

Assignment 6 written (#3, 46, 46 on Matlab Publisher file)

4. $m x''(t) + \gamma x'(t) + k x(t) = 0$ $x(t)$ is position of spring

m = mass of spring k = spring constant γ = damping coefficient

(a) Rewrite as a system of first order DE's

Let $U = x$ $V = x'$

deriving we see that

$U' = x' = V$ $V' = x''$

$U' = x' = V$

$U' = V$ $V' = x''$

solve equation for x''

$m x''(t) = -\gamma x'(t) - k x(t)$

$x''(t) = \frac{-\gamma x'(t) - k x(t)}{m}$

now plug in all variables into $U' = V$ and $V' = x''$

$U' = V$

$V' = \frac{-\gamma x'(t) - k x(t)}{m}$

$\begin{matrix} U' = V \\ V' = \frac{-\gamma V - k U}{m} \end{matrix}$

b) Solve using euler system code $m = 1 \text{ kg}$ $k = 4 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$

$\gamma = 0.5 \text{ Ns/m}$ $x(0) = -0.05 \text{ m}$ $0 \leq t \leq 10$ $N = 10,000$

Solved the system and created a graph

for the solution, Please see matlab

Publisher PDF submitted for code and output.

c) The time at which the spring no longer reaches a distance greater than 1cm from the center is 6.395 seconds.

5. $w_0 = \alpha \quad w_1 = \alpha$

$$w_{j+1} = -w_{j+1} + 3w_j - w_{j-1} + \Delta t F(t_{j+1}, t_j, b_{j-1}, w_{j+1}, w_j, w_{j-1})$$

a) The numerical scheme is a multistep method, more specifically, it is a 2 step method as it relies on w_j and w_{j-1} , the two previous solutions, to compute w_{j+1} . The method is implicit, because w_{j+1} appears on both sides of the equation.

b) To determine stability, find the characteristic function.
• Two step method, so highest degree is 2.

$$\lambda^2 = -\lambda^2 + 3\lambda - 1$$

$$2\lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 1 = 0 \quad \cdot \text{Find roots of characteristic polynomial}$$

$$(2\lambda - 1)(\lambda - 1) = 0$$

$$2\lambda - 1 = 0$$

$$\lambda - 1 = 0$$

$$2\lambda = 1$$

$$\lambda = 1$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{2}, 1$$

• All roots are ≤ 1 so the root condition is satisfied and the method is stable.

In addition, only one root is equal to 1, so the method is strongly stable.