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**IT FDN 110 A** 

Assignment 06

# Using Classes and Functions in Python

#### Intro

This week, we learned about classes, functions and how they better organize your code in Python, focusing on creating an interactive menu that will read/write to a JSON file in a more structured way than our previous assignments. Using this knowledge, I opened and read a JSON file, generated a script that would create an interactive menu by using a while loop that would allow a user to generate data that would be written to the JSON file for the recording of student enrollment data, and display said data in a much cleaner manner than before.

### Creating the Program and Importing JSON

To start, I created the header for my script on lines 1-7. This is important information for both my future self and other potential programmers who are reviewing my script to know who created the script and what it's used for. I then imported json on line 8 so pycharm could interpret and write to a JSON file.

```
# ------#

# Title: Assignment06

# Desc: This assignment demonstrates using functions

# with structured error handling

# Change Log: (Who, When, What)

# EPeper,11/20/2024,Created Script

# ------#

import json
```

Figure 1.1 – Header

After that, I went on to the next portion of the assignment, which was to write the main body of my script. The first step of that was to define my data constants. On lines 10-22, I wrote out the constants "MENU" and "FILE\_NAME" in all caps to indicate that they are constants, while also putting type hints to indicate what the data types are. I then set the values to those described in Assignment 06.

```
# Define the Data Constants

# MENU: str = '''

---- Course Registration Program ----

Select from the following menu:

1. Register a Student for a Course.

2. Show current data.

3. Save data to a file.

4. Exit the program.

# FILE_NAME: str = "Enrollments.csv"

FILE_NAME: str = "Enrollments.json"
```

Figure 1.2 - The Constants

I then went on to create my variables on lines 24-26. I set up my list "student\_data", and variable "menu\_choice" that will hold the string data generated by the user. These will be my global variables for my classes and functions below.

```
# Define the Data Variables and constants

students: list = [] # a table of student data

menu_choice: str # Hold the choice made by the user.
```

Figure 1.3 – The Variables

Now that my variables and constants have been created, I set up my first class, FileProcessor, on lines 29-71. Within file processer I wrote two static functions. The first, "read\_data\_from\_file" is to open and read the file, "enrollments.json". The second, write\_data\_to\_file" is to write new student information to "enrollments.json". This is my processing concern.

```
file.close()
return student_data

1usage

@staticmethod

def write_data_to_file(file_name_str, student_data: list):

try:

file = open(FILE_NAME, "w")
    json.dump(students, file)

file.close()
    print("The following data was saved to file!")

for student in students:
    print(f'Student {student["FirstName"]} {student["LastName"]} is enrolled in {student["CourseName"]}')

except Exception as e:

if file.closed == False:
    file.closed()
    print("Flease check that the file is not open by another program.")

print("-- Technical Error Message -- ")

print(e___doc__)

print(e___str__())
```

Figure 1.4 - FileProcessor Class

I then set up my next class, IO, on lines 75-180. This class holds my presentation concern and is a collection of functions that handles input/output. The function "output\_error\_messages" displays custum error messages to the user when called. Function "output\_menu" displays the menu of choices to the user. Function "input\_menu\_choice" receives a menu choice from the user. Function "input\_student\_data" prompts the user for information. Function "output\_student\_courses" displays student information.

Figure 1.5 - IO Class

I then set up my while statement on lines 190-197, which I set to True. I then present the menu of choices by calling the IO.output\_menu function, and set my parameter as the variable menu= the constant MENU. I then set my variable menu\_choice equal to the function IO.input\_menu\_choice() so the user can select a choice.

```
# Present and Process the data
while True:

# Present the menu of choices

# Present the menu of choices

# IO.output_menu(menu=MENU)

# menu_choice = IO.input_menu_choice()
```

Figure 1.6 - Setting up the menu

I then set up option 1 for my menu on lines 198-202. I set up an if statement and have menu choice equal to the conditional statement of one. I them call my function "IO.input\_student\_data" to bring up the prompts the user needs to answer and set my parameter as student\_data=students.

```
# Input user data

if menu_choice == "1":

10.input_student_data(student_data=students)

continue
```

Figure 1.7 – Prompting User Information

For option 2, I created an elif statement and I set the variable menu\_choice to a conditional statement of 2. This option displays data to the user. To do this, I call the function "IO.output\_student\_courses" to display the data and set the parameter as student\_data=students. This was done on lines 204-207.

```
# Present the current data
elif menu_choice == "2":

10.output_student_courses(student_data=students)
continue
```

Figure 1.8 - Presenting User Data

For option 3, I created an elif statement and I set the variable menu\_choice to a conditional statement of 3. This option saves the current data to the file. To do this, I call the function "FileProcesor.write\_data\_to\_file" save the data and set the parameters as file\_name=FILE\_NAME and student\_data=students. This was done on lines 209-212.

```
# Save the data to a file
elif menu_choice == "3":

FileProcessor.write_data_to_file(file_name=FILE_NAME, student_data=students)
continue
```

Figure 1.9 - Presenting User Data

Lastly, we need to stop the loop on lines 214-220. I create an elif statement and I set the variable "menu\_choice" to a conditional statement of "4". I then set my break here to close the loop. I also put an else statement, where if the user inputs any other number at the menu besides 1-4, they will receive an error message.

```
# Stop the loop
elif menu_choice == "4":

break # out of the loop
else:

print("Please only choose option 1, 2, or 3")

print("Program Ended")
```

Figure 1.10 - Closing the Loop

# **Testing the Script**

To test the script, I run the command console. I then type in "CD" to change the directory to the location of my script. I type in the "Python" command followed by the name of our script, Assignment06.py. I'm then given the menu options.

Figure 2.1 - Command Console

I enter "1". I enter my first name, last name and Python 100. I am then presented with the menu again.

Figure 2.2 – Option 1

I then enter "2" at the menu to display my data.

Figure 2.3 - Option 2

I then enter "3" at the menu to save the data to the file.

Figure 2.3 - Option 3

I then check inside my "Enrollments.json" file to show that the data has been recorded.

```
{"FirstName": "Evan", "LastName": "Peper", "CourseName": "Python 100"}]
```

Figure 2.4 – Enrollments.csv

I then enter in a "5" to show my first error message.

Figure 2.5 - Error Message 1

I then try to run my program without an enrollment. json file available. I get my second error.

Figure 2.6 - Error Message 2

I try to add numbers into the name fields to display another error message.

Figure 2.6 - Error Message 3

And lastly I enter "4" to close my program.

Figure 2.6 - Exiting the program

# Summary

In summation, I was able to use my readings, module notes and lecture to give me an understanding of classes and functions. Using this knowledge, I was able to write a script in my IDE to display a menu, open/interpret data from my file "enrollments.json", use a while loop to create an interactive program where a user can store enrollment data and use classes/functions/concerns to better organize my code for future users.

GitHubLink: <a href="https://github.com/evanpeps/IntrotoProg-Python-Mod-06">https://github.com/evanpeps/IntrotoProg-Python-Mod-06</a>