Goal: Model the defect balance over time and predict date recall will be completed

```
In [38]:
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         from scipy.optimize import curve fit
         import datetime
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
In [39]: #starting population of tires that need to be replaced at t=0
         # 126,707: TACOM Bi-Weekly SOUM Update Jan 25 2019 -- Daily Status Report cell
         C50
         # 150,868: Sunset Date Analysis2 cell N11 (all tires from 2015-2018)
         # 387,272: FY18 total densities of fwics 0077,0130,0133,2002 *4 (max time it w
         ould take to get all FY18 tires out of system)
         startDefectBalance = 150868
In [40]: #when replacements started taking place (FY18 Q3 start)
         startDate = "4/1/2018"
         #set monthly max capacity to 12k, calculate avg daily
In [41]:
         monthlyCapacity = -12000
         avgDailyCapacity = monthlyCapacity/30.42
```

In [42]: #requirements tracker data from Brandi

df = pd.read_csv('Copy of BrandiData.csv',usecols=['Fill Date','Qty'])
 print('Requirements Tracker')
 df.head(n=10)

Requirements Tracker

Out[42]:

	Fill Date	Qty
0	5/31/2018	849
1	5/31/2018	265
2	6/6/2018	337
3	6/11/2018	166
4	6/13/2018	15
5	6/13/2018	88
6	6/13/2018	49
7	6/13/2018	25
8	6/14/2018	500
9	6/15/2018	500

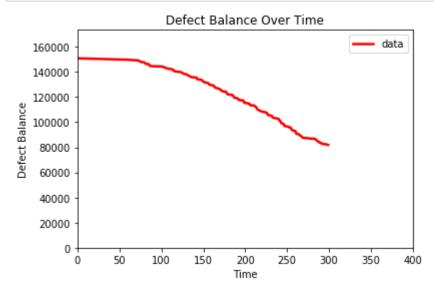
```
In [43]: #data processing to get dates to dateDelta and Qty to a cumulative defect bala
         df.Qty = df.Qty*-1
         dfStart = pd.DataFrame({'Fill Date':startDate,'Qty':startDefectBalance,'ACOM':
         ''},index=[999])
         df = pd.concat([df,dfStart])#.sort_values(['Fill Date'],ascending=True)
         startDate = datetime.datetime(2018, 4, 1)
         df['Fill Date'] = pd.to datetime(df['Fill Date'])
         df =df.set_index(['Fill Date'])
         def removeDays(x):
             x['dateDelta'] = x['dateDelta'].days
             return x
         #create new date starting from t=0
         df['tvalue'] = df.index
         df['dateDelta'] = df['tvalue']-startDate
         df = df.apply(lambda x: removeDays(x),axis=1)
         df = df.sort_values(['tvalue'],ascending=True)
         #roll up orders to the daily level
         df = df.groupby('dateDelta').sum()
         #get current balance of defective tires
         df['balance'] = df.Qty.cumsum()
         df = df[['balance']]
         df = df.reset index()
         print('Defect Balance Over Time')
         df.head(n=10)
```

Defect Balance Over Time

Out[43]:

	dateDelta	balance
0	0	150868
1	60	149754
2	66	149417
3	71	149251
4	73	149074
5	74	148574
6	75	148074
7	80	147574
8	81	146542
9	82	146435

```
In [44]: #plot defect balance over time
    xdata=df.dateDelta
    ydata=df.balance
    plt.plot(xdata, ydata, 'r-', label='data',linewidth=2.5)
    plt.xlabel('Time')
    plt.ylabel('Defect Balance')
    plt.ylim(0, 1.15*startDefectBalance)
    plt.xlim(0,400)
    plt.legend()
    plt.title('Defect Balance Over Time')
    plt.show()
```



Plot above appears to follow a curve similar to the function below. Estimate the parameters of that function

```
In [45]: #the function above
    def func(x, b0, b1):
        return b0-(1/b1)*(x**2)
In [46]: #function above in terms of x
    def getX(y, b0, b1):
```

In [46]: #function above in terms of x

def getX(y, b0, b1):
 return np.sqrt((y-b0)*-b1)

In [47]: #derivative of func
def getDerivative(x, b0, b1):
 return -(2/b1)*x

In [48]: #fiting the curve
popt, pcov = curve_fit(func, xdata, ydata)

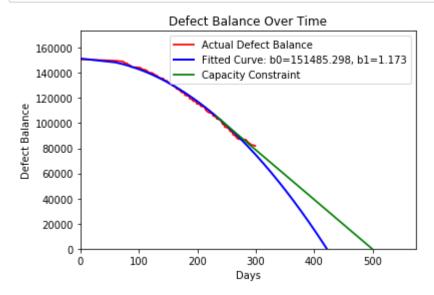
In [49]: xIntercept = getX(0,*popt)

 $y = b_0 - \frac{1}{b_1}x^2$ $\{x > 0\}$

```
In [50]: print('b0:',popt[0])
         print('b1:',popt[1])
         b0: 151485.2977264935
         b1: 1.1731030146450239
In [51]:
         #plot original data
         plt.plot(xdata, ydata, 'r-', label='Actual Defect Balance',linewidth=1.75)
Out[51]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x28147ebe278>]
In [52]:
         #plot modeled curve
         MoreDays = pd.Series(np.linspace(300,xIntercept,300),index=np.linspace(300,xIn
         tercept,300))
         xPlusMoreDays = xdata.append(MoreDays)
         plt.plot(xPlusMoreDays, func(xPlusMoreDays, *popt), 'b-',
                   label='Fitted Curve: b0=%5.3f, b1=%5.3f' % tuple(popt),linewidth=2)
Out[52]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x28147d44fd0>]
In [53]: #if modeled replacement rate exceeds defined capacity rate (point at which f'
          exceeds capacity), add the line that extends completion time at that rate
         for i in range(0,int(xIntercept)):
             instReplacementRate = getDerivative(i,*popt)
             if instReplacementRate < avgDailyCapacity:</pre>
                  #print('I cant keep up!!!')
                  #print('current replacement rate:', round(instReplacementRate))
                  #print('avgDailyCapacity:',round(avgDailyCapacity))
                 y CC = func(i,*popt)
                 x CC = getX(y CC,*popt)
                  slope = instReplacementRate
                 yIntercept = y CC-(slope*x CC)
                 #print('x_CC:',round(x_CC))
                  #print('y_CC:',round(y_CC))
                  #print('yIntercept: ',round(yIntercept))
                 #print('slope: ',round(slope))
                 break
         #define the line
         def capacityConstraint(x,intercept,slope):
             return intercept+(slope*x)
         def getXCC(y,intercept,slope):
             return (y-intercept)/slope
         xInterceptCC = getXCC(0,yIntercept,slope)
         #plot the capacity constraint
         x = np.linspace(x CC,xInterceptCC,xInterceptCC-x CC)
         y = capacityConstraint(x,yIntercept,slope)
         plt.plot(x, y, 'g-', label='Capacity Constraint', linewidth=1.75)
```

Out[53]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x28147ed8ba8>]

```
In [54]: plt.xlabel('Days')
    plt.ylabel('Defect Balance')
    plt.ylim(0, 1.15*startDefectBalance)
    plt.xlim(0, 1.15*max([xIntercept,xInterceptCC]))
    plt.legend()
    plt.title('Defect Balance Over Time')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [55]: def cv_rmse(predicted,actual):
    error = (predicted-actual)**2
    rmse = np.sqrt(error.sum()/error.count())
    per_rmse_pred_ma = rmse/(actual.sum()/actual.count())
    return per_rmse_pred_ma

print('cv_rmse:',cv_rmse(func(xdata,*popt),ydata))
```

cv_rmse: 0.014892703408736488

```
In [56]: #get Min estimated end date (blue curve)
    numDaysToEnd = min([getX(0,*popt),xInterceptCC])
    estEndDate = str((startDate + datetime.timedelta(numDaysToEnd)).date().strftim
    e('%b %d,%Y'))
    print('Min Estimated End Date: ',estEndDate)

#get Max estimated end date (green line)
    numDaysToEnd = max([getX(0,*popt),xInterceptCC])
    estEndDate = str((startDate + datetime.timedelta(numDaysToEnd)).date().strftim
    e('%b %d,%Y'))
    print('Max Estimated End Date: ',estEndDate)
```

Min Estimated End Date: May 27,2019 Max Estimated End Date: Aug 12,2019