

VTVT TSMC 0.25 μ m Standard Cell Library Documentation

(Release 3)

Introduction

The VTVT (Virginia Tech VLSI for Telecommunication) group has developed a standard cell library kit based on the TSMC 0.25 μ m technology. In this third release, symbols and schematic libraries were added to the design kit. The layout, symbols, and schematic libraries were developed and re-compiled using a modified version of the NCSU kit version 1.5.1. The layouts were developed using the MOSIS DEEP design rules. The kit, as distributed here, includes:

- Layouts, symbols and schematic in Cadence dfII format
- Synopsys Synthesis (.db and .sdb) and VHDL simulation libraries, as well as the source code (.lib and .slib) for the synthesis libraries.
- LEF files for the PNR tools

The layouts include only simple cells (2- and 3-input combinational cells, tristate buffers, flip-flops, latches). In this third release, the following features were added to the standard cell library:

- Symbols and Schematic libraries
- Supported by up-to-date testing and simulation tools:
 - Cadence SOC Encounter
 - Synopsys Design Vision
 - Synopsys Design Compiler
 - Synopsys VCS MX

There are some other things the VTVT lab plans to provide, but as of now (12/12/2006) has not yet provided, such as:

- Arithmetic macro cells
- TLF files, timing-driven placement
- Support for other technologies

Cells Contained in the Library

The cell library vtv_tsmc250 contains the cells listed in Table 1.

Table 1: Cells Contained in the Library vtv_tsmc250

Cell Name	Function
buf_[1,2,4]	Noninverting buffer, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
inv_[1,2,4]	Inverter, drive strength 1, 2 or 4
and2_[1,2,4]	2-input AND gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
and3_[1,2,4]	3-input AND gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
and4_[1,2,4]	4-input AND gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
or2_[1,2,4]	2-input OR gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
or3_[1,2,4]	3-input OR gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
or4_[1,2,4]	4-input OR gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
nand2_[1,2,4]	2-input NAND gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
nand3_[1,2,4]	3-input NAND gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
nand4_[1,2,4]	4-input NAND gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
nor2_[1,2,4]	2-input NOR gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
nor3_[1,2,4]	3-input NOR gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
nor4_[1,2,4]	4-input NOR gate, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
xor2_[1,2]	2-input XOR gate, drive strength 1 or 2
xnor2_[1,2]	2-input XNOR gate, drive strength 1 or 2
mux2_[1,2,4]	2-to-1 multiplexer, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
mux3_2	3-to-1 multiplexer, drive strength 2
mux4_2	4-to-1 multiplexer, drive strength 2
ABnorC	$(ip1*ip2+ip3)'$, drive strength 1
ABorC	$ip1*ip2+ip3$, drive strength 1
ab_or_c_or_d	$ip1*ip2+ip3+ip4$, drive strength 1
Not_ab_or_c_or_d	$(ip1*ip2+ip3+ip4)'$, drive strength 1
Dec2_4	2 to 4 decoder, drive strength 1
Dec3_8	3 to 8 decoder, drive strength 1
fulladder	One-bit ripple-carry adder, drive strength 1
bufzp_2	noninverting tristate buffer, low-enabled, drive strength 2
invzp_[1,2,4]	inverting tristate buffer, low-enabled, drive strength 1, 2, or 4
cd_8	clock driver, drive strength 8
cd_12	clock driver, drive strength 12
cd_16	clock driver, drive strength 16
lp_[1,2]	high-active D latch, drive strength 1 or 2
Lrp_[1, 2, 4]	high-active D latch with asynchronous low-active reset and drive strength 1, 2, or 4
Lrsp_[1, 2, 4]	high-active D latch with asynchronous low-active reset and asynchronous high-active set, drive strength 1, 2, or 4

Dp_[1,2,4]	rising-edge triggered D flip-flop (with 1, 2, or 4 drive strength)
Drp_[1,2,4]	rising-edge triggered D flip-flop with asynchronous low-active reset (1, 2, or 4 drive strength)
drsp_[1,2,4]	rising-edge triggered D flip-flop with asynchronous low-active reset and asynchronous high-active set
dksp_1	rising-edge triggered D flip-flop with asynchronous active high set and extra inverted output.
dtsp_1	rising-edge triggered D flip-flop with asynchronous active high set input and serial scan input.
dtrsp_2	rising-edge triggered D flip-flop with asynchronous low-active reset, asynchronous high-active set, and serial scan input
jkrp_2	rising-edge triggered JK flip-flop with asynchronous active-low reset and extra inverted output, drive strength 2.
filler	filler cell (empty cell with power and ground rails and nwell)

Additionally, the complete library also contains layouts of some dummy pads. These dummy pads are not intended for use with actual designs. They were created only for the convenience of creating LEF files. The actual pad cells, particularly the corner pad, are too large to be used easily in LEF file generation using `abstract` (the LEF file generation tool in the Cadence suite). Here the dummy pad cells are shown to allow for appropriate modifications by the user if needed. Again, these are not the actual layouts of the pads themselves (designed by Tanner Research Corporation), which have to be downloaded from the MOSIS website.

Downloading the Cell Library

After you have downloaded the kit from the web and un-tarred it, you will have the following files listed in Table 2.

It is recommended that before the layout, symbols and schematic views (in `Cadence_Libraries.tar`) are used, a SC MOS DEEP-based technology library for the TSMC 0.25 μm technology, named `TSMC_CMOS025_DEEP`, is created first. One way is by following the installation procedures on http://www.vtvt.ece.vt.edu/vlsidesign/tutorialCadence_unix_env.php#install.

Another way is to follow the instructions in the README file for the `Cadence_Libraries` directory of this release package.

Table 2: Contents of the Cell Library Tar file vtv_tsmc250_release.tar.gz

File	Contents	Containing its own README?
cdk_modifications.tar	Modifications to NCSU kit; in tar format	Y
Synopsys_Libraries.tar	Synopsys synthesis layout and symbol libraries (.db and .sdb) and VHDL simulation libraries; in tar format	Y
Cadence_Libraries.tar	Standard cell layout, symbol and schematic, and dummy pad layout in dfII and GDSII formats; in tar format	Y
vtvt_tsmc250_lef.tar	LEF files, GDSII-to-dfII map for Cadence SOC Ensemble and Virtuoso	Y
tutorial_files.tar	Tutorials' input files for design flow ; in tar format	Y

Installing the Cell Library Kit

A possible sequence for installing the cell library kit is as follows:

1. Download the kit and untar it.
2. Untar cdk_modifications.tar and make modifications to your NCSU kit. If you intend to generate a new LEF file, then, re-compile the NCSU Kit, following directions from the [NCSU site](http://www.cadence.ncsu.edu/wiki/Techfiles) (see <http://www.cadence.ncsu.edu/wiki/Techfiles>).
3. Untar Cadence_Libraries.tar and copy the contained libraries to the user's working directory for layout, symbols and schematic tools (e.g. ICFB)
4. Untar vtv_tsmc250_lef.tar and copy the contents to the user's working directory for placement-and-routing tools (e.g. SOC Encounter™ from Cadence).
5. Untar Synopsys_Libraries.tar and place it in a directory accessible by the users for use with Synopsys® Synthesis (Design Compiler, and Design Vision) and Simulation tools (Scirocco, Virsim).

Overview of Parts

The standard cell library vtv_tsmc250 is intended for use with Cadence SOC Encounter Placement-and-Routing (PNR) tool. The layouts were developed with Cadence Virtuoso custom layout tool (using ICFB). The MOSIS DEEP design rules were chosen since the I/O pads

available from MOSIS (designed by Tanner Research – see <http://www.mosis.org/Technical/Designsupport/pad-library-scmos.html>) followed that particular set of rules. The symbols and schematic were developed with Cadence Composer schematic.

The Synopsys .db synthesis library was obtained by characterizing the layout using HSPICE. The Synopsys .sdb synthesis library was obtained by extracting the symbols library from Cadence to Synopsys Design Compiler using EDIF 2.0.0. The .synopsys_dc.setup and .synopsys_vss.setup files used by the VTVT group in creating the libraries are also included in the tar file.

Further Documentation

After you untar the tar files, some of them contain their own README files. They will provide further documentation for the specific directory. However, they do not contain guidelines or tutorials about the tools. For [tutorials](#) and [guidelines](#) to modify the standard cell library, and/or use the simulation and design tools, refer to our site at: <http://www.vtvt.ece.vt.edu/vlsidesign/index.php>.