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/* The following code example is taken from the book
 * "The C++ Standard Library - A Tutorial and Reference"
 * by Nicolai M. Josuttis, Addison-Wesley, 1999
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 * warranty, and with no claim as to its suitability for any purpose.
#include "algostuff.hpp"
using namespace std;
int main()
    int c1[] = \{ 1, 2, 2, 4, 6, 7, 7, 9 \};
    int num1 = sizeof(c1) / sizeof(int);
    int c2[] = { 2, 2, 2, 3, 6, 6, 8, 9 };
int num2 = sizeof(c2) / sizeof(int);
    // print source ranges
    cout << "c1:
    copy (c1, c1+num1,
           ostream iterator(int)(cout, ""));
    cout << endl;
    cout << "c2:
copy (c2, c2+num2,
           ostream_iterator<int>(cout, ""));
    cout << '\n' << end1;
    // sum the ranges by using merge()
    cout << "merge():</pre>
    merge (c1, c1+num1,
             c2, c2+num2,
             ostream iterator(int)(cout, ""));
    cout << endl;
    // unite the ranges by using set_union()
    cout << "set_union():</pre>
    set_union (c1, c1+num1,
                 c2, c2+num2,
                 ostream iterator(int)(cout, ""));
    cout << endl;
    // intersect the ranges by using set_intersection()
    cout << "set intersection():</pre>
     set_intersection (c1, c1+num1,
                          c2, c2+num2,
                          ostream iterator(int)(cout, ""));
    cout << endl;
    // determine elements of first range without elements of second range
    // by using set_difference()
    cout << "set difference():</pre>
    set difference (c1, c1+num1,
```