

2024



Data Science and AI

Module 3 Part 2:

APIs



Agenda: Module 3 Part 2

- What is an API?
- APIs for data services
- APIs for analytic services
- APIs for visualisation services
- APIs for cognitive services
- Creating an API



What is an API?

- Definition, examples
- Interfaces
- Authentication protocols
- Documentation



What is an API?

- What does "API" stand for?
 - Application Programming Interface
- Examples?
 - automation in Microsoft Office
 - e.g. generating a Word document or an Outlook reminder from another application
 - high-level database drivers
 - e.g. PyMongo
 - programming libraries for mobile & wearable devices
 - programmable web services
 - other?



Use Cases for APIs

- integrate remote data access
 - repetitive analyses of an evolving dataset
 - up-to-the-moment forecasting



- location sharing using Google Maps
- simplified app login via Facebook
- in-app purchases
- in-app YouTube viewing











You Tube



Some Popular Web Service APIs

Name	Nature	URL
Facebook	Networking, marketing	https://developers.facebook.com/tools/
Amazon S3	Cloud storage, Big Data analytics	https://aws.amazon.com/s3/
LinkedIn	Networking	https://developer.linkedin.com/
eBay	E-commerce	https://developer.ebay.com/
Google API Console	Data access & analytics, e-commerce, etc.	https://developers.google.com/apis-explorer/#p/
New York Times	News	http://developer.nytimes.com/



Interfaces for Web Service APIs

SOAP

- Simple Object Access Protocol
- early, widespread web service protocol
- exposes components of application logic as services
- XML

REST

- Representational State Transfer
- now > 70% of public APIs
- accesses data
- variety of data formats, coupled with JSON
- generally faster and uses less bandwidth
- easier to integrate with existing websites

Overview of RESTful API Description Languages:

Overview of RESTful API Description Languages - Wikipedia

roll your own:

REST API Tutorial
API Management - Amazon API
Gateway - AWS



HTTP

- HyperText Transfer Protocol
- underlies RESTful APIs

- 4 major methods
 - GET fetches data from web server
 - PUT edits data on web server
 - POST adds new data
 - DELETE removes data

- HTTP Status Codes
 - 1xx informational
 - 2xx success
 - 3xx redirection
 - 4xx client error
 - 5xx server error

HTTP Status Codes



Elements of an API call

endpoint

 URL of a server page that provides data or functionality via *requests* and *responses*

protocol

• the communication standard for passing requests to an endpoint

authentication

- secure identification of user making request
- if a developer creates an app for other users, the app needs to obtain **authorisation** from the owner of the API for both the developer's access *and* the user's access



Authentication Protocols

- HTTP Basic Access Authentication
 - username + password
 - transmitted in header of HTTP request
 - weakly encoded, no encryption
- OAuth 1.0
 - uses encrypted tokens
- OAuth 2.0
 - simpler, more robust than OAuth 1.0



OAuth 2.0

- token-based
 - e.g. client_id & client_secret
 - allows a 3rd-party app to access a user's/developer's account without knowing the account password
 - allows an end-user to access an API via **your** app, using **their** token
- redirect URL
 - registered when app created
 - OAuth 2.0 service **returns user to this URL** after authorising (and issuing a user token)
 - protects access token from interception

Background - OAuth 2.0 Simplified



Developer Access

- some API's have a developer mode that may allow access without requesting a user token
- options for connect/request include:
 - use developer's *user_id* and *password*
 - use *app_id*, developer's *client_id*, developer's *secret*
- access granted may include
 - read developer's posts, comments, profile, etc.
 - post to developer's account
 - read other users' posts, comments, profiles, etc.



Python Libraries: Utilities

requests

- HTTP library ("elegant and simple")
- http://www.python-requests.org/en/latest/
- returns JSON-formatted byte strings

json

- JSON ↔ lists, dictionaries
- https://docs.python.org/2/library/json.html

untangle, xmltodict

parses XML to Pythonic data structures

BeautifulSoup (bs4)

parses HTML, XML to Pythonic data structures



Python Libraries: API Wrappers

- simplify usage of APIs by introducing a Python API into the loop
- use data types & structures familiar to Python developers

```
pyfacebook
linkedin
praw (Reddit)
bucketstore (Amazon S3)
python-forecastio (weather)
foursquare (location-based networking)
```

```
GooPyCharts (Google Charts)
indeed (indeed.com)
kiteconnect (stock trading)
pymaps (Google Maps)
pymed (PubMed)
pyspotify (Spotify)
```

rottentomatoes
(crowd-based movie
reviews)

sportradar (sport APIs)

tesserocr (OCR)

bowshock (NASA)

geopy (geocoding)

<u>List of Python API Wrappers and Libraries</u>



Lab 3.2.1: Querying the ISS

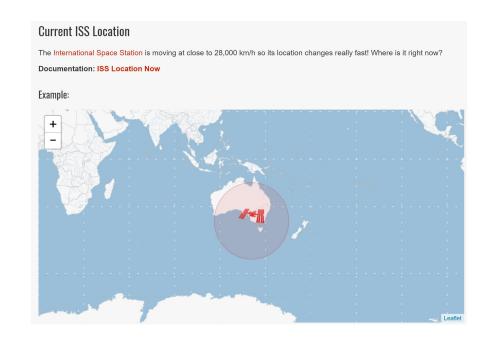
- Purpose:
 - To become familiar with basic API requests and responses
- Resources:
 - API for the International Space Station:
 - **OpenNotify**

Open Notify -- API Documentation

• HTTP response codes

HTTP Status Codes

- Materials:
 - 'Lab 3.2.1.ipynb'





Extracting Data from APIs

- Reddit API
- Google Public Data and BigQuery API



Reddit API

- Introduction to Reddit
- API structure
- Developer access
- Reddit API: Using Python

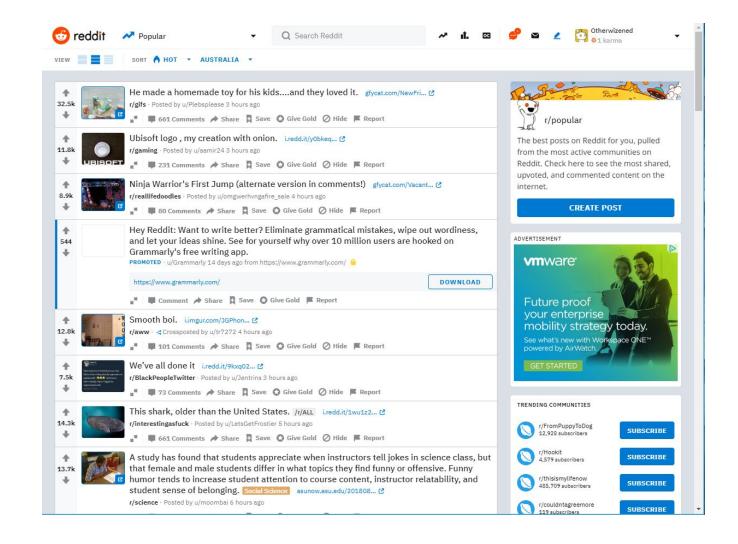




Reddit

- why Reddit?
 - good example of a social media product
 - rich content
 - large user base
 - highly structured API
 - immediately accessible

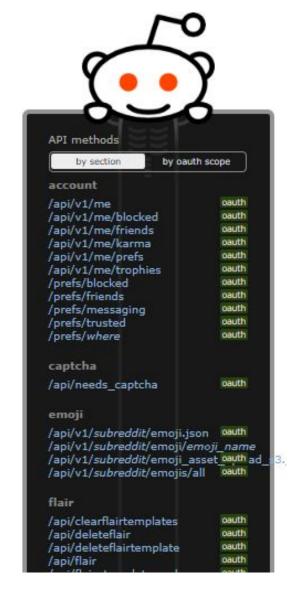
faq - reddit.com





Reddit API

- Account endpoints:
 - me, me/friends, me/prefs, ...
- Links & comments endpoint:
 - comment, vote, report, ...
- Listing endpoints:
 - categories
 - hot, new, random, ...
 - navigation (pagination) and filtering
 - before, after, count, show
- and many more ...



reddit.com: api documentation



Reddit API: Developer Access

- 1. Open a Reddit user account
- 2. Create a Reddit app
- 3. Register the app for API access
- 4. Store your credentials
 - for accessing your account:
 - user name
 - password
 - for authenticating your app:
 - user agent (information describing your app)
 - client ID (a unique identifier for your app)
 - client secret (secure token for authorising your app to access the API)



Reddit API: Using Python

- install PRAW package
- import praw
- create a connection object (to Reddit API)
- invoke API methods on the connection object
 - send requests that GET or PUT data to/from Reddit objects
- do something with data!

r/popular

faq - reddit.com

Quick Start - PRAW 7.7.1 documentation



Lab 3.2.2: Mining Social Media with Reddit

- Purpose:
 - To develop skills in using a media-rich API
- Resources:
 - Python library for Reddit API: PRAW
 Quick Start PRAW 7.7.1 documentation
- Materials:
 - 'Lab 3.2.2.ipynb'





Google Cloud Platform

- public data sets / BigQuery
- APIs based on data science products





Google Cloud Platform

Google Cloud SDK	 gcloud CLI overview Google Cloud CLI Documentation Initializing the gcloud CLI Google Cloud CLI Documentation 	
Google Cloud Platform	 GitHub - GoogleCloudPlatform/python-docs-samples: Code samples used on cloud.google.com https://googlecloudplatform.github.io/google-cloud-python/ https://googlecloudplatform.github.io/google-cloud-python/latest/ 	
Google API Client Libraries	https://developers.google.com/api-client-library/	
Google BigQuery	 BigQuery public datasets Google Cloud Query a public dataset with the Google Cloud console BigQuery API Client Libraries Google Cloud Query a public dataset with the BigQuery client libraries Google Cloud https://github.com/googleapis/google-cloud-python/tree/main/bigquery 	



Google Public Data sets

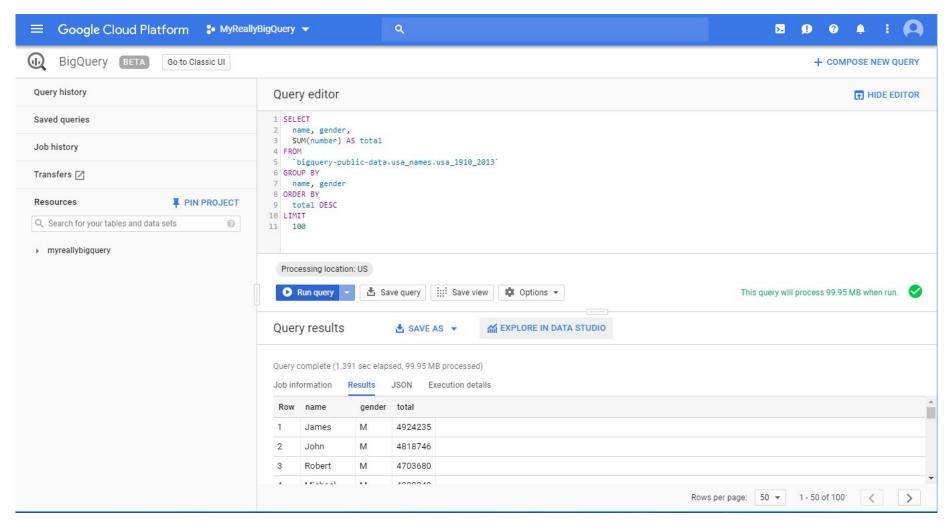
- accessible via Google BigQuery
- free for 1st TB / month
- subject areas:
 - genomics
 - medicine & epidemiology
 - geo imagery (Earth science, weather, etc.)
 - transport & service utilisation
 - annotated images
 - etc.
- Datasets and pre-built solutions | Google Cloud



Google BigQuery

Quickstart to BigQuery Web UI:

Query a public dataset with the Google Cloud console | BigQuery





BigQuery API: Authentication

Service accounts

- for client apps that you will run
 - e.g. dev/test, batch processing pipelines
- authentication via your service credentials

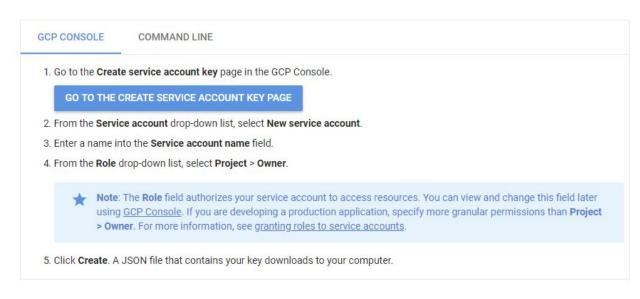
User accounts

- for apps you create for other end-users
 - e.g. data products
- authentication via end-users credentials
 - app can only access BigQuery tables that the end-user is authorised to access
 - end-user gets billed for queries

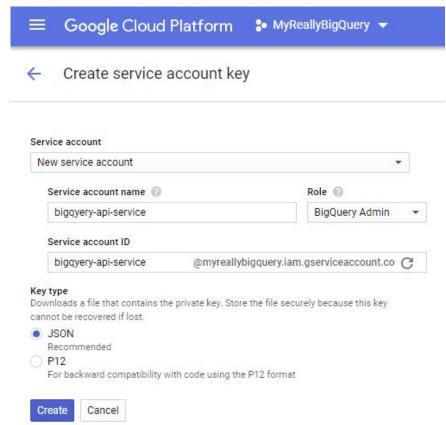
Authenticate to BigQuery | Google Cloud



BigQuery API: Authentication - cont'd

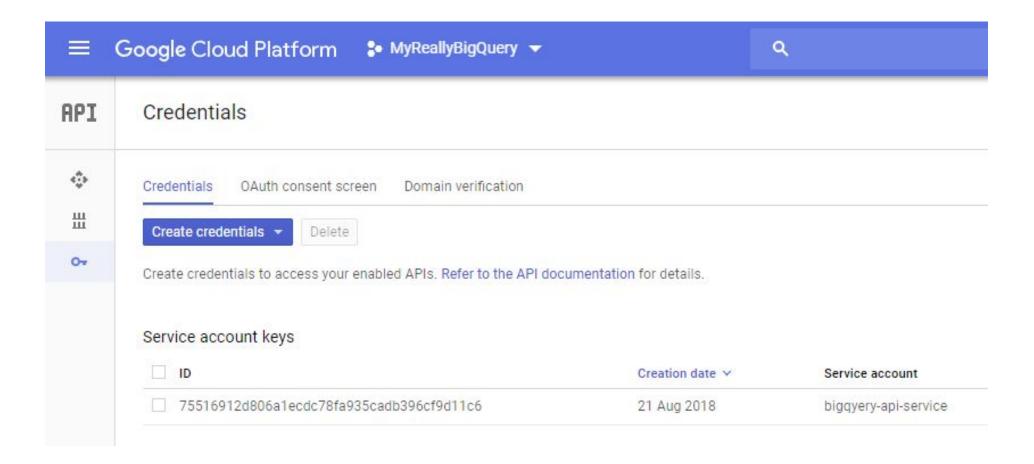


Authentication methods at Google





BigQuery API: Authentication — cont'd





Google BigQuery API: Top-Level Object

client object:

- connection
 - authenticated connection to the BigQuery service
 - determines credentials
 - implicitly from the environment,
 - or directly via from_service_account_json and from_service_account_p12

project

- top-level container
- tied to billing
- can provide default access control across all its datasets
- access control list (ACL)
 - grants reader / writer / owner permission to one or more entities
 - must be managed using the Google Developer Console (not API)



BigQuery API Object Hierarchy

```
bigquery
    .projects
    .datasets
        .get, .delete, .insert, .list, .update, ...
    .tabledata
    .tables
    .jobs
        .get, .cancel, .insert, .list, .query, ...
    . . .
Google APIs Explorer
```

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Lab 3.2.3: Big Data Analytics with BigQuery

• Purpose:

- (1) To learn how to the Google BigQuery Web UI for discovering public data sets and performing basic analytics.
- (2) To become proficient with the Google BigQuery API for wrangling Google's public datasets.

Materials:

• 'Lab 3.2.3.ipynb'





Lab 3.2.3 - cont'd

- Python packages :
 - pyarrow (pip)
 - google-cloud-bigquery (conda-forge)
 - google-cloud-storage (conda-forge)
- Resources:
 - Google BigQuery Public Datasets <u>BigQuery public datasets | Google Cloud</u>
 - BigQuery UI Query a public dataset with the Google Cloud console | BigQuery
 - Python client for BigQuery API https://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/google-cloud-python/tree/master/bigquery



Discussion

- Extracting data using APIs
 - applications?



Lab/ HOMEWORK

- 1. Create a mini-project based on any skills from the course so far:
 - select an interesting public data set or form a question you are interested answer and identify data needed to answer the question
 - use Jupyter Notebook to access, analyse and visualise the data
- 2. Prepare a 5-minute presentation
 - use Jupyter Notebook
 - organise as:
 - question
 - dataset & analysis
 - conclusion
- 3. plan to present to the class



Presentations

- each team
 - 5 minute presentation



Analytics-Based APIs

Google

- Google Analytics | Google for Developers
- Computer vision: Al applications | Google Cloud
- Product Directory: AI & Machine Learning | Google Cloud

IBM Watson

- IBM Watson
- GitHub watson-developer-cloud/python-sdk: :snake: Client library to use the IBM Watson services in Python and available in pip as watson-developer-cloud
- https://www-01.ibm.com/common/ssi/cgi-bin/ssialias?subtype=SP&infotype=PM&htmlfid=LBS03048USEN&attachment=LBS03048USEN.PDF



Analytics-Based APIs - cont'd

AWS

- AWS SDK for Python (Boto3)
 - low-level ("client") and high-level ("resource") APIs for all AWS products
- Google APIs Explorer
- Azure
 - Code samples, Cognitive Services API, etc.
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/python/azure/?view=azure-python
 - Python API Browser
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-au/python/api/?view=azure-python



Machine Vision APIs

- use cases:
 - autonomous vehicles
 - industrial control & QA
 - face recognition
 - number plate recognition
 - biometric identity verification
 - print & handwriting transcription
 - image annotation
 - detecting and labelling objects or themes in an image



Creating APIs

- Why would a data scientist/engineer want to create their own API?
 - for building an interface to your data product
 - for enforcing control over how your application's data and services can be used
 - for isolating the IP that your data product is based on
- References:
 - Application Programming Interfaces Full Stack Python



Discussion

More APIs

List of Free APIs (Rapid API)
 23 Free Public APIs for Developers & Free Alternatives List - April, 2024 | RapidAPI

 Public APIs List <u>ApisList</u>

• toddmotto Public APIs https://github.com/toddmotto/public-apis



HOMEWORK

- 1. Investigate a data or analytic API for one of the following:
 - AWS
 - Microsoft Azure
 - IBM Cloud
- Create a Jupyter notebook that demonstrates some basic operations (e.g. transporting, querying, or visualising data).

NOTES:

- The offerings of these platforms are myriad and complex. It may not be obvious which API you need to use at first, so try to start with published code examples.
- APIs (and the libraries that wrap them) change. Online examples may not work as documented.



Questions?



End of Presentation!