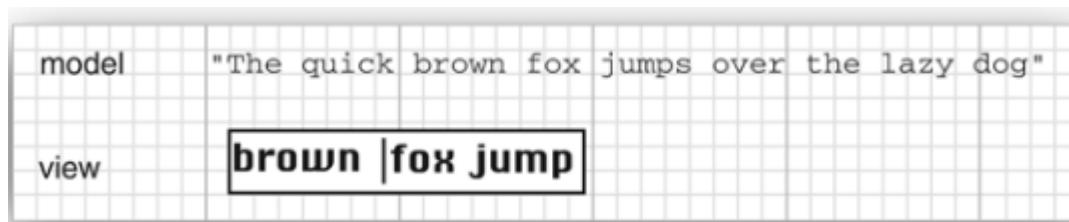
Instructor: Sambuddho

(Semester: Monsoon 2025)

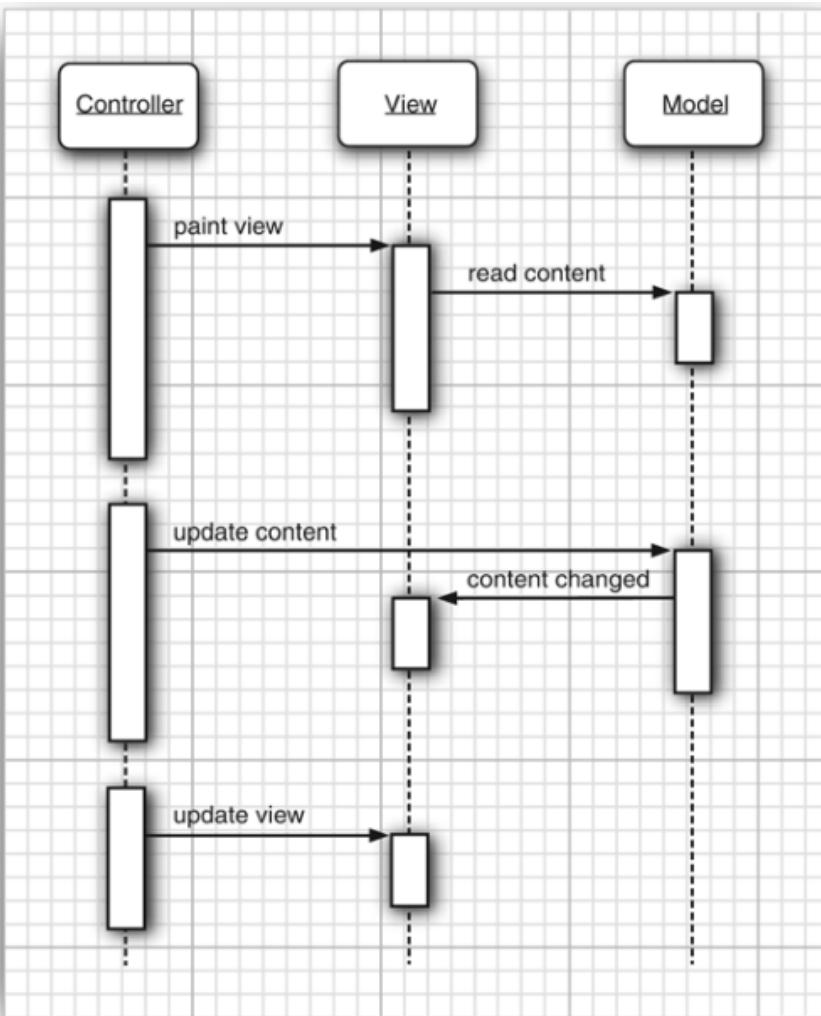
Week 9 - Swing MVC

# Model View Controller

- *Design pattern for using AWT/Swing packages*
  - *Model: Data to be displayed/used.*
  - *View: How the data should appear and be displayed.*
  - *Controller: Event handling.*



# Interaction Between Model, View and Controller



```
var button = new JButton("Blue");
ButtonModel model = button.getModel();
```

Property Name	Value
actionCommand	The action command string associated with this button
mnemonic	The keyboard mnemonic for this button
armed	true if the button was pressed and the mouse is still over the button
enabled	true if the button is selectable
pressed	true if the button was pressed but the mouse button hasn't yet been released
rollover	true if the mouse is over the button
selected	true if the button has been toggled on (used for checkboxes and radio buttons)

# Layout Management



```
panel.setLayout(new GridLayout(4, 4));
```



## java.awt.Container 1.0

- `void setLayout(LayoutManager m)`  
sets the layout manager for this container.
- `Component add(Component c)`
- `Component add(Component c, Object constraints) 1.1`  
adds a component to this container and returns the component reference.

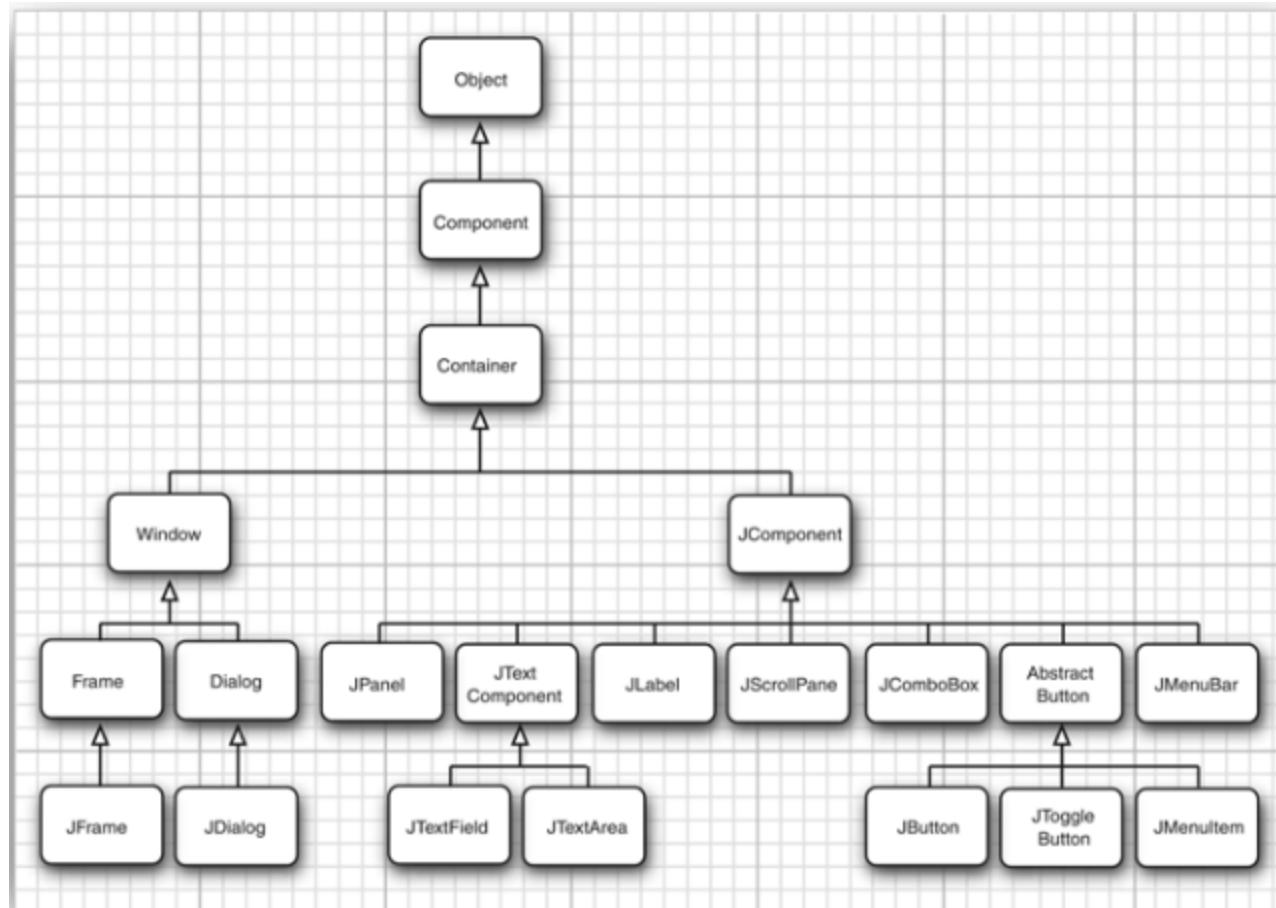
## java.awt.FlowLayout 1.0

- `FlowLayout()`
- `FlowLayout(int align)`
- `FlowLayout(int align, int hgap, int vgap)`  
constructs a new FlowLayout. The align parameter is one of LEFT, CENTER, or RIGHT.

## java.awt.GridLayout 1.0

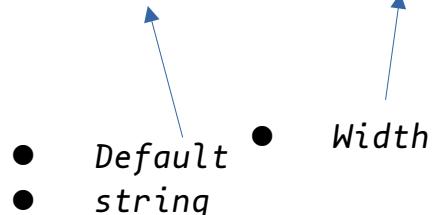
- `GridLayout(int rows, int columns)`
- `GridLayout(int rows, int columns, int hgap, int vgap)`  
constructs a new GridLayout. One of rows and columns (but not both) may be zero, denoting an arbitrary number of components per row or column.

# Component Inheritances



# Text Input

```
var panel = new JPanel();
var textField = new JTextField("Default input", 20);
panel.add(textField);
```



- *JTextField* vs *JTextArea*

Single line vs a block.

## javax.swing.text.JTextComponent 1.2

- String getText()
- void setText(String text)

gets or sets the text of this text component.

- boolean isEditable()
- void setEditable(boolean b)

gets or sets the `editable` property that determines whether the user can edit the content of this text component.

# *Text Input*

```
var panel = new JPanel();
var textField = new JTextField("Default input", 20);
panel.add(textField);

textField.setColumns(10);
panel.revalidate();
```

- `revalidate()` method example of controller communicating with the views to change the text field area.

# Text Areas

```
textArea = new JTextArea(8, 40); // 8 lines of 40 columns each
```

```
textArea.setLineWrap(true); // long lines are wrapped
```

```
textArea = new JTextArea(8, 40);
var scrollPane = new JScrollPane(textArea);
```

## javax.swing.JScrollPane 1.2

- `JScrollPane(Component c)`

creates a scroll pane that displays the content of the specified component. Scrollbars are supplied when the component is larger than the view.

## javax.swing.JTextArea 1.2

- `JTextArea()`
- `JTextArea(int rows, int cols)`
- `JTextArea(String text, int rows, int cols)`

constructs a new text area.
- `void setColumns(int cols)`

tells the text area the preferred number of columns it should use.
- `void setRows(int rows)`

tells the text area the preferred number of rows it should use.
- `void append(String newText)`

appends the given text to the end of the text already in the text area.
- `void setLineWrap(boolean wrap)`

turns line wrapping on or off.

## javax.swing.JTextArea 1.2 (Continued)

- `void setWrapStyleWord(boolean word)`

If `word` is `true`, long lines are wrapped at word boundaries. If it is `false`, long lines are broken without taking word boundaries into account.
- `void setTabSize(int c)`

sets tab stops every `c` columns. Note that the tabs aren't converted to spaces but cause alignment with the next tab stop.

# *Password Fields - Type of Text Fields*

## **javax.swing.JPasswordField 1.2**

- `JPasswordField(String text, int columns)`

constructs a new password field.

- `void setEchoChar(char echo)`

sets the echo character for this password field. This is advisory; a particular look-and-feel may insist on its own choice of echo character. A value of 0 resets the echo character to the default.

- `char[] getPassword()`

returns the text contained in this password field. For stronger security, you should overwrite the content of the returned array after use. (The password is not returned as a String because a string would stay in the virtual machine until it is garbage-collected.)

# Text Areas

```
textArea = new JTextArea(8, 40); // 8 lines of 40 columns each
```

```
textArea.setLineWrap(true); // long lines are wrapped
```

```
textArea = new JTextArea(8, 40);
var scrollPane = new JScrollPane(textArea);
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## javax.swing.JScrollPane 1.2

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## javax.swing.JTextArea 1.2

- `JTextArea()`
- `JTextArea(int rows, int cols)`
- `JTextArea(String text, int rows, int cols)`

constructs a new text area.
- `void setColumns(int cols)`

tells the text area the preferred number of columns it should use.
- `void setRows(int rows)`

tells the text area the preferred number of rows it should use.
- `void append(String newText)`

appends the given text to the end of the text already in the text area.
- `void setLineWrap(boolean wrap)`

turns line wrapping on or off.

## javax.swing.JTextArea 1.2 (Continued)

- `void setWrapStyleWord(boolean word)`

If `word` is `true`, long lines are wrapped at word boundaries. If it is `false`, long lines are broken without taking word boundaries into account.
- `void setTabSize(int c)`

sets tab stops every `c` columns. Note that the tabs aren't converted to spaces but cause alignment with the next tab stop.

# Text Areas

```
1 package text;
2
3 import java.awt.BorderLayout;
4 import java.awt.GridLayout;
5
6 import javax.swing.JButton;
7 import javax.swing.JFrame;
8 import javax.swing.JLabel;
9 import javax.swing.JPanel;
10 import javax.swing.JPasswordField;
11 import javax.swing.JScrollPane;
12 import javax.swing.JTextArea;
13 import javax.swing.JTextField;
14 import javax.swing.SwingConstants;
15
16 /**
17  * A frame with sample text components.
18 */
19 public class TextComponentFrame extends JFrame
20 {
21     public static final int TEXTAREA_ROWS = 8;
22     public static final int TEXTAREA_COLUMNS = 20;
23
24     public TextComponentFrame()
25     {
26         var textField = new JTextField();
27         var passwordField = new JPasswordField();
28
29         var northPanel = new JPanel();
30         northPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(2, 2));
31         northPanel.add(new JLabel("User name: ", SwingConstants.RIGHT));
32
33         northPanel.add(textField);
34         northPanel.add(new JLabel("Password: ", SwingConstants.RIGHT));
35         northPanel.add(passwordField);
36
37         add(northPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
38
39         var textArea = new JTextArea(TEXTAREA_ROWS, TEXTAREA_COLUMNS);
40         var scrollPane = new JScrollPane(textArea);
41
42         add(scrollPane, BorderLayout.CENTER);
43
44         // add button to append text into the text area
45
46         var southPanel = new JPanel();
47
48         var insertButton = new JButton("Insert");
49         southPanel.add(insertButton);
50         insertButton.addActionListener(event ->
51             textArea.append("User name: " + textField.getText() + " Password: "
52                         + new String(passwordField.getPassword()) + "\n"));
53
54         add(southPanel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
55
56     }
57 }
```

---

# Labels

- Labels hold text. No decorations like boundaries.  
Never react to user input.

## `javax.swing.JLabel` 1.2

```
• JLabel(String text)                                var label = new JLabel("User name: ", SwingConstants.RIGHT);  
• JLabel(Icon icon)                                 var label = new JLabel("User name: ", JLabel.RIGHT);  
• JLabel(String text, int align)  
• JLabel(String text, Icon icon, int align)
```

constructs a label. The align parameter is one of the `SwingConstants` constants `LEFT` (default), `CENTER`, or `RIGHT`.

- `String getText()`
- `void setText(String text)`  
gets or sets the text of this label.
- `Icon getIcon()`
- `void setIcon(Icon icon)`

gets or sets the icon of this label.

# Checkboxes

- Used to collect options.
- Come with labels that identify them.
- Upon checking action is triggered as an ActionEvent.



```
bold = new JCheckBox("Bold");
```

```
bold.setSelected(true);
```

```
ActionListener listener = . . .;  
bold.addActionListener(listener);  
italic.addActionListener(listener);
```

```
ActionListener listener = event -> {  
    int mode = 0;  
    if (bold.isSelected()) mode += Font.BOLD;  
    if (italic.isSelected()) mode += Font.ITALIC;  
    label.setFont(new Font(Font.SERIF, mode, FONTSIZE));  
};
```

# Radio Buttons

- Used to select one of several options.
- Event notification on clicking the button.

- *Button Label* • *Selected/Unselected*

```
var group = new ButtonGroup();
var smallButton = new JRadioButton("Small", false);
group.add(smallButton);

var mediumButton = new JRadioButton("Medium", true);
group.add(mediumButton);
...
```

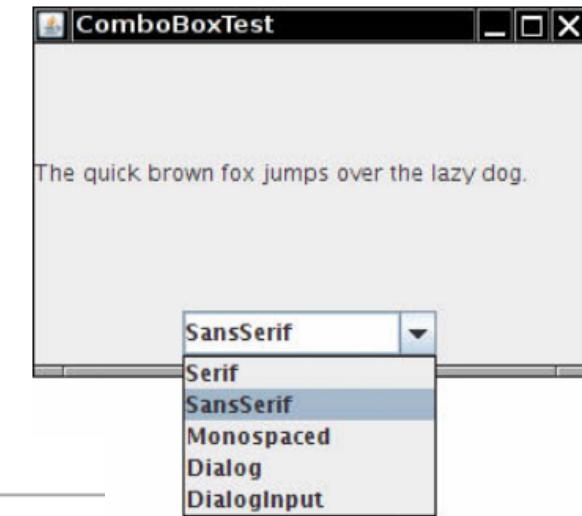


# Radio Buttons

```
1 package radioButton;
2
3 import java.awt.*;
4 import java.awt.event.*;
5 import javax.swing.*;
6
7 /**
8 * A frame with a sample text label and radio buttons for selecting font size
9 */
10 public class RadioButtonFrame extends JFrame
11 {
12     private JPanel buttonPanel;
13     private ButtonGroup group;
14     private JLabel label;
15     private static final int DEFAULT_SIZE = 36;
16
17     public RadioButtonFrame()
18     {
19         // add the sample text label
20
21         label = new JLabel("The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.");
22         label.setFont(new Font("Serif", Font.PLAIN, DEFAULT_SIZE));
23
24         add(label, BorderLayout.CENTER);
25
26         // add the radio buttons
27
28         buttonPanel = new JPanel();
29         group = new ButtonGroup();
30
31         addRadioButton("Small", 8);
32         addRadioButton("Medium", 12);
33         addRadioButton("Large", 18);
34         addRadioButton("Extra large", 36);
35
36         add(buttonPanel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
37         pack();
38
39     /**
40      * Adds a radio button that sets the font size of the sample text.
41      * @param name the string to appear on the button
42      * @param size the font size that this button sets
43      */
44     public void addRadioButton(String name, int size)
45     {
46         boolean selected = size == DEFAULT_SIZE;
47         var button = new JRadioButton(name, selected);
48         group.add(button);
49         buttonPanel.add(button);
50
51         // this listener sets the label font size
52
53         ActionListener listener = event -> label.setFont(new Font("Serif", Font.PLAIN, size));
54
55         button.addActionListener(listener);
56     }
57 }
```

# Combo Boxes

- Alternatives to give to users.
- E.g. font selections.
- Event on selection.
- JComboBox



## javax.swing.JComboBox 1.2

- boolean `isEditable()`
- void `setEditable(boolean b)`  
gets or sets the editable property of this combo box.
- void `addItem(Object item)`  
adds an item to the item list.
- void `insertItemAt(Object item, int index)`  
inserts an item into the item list at a given index.
- void `removeItem(Object item)`  
removes an item from the item list.
- void `removeItemAt(int index)`  
removes the item at an index.
- void `removeAllItems()`  
removes all items from the item list.
- Object `getSelectedItem()`  
returns the currently selected item.

# Combo Boxes

```
var faceCombo = new JComboBox<String>();
faceCombo.addItem("Serif");
faceCombo.addItem("SansSerif");
. . .
```

- Create a JComboBox of Strings

- One can add items anywhere in the combobox list.

```
faceCombo.insertItem("Monospaced", 0); // add at the beginning
```

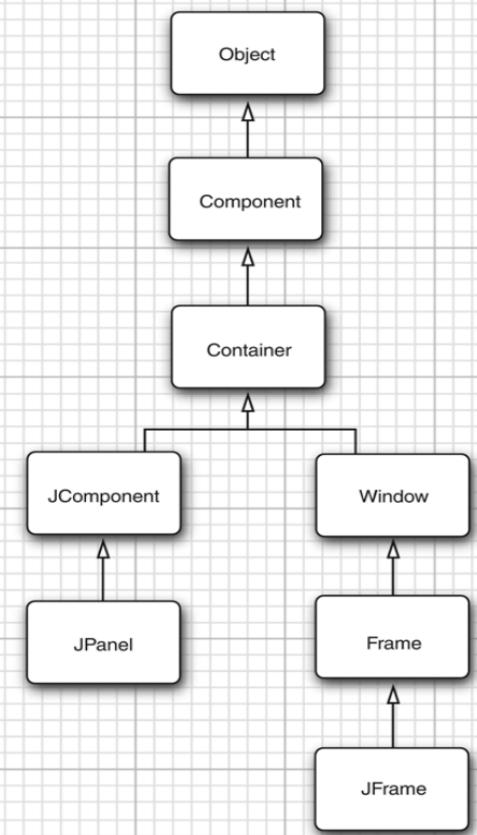
- Remove items from the combobox

```
faceCombo.removeItem("Monospaced");
faceCombo.removeItemAt(0); // remove first item
```

# Combo Boxes

```
1 package comboBox;
2
3 import java.awt.BorderLayout;
4 import java.awt.Font;
5
6 import javax.swing.JComboBox;
7 import javax.swing.JFrame;
8 import javax.swing.JLabel;
9 import javax.swing.JPanel;
10
11 /**
12  * A frame with a sample text label and a combo box for
13  * selecting font faces.
14 */
15 public class ComboBoxFrame extends JFrame
16 {
17     private JComboBox<String> faceCombo;
18     private JLabel label;
19     private static final int DEFAULT_SIZE = 24;
20
21     public ComboBoxFrame()
22     {
23         // add the sample text label
24         label = new JLabel("The quick brown fox jumps over the
25             lazy dog.");
26         label.setFont(new Font("Serif", Font.PLAIN,
27             DEFAULT_SIZE));
28         add(label, BorderLayout.CENTER);
29
30         // make a combo box and add face names
31         faceCombo = new JComboBox<>();
32         faceCombo.addItem("Serif");
33         faceCombo.addItem("SansSerif");
34         faceCombo.addItem("Monospaced");
35         faceCombo.addItem("Dialog");
36         faceCombo.addItem("DialogInput");
37
38         faceCombo.addActionListener(event ->
39             label.setFont(
40                 new
41                     new
42                         Font(faceCombo.getItemAt(faceCombo.getSelectedIndex()),
43                             Font.PLAIN, DEFAULT_SIZE)));
44
45         // add combo box to a panel at the frame's southern
46         border
47         var comboPanel = new JPanel();
48         comboPanel.add(faceCombo);
49         add(comboPanel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
50         pack();
51     }
52 }
```

# Frame Properties



## java.awt.Component 1.0

- `boolean isVisible()`
  - `void setVisible(boolean b)`
- resizes the component to the specified width and height.
- `void setLocation(int x, int y) 1.1`

moves the component to a new location. The `x` and `y` coordinates use the coordinates of the container if the component is not a top-level component, or the coordinates of the screen if the component is top level (for example, a `JFrame`).

- `void setBounds(int x, int y, int width, int height) 1.1`
  - `Dimension getSize() 1.1`
  - `void setSize(Dimension d) 1.1`
- gets or sets the size property of this component.

## java.awt.Window 1.0

- `void setLocationByPlatform(boolean b) 5`

gets or sets the `locationByPlatform` property. When the property is set before this window is displayed, the platform picks a suitable location.

## java.awt.Frame 1.0 (Continued)

- `Image getIconImage()`
- `void setIconImage(Image image)`

gets or sets the `iconImage` property that determines the icon for the frame. The windowing system may display the icon as part of the frame decoration or in other locations.

## java.awt.Frame 1.0 (Continued)

- `Image getIconImage()`
- `void setIconImage(Image image)`

gets or sets the `iconImage` property that determines the icon for the frame. The windowing system may display the icon as part of the frame decoration or in other locations.

## java.awt.Frame 1.0

- `boolean isResizable()`
- `void setResizable(boolean b)`

gets or sets the `resizable` property. When the property is set, the user can resize the frame.

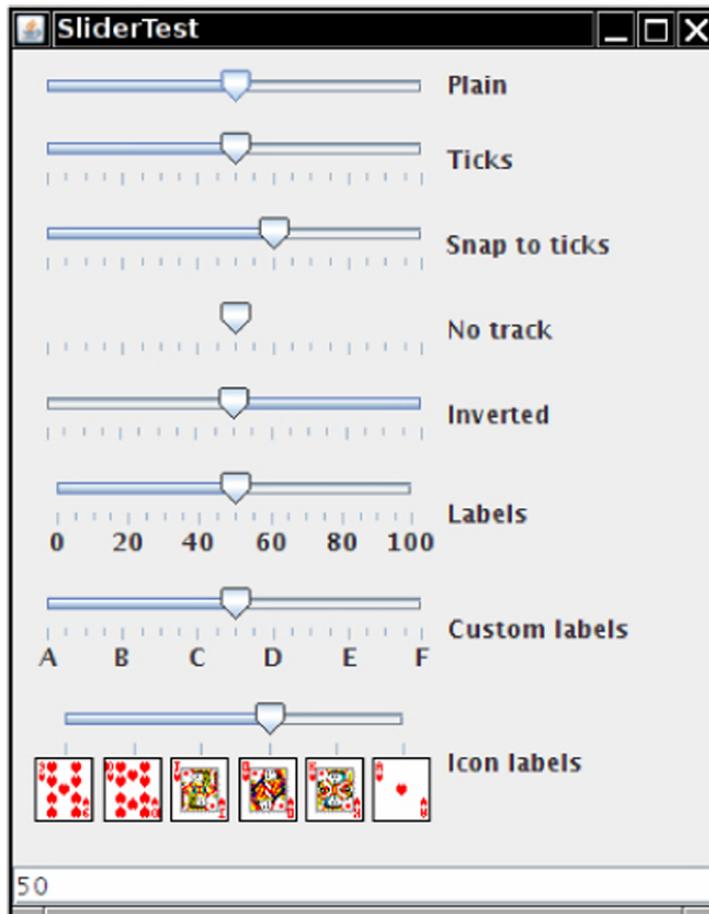
- `String getTitle()`
- `void setTitle(String s)`

gets or sets the `title` property that determines the text in the title bar for the frame.

# Combo Boxes

```
1 package comboBox;
2
3 import java.awt.BorderLayout;
4 import java.awt.Font;
5
6 import javax.swing.JComboBox;
7 import javax.swing.JFrame;
8 import javax.swing.JLabel;
9 import javax.swing.JPanel;
10
11 /**
12 * A frame with a sample text label and a combo box for selecting font faces.
13 */
14 public class ComboBoxFrame extends JFrame
15 {
16     private JComboBox<String> faceCombo;
17     private JLabel label;
18     private static final int DEFAULT_SIZE = 24;
19
20     public ComboBoxFrame()
21     {
22         // add the sample text label
23
24         label = new JLabel("The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.");
25         label.setFont(new Font("Serif", Font.PLAIN, DEFAULT_SIZE));
26         add(label, BorderLayout.CENTER);
27
28         // make a combo box and add face names
29
30         faceCombo = new JComboBox<>();
31         faceCombo.addItem("Serif");
32         faceCombo.addItem("SansSerif");
33         faceCombo.addItem("Monospaced");
34         faceCombo.addItem("Dialog");
35
36         // the combo box listener changes the label font to the selected face name
37         faceCombo.addActionListener(event ->
38             label.setFont(
39                 new Font(faceCombo.getItemAt(faceCombo.getSelectedIndex()),
40                     Font.PLAIN, DEFAULT_SIZE)));
41
42         // add combo box to a panel at the frame's southern border
43
44         var comboPanel = new JPanel();
45         comboPanel.add(faceCombo);
46         add(comboPanel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
47         pack();
48     }
49
50 }
51 }
```

# Sliders



```
var slider = new JSlider(min, max, initialValue);
```

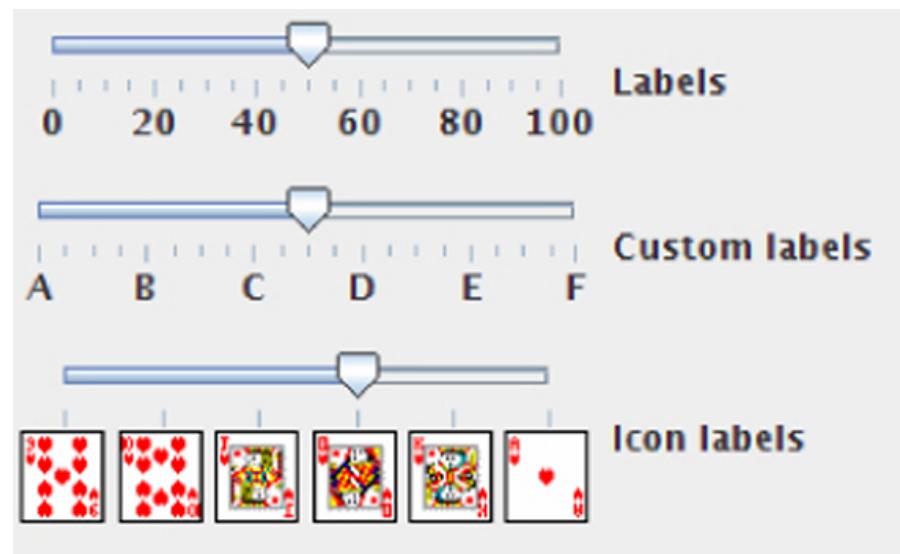
- If you omit it then the values become 0 and 100 by default.

```
ChangeListener listener = event ->
{
    JSlider slider = (JSlider) event.getSource();
    int value = slider.getValue();
    . . .
};
```

# Sliders

```
slider.setMajorTickSpacing(20);  
slider.setMinorTickSpacing(5);  
  
slider.setPaintTicks(true);  
slider.setPaintLabels(true);
```

- You can add ticks and change their spacings.  
Display using `setPaintTicks()` method.  
`setPaintLabels()` method displays the labels.



# Sliders

```
1 package slider;
2
3 import java.awt.*;
4 import java.util.*;
5 import javax.swing.*;
6 import javax.swing.event.*;
7
8 /**
9  * A frame with many sliders and a text field to show slider
values.
10 */
11 public class SliderFrame extends JFrame
12 {
13     private JPanel sliderPanel;
14     private JTextField textField;
15     private ChangeListener listener;
16
17     public SliderFrame()
18     {
19         sliderPanel = new JPanel();
20         sliderPanel.setLayout(new GridBagLayout());
21
22         // common listener for all sliders
23         listener = event ->
24             {
25                 // update text field when the slider value changes
26                 JSlider source = (JSlider) event.getSource();
27                 textField.setText(" " + source.getValue());
28             };
29
30         // add a plain slider
31
32         var slider = new JSlider();
33         addSlider(slider, "Plain");
34
35         // add a slider with major and minor ticks
36
37         slider = new JSlider();
38         slider.setPaintTicks(true);
39         slider.setMajorTickSpacing(20);
40         slider.setMinorTickSpacing(5);
41         addSlider(slider, "Ticks");
42
43         // add a slider that snaps to ticks
44
45         slider = new JSlider();
46         slider.setPaintTicks(true);
47         slider.setSnapToTicks(true);
48
49         slider.setMajorTickSpacing(20);
50         slider.setMinorTickSpacing(5);
51         addSlider(slider, "Snap to ticks");
52
53         // add a slider with no track
```

# Sliders

```
53
54     slider = new JSlider();
55     slider.setPaintTicks(true);
56     slider.setMajorTickSpacing(20);
57     slider.setMinorTickSpacing(5);
58     slider.setPaintTrack(false);
59     addSlider(slider, "No track");
60
61 // add an inverted slider
62
63     slider = new JSlider();
64     slider.setPaintTicks(true);
65     slider.setMajorTickSpacing(20);
66     slider.setMinorTickSpacing(5);
67     slider.setInverted(true);
68     addSlider(slider, "Inverted");
69
70 // add a slider with numeric labels
71
72     slider = new JSlider();
73     slider.setPaintTicks(true);
74     slider.setPaintLabels(true);
75     slider.setMajorTickSpacing(20);
76     slider.setMinorTickSpacing(5);
77     addSlider(slider, "Labels");
78
79 // add a slider with alphabetic labels
80
81     slider = new JSlider();
82     slider.setPaintLabels(true);
83     slider.setPaintTicks(true);
84     slider.setMajorTickSpacing(20);
85     slider.setMinorTickSpacing(5);
86
87     var labelTable = new Hashtable<Integer, Component>();
88     labelTable.put(0, new JLabel("A"));
89     labelTable.put(20, new JLabel("B"));
90     labelTable.put(40, new JLabel("C"));
91     labelTable.put(60, new JLabel("D"));
92     labelTable.put(80, new JLabel("E"));
93     labelTable.put(100, new JLabel("F"));
94
95     slider.setLabelTable(labelTable);
96     addSlider(slider, "Custom labels");
97
98 // add a slider with icon labels
99
100    slider = new JSlider();
101    slider.setPaintTicks(true);
102    slider.setPaintLabels(true);
103    slider.setSnapToTicks(true);
104    slider.setMajorTickSpacing(20);
105    slider.setMinorTickSpacing(20);
```

# Sliders

```
106
107     labelTable = new Hashtable<Integer, Component>();
108
109     // add card images
110
111     labelTable.put(0, new JLabel(new
ImageIcon("nine.gif")));
112     labelTable.put(20, new JLabel(new
ImageIcon("ten.gif")));
113     labelTable.put(40, new JLabel(new
ImageIcon("jack.gif")));
114     labelTable.put(60, new JLabel(new
ImageIcon("queen.gif")));
115     labelTable.put(80, new JLabel(new
ImageIcon("king.gif")));
116     labelTable.put(100, new JLabel(new
ImageIcon("ace.gif")));
117
118     slider.setLabelTable(labelTable);
119     addSlider(slider, "Icon labels");
120
121     // add the text field that displays the slider value
122
123     textField = new JTextField();
124     add(sliderPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
125     add(textField, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
126     pack();
127 }
128
129 /**
130  * Adds a slider to the slider panel and hooks up the
131  * listener
132  * @param slider the slider
133  * @param description the slider description
134  */
135 public void addSlider(JSlider slider, String description)
136 {
137     slider.addChangeListener(listener);
138     var panel = new JPanel();
139     panel.add(slider);
140     panel.add(new JLabel(description));
141     panel.setAlignmentX(Component.LEFT_ALIGNMENT);
142     var gbc = new GridBagConstraints();
143     gbc.gridx = sliderPanel.getComponentCount();
144     gbc.anchor = GridBagConstraints.WEST;
145     sliderPanel.add(panel, gbc);
146 }
```

# Menus

- *Menu bars > Menu items > Submenu items*

```
var menuBar = new JMenuBar();
```

```
var editMenu = new JMenu("Edit");
```

```
menuBar.add(editMenu);
```

```
var pasteItem = new JMenuItem("Paste");
```

```
editMenu.add(pasteItem);
```

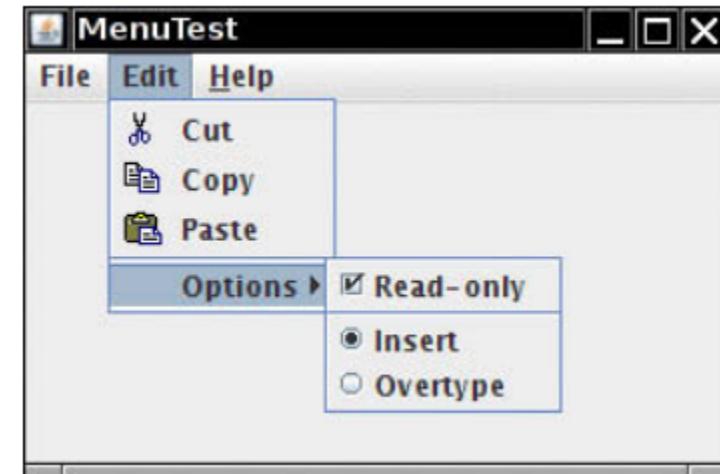
```
editMenu.addSeparator();
```

```
JMenu optionsMenu = . . .; // a submenu
```

```
editMenu.add(optionsMenu);
```

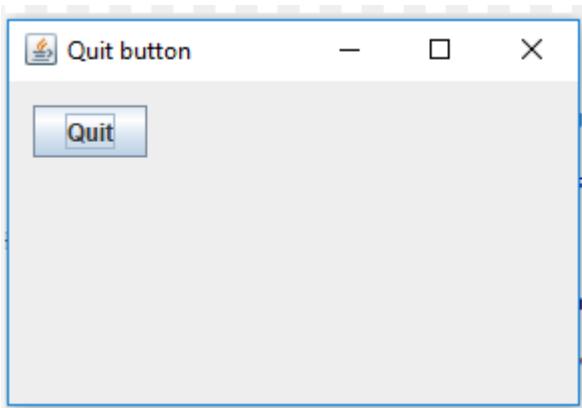
```
ActionListener listener = . . .;
```

```
pasteItem.addActionListener(listener);
```



# Menus

- Using menus to trigger exit action.



```
var exitAction = new AbstractAction("Exit") // menu item text  
goes here  
{  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event)  
    {  
        // action code goes here  
        System.exit(0);  
    }  
};  
  
var exitItem = new JMenuItem(exitAction);  
fileMenu.add(exitItem);
```

# Menus

```
1 package menu;
2
3 import java.awt.event.*;
4 import javax.swing.*;
5
6 /**
7  * A frame with a sample menu bar.
8 */
9 public class MenuFrame extends JFrame
10 {
11     private static final int DEFAULT_WIDTH = 300;
12     private static final int DEFAULT_HEIGHT = 200;
13     private Action saveAction;
14     private Action saveAsAction;
15     private JCheckBoxMenuItem readonlyItem;
16     private JPopupMenu popup;
17
18 /**
19  * A sample action that prints the action name to
System.out.
20 */
21     class TestAction extends AbstractAction
22     {
23         public TestAction(String name)
24         {
25             super(name);
26         }
27
28         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event)
29         {
30             System.out.println(getValue(Action.NAME) + " "
selected.");
31         }
32     }
33
34     public MenuFrame()
35     {
36         setSize(DEFAULT_WIDTH, DEFAULT_HEIGHT);
37
38         var fileMenu = new JMenu("File");
39         fileMenu.add(new TestAction("New"));
40
41         // demonstrate accelerators
42
43         var openItem = fileMenu.add(new TestAction("Open"));
44         openItem.setAccelerator(KeyStroke.getKeyStroke("ctrl
O"));
45
46         fileMenu.addSeparator();
47
48         saveAction = new TestAction("Save");
49         JMenuItem saveItem = fileMenu.add(saveAction);
50         saveItem.setAccelerator(KeyStroke.getKeyStroke("ctrl
S"));
51
52         saveAsAction = new TestAction("Save As");
53         fileMenu.add(saveAsAction);
54         fileMenu.addSeparator();
55
56         fileMenu.add(new AbstractAction("Exit")
57         {
58             public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event)
59             {
60                 System.exit(0);
61             }
62         });
63
64         // demonstrate checkbox and radio button menus
65
66         readonlyItem = new JCheckBoxMenuItem("Read-only");
67     }
68 }
```

# Menus

```
67     readonlyItem.addActionListener(new ActionListener())
68     {
69         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event)
70         {
71             boolean saveOk = !readonlyItem.isSelected();
72             saveAction.setEnabled(saveOk);
73             saveAsAction.setEnabled(saveOk);
74         }
75     });
76
77     var group = new ButtonGroup();
78
79     var insertItem = new JRadioButtonMenuItem("Insert");
80     insertItem.setSelected(true);
81     var overtypeItem = new
JRadioButtonMenuItem("Overtype");
82
83     group.add(insertItem);
84     group.add(overtypeItem);
85
86     // demonstrate icons
87
88     var cutAction = new TestAction("Cut");
89     cutAction.putValue(Action.SMALL_ICON, new
ImageIcon("cut.gif"));
90     var copyAction = new TestAction("Copy");
91     copyAction.putValue(Action.SMALL_ICON, new
ImageIcon("copy.gif"));
92     var pasteAction = new TestAction("Paste");
93     pasteAction.putValue(Action.SMALL_ICON, new
ImageIcon("paste.gif"));
94
95     var editMenu = new JMenu("Edit");
96     editMenu.add(cutAction);
97     editMenu.add(copyAction);
98     editMenu.add(pasteAction);
99
100    // demonstrate nested menus
102
103    var optionMenu = new JMenu("Options");
104    optionMenu.add(readonlyItem);
105    optionMenu.addSeparator();
106    optionMenu.add(insertItem);
107    optionMenu.add(overtypeItem);
108
109    editMenu.addSeparator();
110    editMenu.add(optionMenu);
111
112    // demonstrate mnemonics
113
114    var helpMenu = new JMenu("Help");
115    helpMenu.setMnemonic('H');
116
117    var indexItem = new JMenuItem("Index");
118    indexItem.setMnemonic('I');
119    helpMenu.add(indexItem);
120
121    // you can also add the mnemonic key to an action
122    var aboutAction = new TestAction("About");
123    aboutAction.putValue(Action.MNEMONIC_KEY,
Integer.valueOf('A'));
124    helpMenu.add(aboutAction);
125
126    // add all top-level menus to menu bar
127
128    var menuBar = new JMenuBar();
129    setJMenuBar(menuBar);
130
131    menuBar.add(fileMenu);
132    menuBar.add(editMenu);
133    menuBar.add(helpMenu);
134
135    // demonstrate pop-ups
136
137    popup = new JPopupMenu();
138    popup.add(cutAction);
139    popup.add(copyAction);
```

# Menus

```
140     popup.add(pasteAction);
141
142     var panel = new JPanel();
143     panel.setComponentPopupMenu(popup);
144     add(panel);
145 }
146 }
```

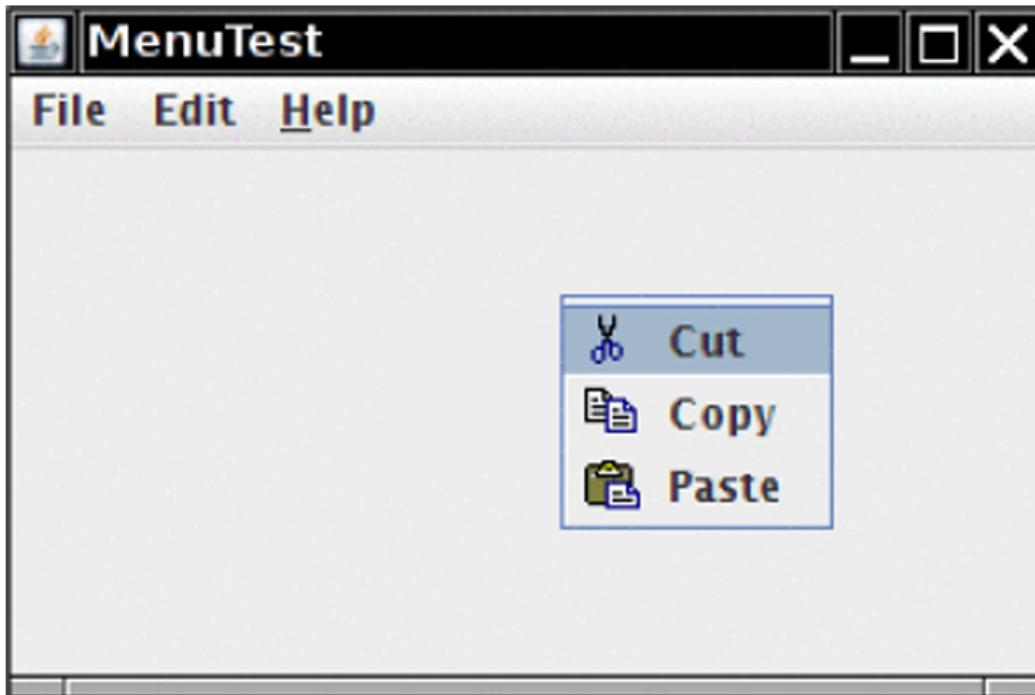
# *Checkboxes and Radio Buttons in Menu Items*

```
var readonlyItem = new JCheckBoxMenuItem("Read-only");
optionsMenu.add(readonlyItem);
```

```
var group = new ButtonGroup();
var insertItem = new JRadioButtonMenuItem("Insert");
insertItem.setSelected(true);
var overtypeItem = new JRadioButtonMenuItem("Overtype");
group.add(insertItem);
group.add(overtypeItem);
optionsMenu.add(insertItem);
optionsMenu.add(overtypeItem);
```

# Pop-Up Menus

- Floating menus not attached to a menu bar



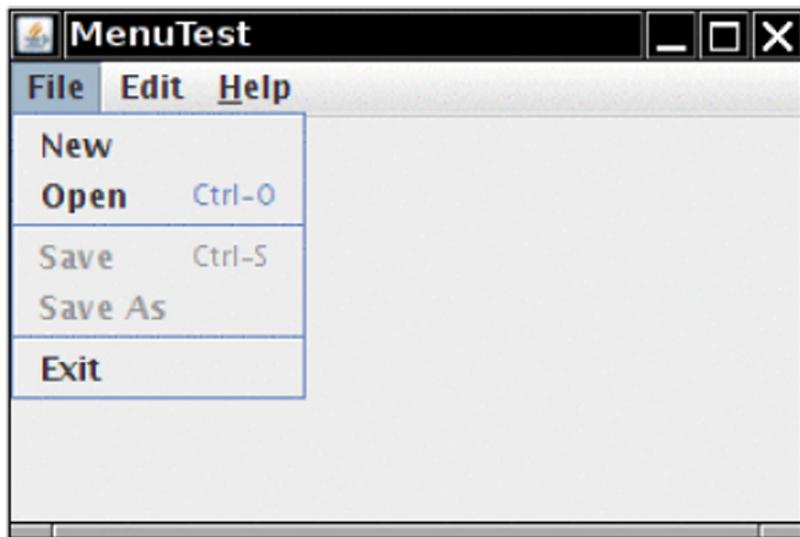
```
var popup = new JPopupMenu();
var item = new JMenuItem("Cut");
item.addActionListener(listener);
popup.add(item);

popup.show(panel, x, y);
```

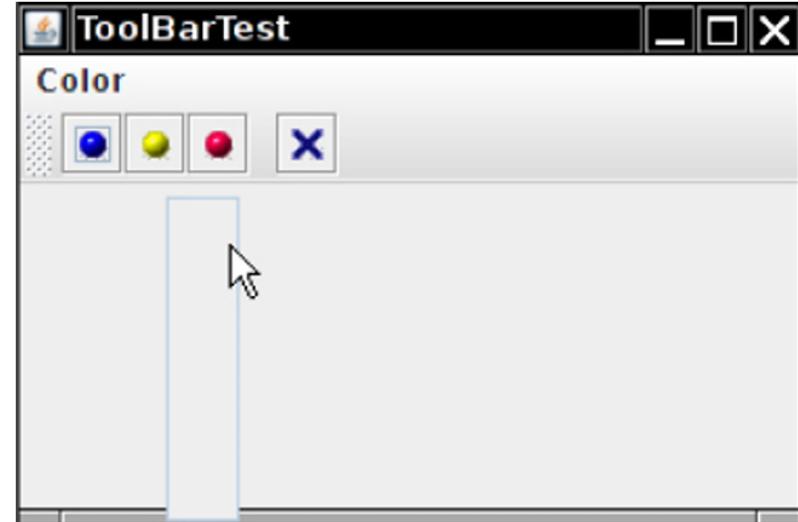
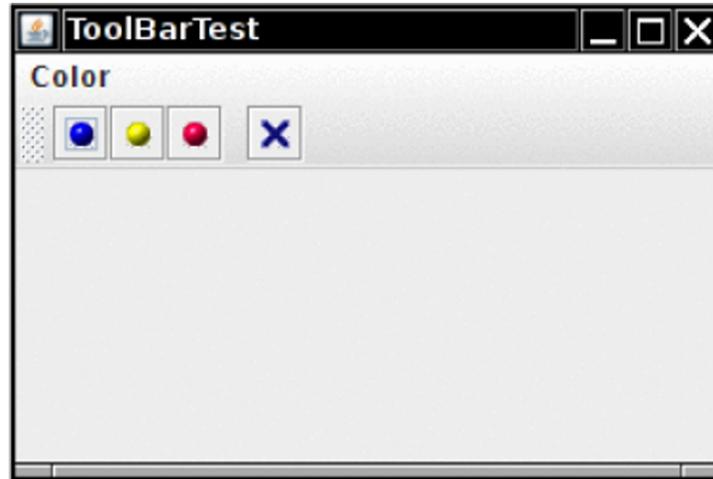
- Shows up when a user clicks on a Component.  
`component.setComponentPopupMenu(popup);`

# *Enabling and Disabling Menu Items*

```
saveItem.setEnabled(false);
```



# Toolbars



# *Toolbars*

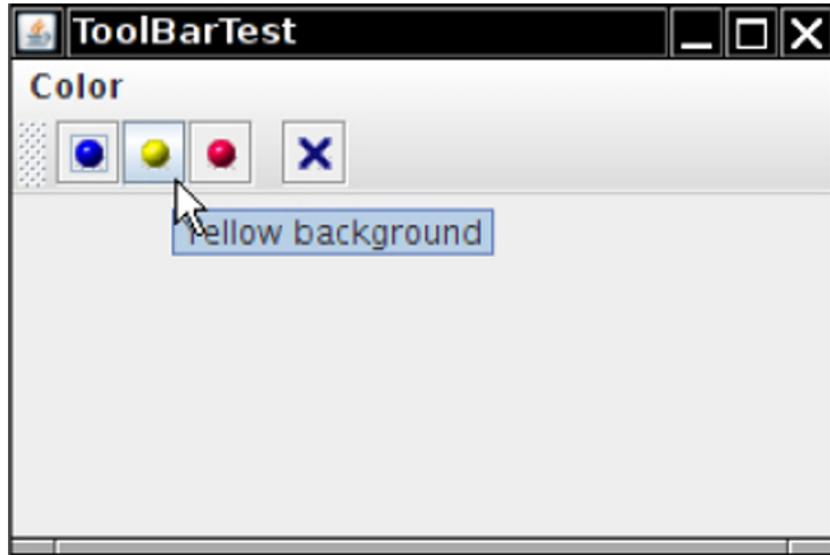
```
var toolbar = new JToolBar();
toolbar.add(blueButton);

toolbar.add(blueAction);

toolbar.addSeparator();

toolbar = new JToolBar(titleString);
```

# *Tooltip*



- Every JComponent has a built-in tooltip that can be shown using setToolTipText() method.

```
exitButton.setToolTipText("Exit");
```