Assignment_One

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4/24/2021

```
library(readr)
library(janitor)
library(tidyverse)
library(skimr) # For reviewing data
library(plm)
library(stargazer)
```

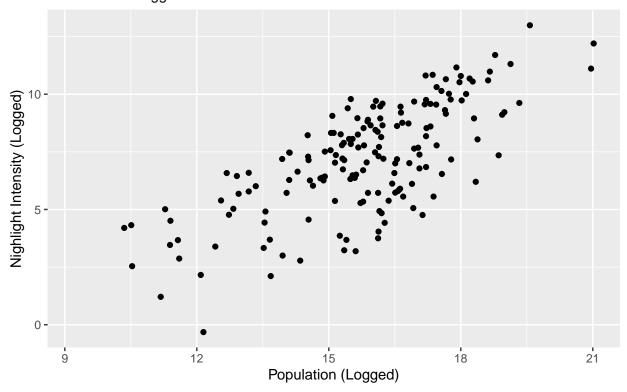
Part A

```
df_2a <- df_light %>% filter(date==2012)

# Figure 1: Population
df_2a %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = log_population, y = log_dmsp)) +
    geom_point() +
    labs(
        x = "Population (Logged)",
        y = "Nighlight Intensity (Logged)",
        title = "Figure 1: Nightlight Intensity by Population",
        subtitle = "All values are logged"
    )
```

Warning: Removed 11 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

Figure 1: Nightlight Intensity by Population All values are logged



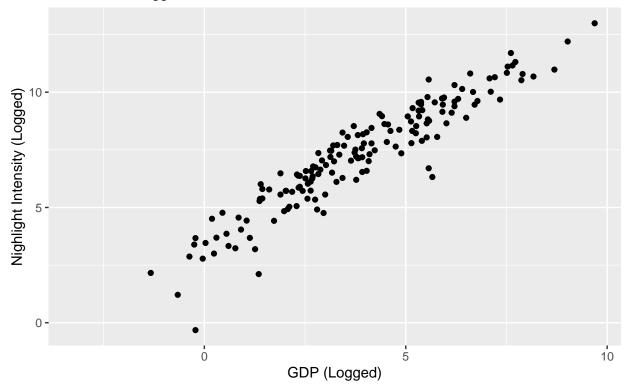
```
# Figure 2: GDP

df_2a %>%

ggplot(aes(x = log_gdp, y = log_dmsp)) +
geom_point() +
labs(
    x = "GDP (Logged)",
    y = "Nighlight Intensity (Logged)",
    title = "Figure 2: Nightlight Intensity by GDP",
    subtitle = "All values are logged"
)
```

Warning: Removed 18 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

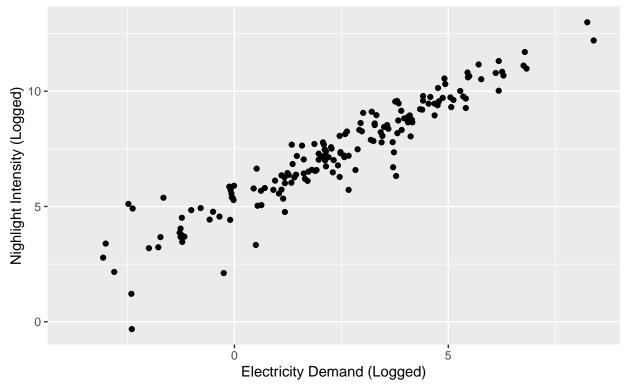
Figure 2: Nightlight Intensity by GDP All values are logged



```
# Figure 2: Electricity Demand
df_2a %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = log_elec, y = log_dmsp)) +
    geom_point() +
    labs(
        x = "Electricity Demand (Logged)",
        y = "Nighlight Intensity (Logged)",
        title = "Figure 3: Nightlight Intensity by Electricity Demand",
        subtitle = "All values are logged"
)
```

Warning: Removed 15 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

Figure 3: Nightlight Intensity by Electricity Demand All values are logged



Part B

```
df_2b <- df_light</pre>
# Using set.seed to may results reproducible
set.seed(123)
# Selecting the 150 countries
df_150_countries \leftarrow df_2b \%\%
  select(country) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  sample_n(150) %>%
  mutate(training_group = TRUE)
df_2b <- left_join(df_2b, df_150_countries, by = "country") %>%
  distinct() %>%
  mutate(
    training_group =
      if_else(training_group == TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, missing = FALSE),
    date = as_factor(date)) %>%
  filter(
    !is.na(log_gdp) &
    !is.na(log_population) &
    !is.na(log_dmsp))
# Converting to plm indexed dataframe
```

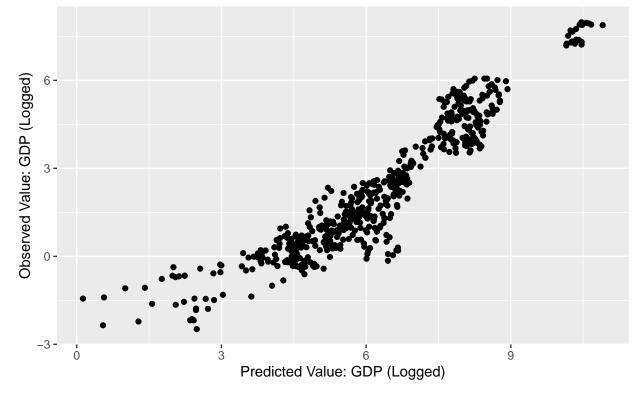
```
p_2b <- pdata.frame(df_2b, index = c("date")) %>%
  filter(
    !is.na(log_gdp) &
    !is.na(log_population) &
    !is.na(log_dmsp)) %>%
  select(date, log_gdp, log_population, log_dmsp, training_group)
# Dataframe for countries in training group
p_2b_150 <- p_2b %>% filter(training_group==TRUE)
# Dataframe for countries in prediction group
p_2b_30 <- p_2b %>% filter(training_group==FALSE)
# Regression model
  I use 0 as the intercept since this uses fixed effects
   Reference: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/65702581/predict-out-of-sample-on-fixed-effects-mode
gdp_mod \leftarrow plm(log_gdp \sim 0 + log_population + log_dmsp,
              data = p_2b_150,
              model = "within")
summary(gdp_mod)
## Oneway (individual) effect Within Model
##
## Call:
## plm(formula = log_gdp ~ 0 + log_population + log_dmsp, data = p_2b_150,
      model = "within")
##
## Unbalanced Panel: n = 19, T = 69-163, N = 2906
##
## Residuals:
      Min. 1st Qu. Median 3rd Qu.
                                          Max.
## -2.60275 -0.55330 -0.06189 0.44946 3.44331
##
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
##
## log_population 0.1137698  0.0108646  10.472 < 2.2e-16 ***
                 ## log_dmsp
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Total Sum of Squares:
                           13599
## Residual Sum of Squares: 1950.1
## R-Squared:
                  0.8566
## Adj. R-Squared: 0.85561
## F-statistic: 8617.07 on 2 and 2885 DF, p-value: < 2.22e-16
stargazer(gdp_mod, title = "Results of 150-Country Sample")
```

% Date and time: Wed, Apr 28, 2021 - 1:24:51 PM

% Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harv

```
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
    \caption{Results of 150-Country Sample}
##
     \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lc}
## \\[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{1}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\
## \cline{2-2}
## \\[-1.8ex] & log\_gdp \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \log_population & 0.114$^{***}$ \
## & (0.011) \\
   & \\
##
## log\_dmsp & 0.799$^{***}$ \\
   & (0.009) \\
   & \\
##
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 2,906 \\
## R$^{2}$ & 0.857 \\
## Adjusted R^{2} & 0.856 \\
## F Statistic & 8,617.072$^{***}$ (df = 2; 2885) \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{1}{r}{$^{*}$p$<$0.1; $^{**}$p$<$0.05; $^{***}$p$<$0.01} \\
## \end{tabular}
## \end{table}
p_2b_30 <- predict(gdp_mod, newdata = p_2b_30) %>%
 tibble() %>%
  rename(pred value = ".") %>%
 bind_cols(p_2b_30)
cor(p_2b_30$log_gdp, p_2b_30$pred_value)
## [1] 0.9363949
p_2b_30 %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=pred_value, y =log_gdp)) +
  geom_point() +
 labs(
   x = "Predicted Value: GDP (Logged)",
   y = "Observed Value: GDP (Logged)",
   title = "Figure 4: Predicted Values and Observed Values",
   subtitle = "For 30 Countries Not in Training Data"
```

Figure 4: Predicted Values and Observed Values For 30 Countries Not in Training Data



stargazer(gdp_mod, title = "Results of 150-Country Sample", type = "latex")

% Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harvard.edu % Date and time: Wed, Apr 28, 2021 - 1:24:51 PM

Table 1: Results of 150-Country Sample

	Dependent variable:
	\log_gdp
log_population	0.114***
	(0.011)
\log_{dmsp}	0.799***
	(0.009)
Observations	2,906
\mathbb{R}^2	0.857
Adjusted R ²	0.856
F Statistic	$8,617.072^{***} (df = 2; 2885)$
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01