ASSIGNMENT 2: SORTING

CS3D5A, Trinity College Dublin

Deadline: 23:59 19/11/2020

Grading: The assignment will be graded during the lab hours on 20/11/2020 **Questions:** You will able to ask questions during the lab hours on 06/11/2020

Submission: Submit via blackboard. Include a separate .c file for each task, and a short report including your comments – NB: the last portion of each question will be marked entirely based on

your report

Goals:

- Implement some sorting algorithm
- Learn how to implement guicksort
- Learn how to evaluate the performance of a sorting algorithm
- Use sorting in a practical application

Task 1 – Quicksort (7 marks)

- Implement quicksort for sorting an array of integers. Your implementation should count the number of times values are swapped in the array and the number of times two values in the array are compared. These total number of swaps and comparisons should be reported at the end of your program's execution.
- Test your implementation on the following types of data:
 - o A randomly shuffled array with no duplicate values e.g. [4, 3, 5, 1, 0, 2]
 - o A randomly shuffled array with duplicate values e.g. [3, 3, 2, 1, 1, 4]
 - o An ascending sorted array e.g. [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
 - o A descending sorted array [5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
 - o An array where every value is the same (uniform) e.g. [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
- What do you observe about the performance of quicksort under each of these conditions?
 You can evaluate performance by looking at how many comparisons and how many swaps take place. How does that relate to what we covered in class?

Task 1 - mark allocations	
Correct implementation of quicksort using any pivot selection/partitioning	2 marks
method, demonstrated on an array of 10 values – mention the design choices	
made (pivot selection and partitioning system chosen) in your report	
Printing the number of swaps and the number of comparisons Quicksort	1 mark
performs when sorting an arbitrary array	
Generate arrays of 10,000 values for each of the 5 types of data given above	1 mark
(random no duplicates, random with duplicates, ascending sorted, descending	
sorted and uniform)	
Demonstration of Quicksort's performance on each of the 5 arrays of 10, 000	1 mark
values.	
Include your results and comment on them in the report	2 marks

Running profile tests with 10000 elements

TEST : Unique random values

SORTED: Y

SWAPS : 30968 COMPS : 221706

TEST : Random values

SORTED: Y

SWAPS : 32231 COMPS : 223552

TEST : Ascending sorted list

SORTED: Y SWAPS: 0

COMPS : 131343

TEST : Descending sorted list

SORTED: Y
SWAPS: 5000
COMPS: 136359

TEST : Uniform list

SORTED: Y

SWAPS : 61728 COMPS : 209757

Task 2 – Another sorting algorithm (4 marks)

Implement a sorting algorithm of your choice and evaluate it in the same manner as you did
quicksort (i.e. print swaps/comparisons and test for each of the 5 different types of data).
 Does the algorithm you picked perform better or worse under each of the five conditions?

Task 2 - mark allocations	
Implementation of a sorting algorithm of your choice. The algorithm you choose should be useful from a computer science perspective e.g. Gnome sort was created to illustrate poor algorithm design and Bogosort is a joke (literally). Implementing these will not get you any marks. Justify the choice of algorithm in your report	2 marks
Demonstrate performance of the implemented algorithm compared to quicksort	2 marks
on each of the data types and document in your report	

Task 3 – Most popular games (4 marks)

- You have been provided with a dataset of game reviews which have been gathered from IGN over the last 20 years. Sort the reviews on the basis of game scores and find out what the most popular games of the last 20 years are.
 - (You may need to make use of the atoi function in order to convert the scores from strings to ints. You can see examples of this in the Pokemon solution from assignment 0.)
- How would you get the top 5 games for each of the last 20 years (i.e. top ranked games for 2012, top ranked games for 2011 etc.)? (you might want to remember what we discussed about combining sorts!)

Task 3 - mark allocations	
Load and sort IGN reviews and print the top 10 most popular games of the last	3 marks
20 years – include a short description of your approach and your results in the	
report	
Discuss how you would get the top 5 games for each of the last 20 years	1 mark