```
SGI STL 3.3 stl_function.h 完整列表
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/* NOTE: This is an internal header file, included by other STL headers.
   You should not attempt to use it directly.
* /
#ifndef __SGI_STL_INTERNAL_FUNCTION_H
#define __SGI_STL_INTERNAL_FUNCTION_H
__STL_BEGIN_NAMESPACE
template <class _Arg, class _Result>
struct unary_function {
 typedef _Arg argument_type;
 typedef _Result result_type;
};
template <class _Arg1, class _Arg2, class _Result>
struct binary_function {
 typedef _Arg1 first_argument_type;
 typedef _Arg2 second_argument_type;
 typedef _Result result_type;
```

```
template <class _Tp>
struct plus : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,_Tp> {
 _Tp operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x + __y; }
template <class _Tp>
struct minus : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,_Tp> {
 _Tp operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x - __y; }
template <class _Tp>
struct multiplies : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,_Tp> {
 _Tp operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x * __y; }
template <class _Tp>
struct divides : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,_Tp> {
 _Tp operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const \{ return __x / _y; \}
};
// identity_element (not part of the C++ standard).
template <class _Tp> inline _Tp identity_element(plus<_Tp>) {
 return _Tp(0);
template <class _Tp> inline _Tp identity_element(multiplies<_Tp>) {
 return _Tp(1);
template <class _Tp>
struct modulus : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,_Tp>
 _Tp operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x % __y; }
template <class _Tp>
struct negate : public unary_function<_Tp,_Tp>
 _Tp operator()(const _Tp& __x) const { return -__x; }
template <class _Tp>
struct equal_to : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,bool>
 bool operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x == __y; }
};
template <class _Tp>
struct not_equal_to : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,bool>
```

```
bool operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x != __y; }
};
template <class _Tp>
struct greater : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,bool>
 bool operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x > __y; }
};
template <class _Tp>
struct less : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,bool>
 bool operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x < __y; }</pre>
template <class _Tp>
struct greater_equal : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,bool>
 bool operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x >= __y; }
};
template <class _Tp>
struct less_equal : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,bool>
 bool operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x <= __y; }</pre>
template <class _Tp>
struct logical_and : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,bool>
 bool operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x && __y; }
};
template <class _Tp>
struct logical_or : public binary_function<_Tp,_Tp,bool>
 bool operator()(const _Tp& __x, const _Tp& __y) const { return __x || __y; }
};
template <class _Tp>
struct logical_not : public unary_function<_Tp,bool>
 bool operator()(const _Tp& __x) const { return !__x; }
};
template <class _Predicate>
class unary_negate
 : public unary_function<typename _Predicate::argument_type, bool> {
```

```
protected:
 _Predicate _M_pred;
public:
 explicit unary_negate(const _Predicate& __x) : _M_pred(__x) {}
 bool operator()(const typename _Predicate::argument_type& __x) const {
   return !_M_pred(__x);
};
template <class _Predicate>
inline unary_negate<_Predicate>
not1(const _Predicate& __pred)
{
 return unary_negate<_Predicate>(__pred);
template <class _Predicate>
class binary_negate
 : public binary_function<typename _Predicate::first_argument_type,
                      typename _Predicate::second_argument_type,
                      bool> {
protected:
 _Predicate _M_pred;
 explicit binary_negate(const _Predicate& __x) : _M_pred(__x) {}
 bool operator()(const typename _Predicate::first_argument_type& __x,
               const typename _Predicate::second_argument_type& __y) const
   return !_M_pred(__x, __y);
};
template <class _Predicate>
inline binary_negate<_Predicate>
not2(const _Predicate& __pred)
 return binary_negate<_Predicate>(__pred);
template <class _Operation>
class binder1st
 : public unary_function<typename _Operation::second_argument_type,
                      typename _Operation::result_type> {
protected:
 _Operation op;
 typename _Operation::first_argument_type value;
public:
 binder1st(const _Operation& __x,
          const typename _Operation::first_argument_type& __y)
```

```
: op(__x), value(__y) {}
 typename _Operation::result_type
 {\tt operator()(const\ typename\ \_Operation{::} second\_argument\_type\&\ \_\_x)\ const\ \{}
   return op(value, __x);
};
template <class _Operation, class _Tp>
inline binder1st<_Operation>
bind1st(const _Operation& __fn, const _Tp& __x)
 typedef typename _Operation::first_argument_type _Arg1_type;
 return binder1st<_Operation>(__fn, _Arg1_type(__x));
template <class _Operation>
class binder2nd
 : public unary_function<typename _Operation::first_argument_type,
                      typename _Operation::result_type> {
protected:
 _Operation op;
 typename _Operation::second_argument_type value;
 binder2nd(const _Operation& __x,
          const typename _Operation::second_argument_type& __y)
     : op(__x), value(__y) {}
 typename _Operation::result_type
 operator()(const typename _Operation::first_argument_type& __x) const {
   return op(__x, value);
 }
};
template <class _Operation, class _Tp>
inline binder2nd<_Operation>
bind2nd(const _Operation& __fn, const _Tp& __x)
 typedef typename _Operation::second_argument_type _Arg2_type;
 return binder2nd<_Operation>(__fn, _Arg2_type(__x));
\//\ unary_compose and binary_compose (extensions, not part of the standard).
template <class _Operation1, class _Operation2>
class unary_compose
 : public unary_function<typename _Operation2::argument_type,
                      typename _Operation1::result_type>
protected:
 _Operation1 _M_fn1;
```

```
_Operation2 _M_fn2;
public:
 unary_compose(const _Operation1& __x, const _Operation2& __y)
   : _M_fn1(__x), _M_fn2(__y) {}
 typename _Operation1::result_type
 operator()(const typename _Operation2::argument_type& __x) const {
   \texttt{return } \_\texttt{M\_fn1}(\_\texttt{M\_fn2}(\_\_\texttt{x}));
};
template <class _Operation1, class _Operation2>
inline unary_compose<_Operation1,_Operation2>
composel(const _Operation1& __fn1, const _Operation2& __fn2)
{
 return unary_compose<_Operation1,_Operation2>(__fn1, __fn2);
template <class _Operation1, class _Operation2, class _Operation3>
class binary_compose
 : public unary_function<typename _Operation2::argument_type,
                       typename _Operation1::result_type> {
protected:
 _Operation1 _M_fn1;
 _Operation2 _M_fn2;
 _Operation3 _M_fn3;
public:
 binary_compose(const _Operation1& __x, const _Operation2& __y,
               const _Operation3& __z)
   : _M_fn1(__x), _M_fn2(__y), _M_fn3(__z) { }
 typename _Operation1::result_type
 operator()(const typename _Operation2::argument_type& __x) const {
   \texttt{return } \_\texttt{M\_fn1}(\_\texttt{M\_fn2}(\_\_\texttt{x})\,, \ \_\texttt{M\_fn3}(\_\_\texttt{x})\,)\,;
};
template <class _Operation1, class _Operation2, class _Operation3>
inline binary_compose<_Operation1, _Operation2, _Operation3>
compose2(const _Operation1& __fn1, const _Operation2& __fn2,
        const _Operation3& __fn3)
 return binary_compose<_Operation1,_Operation2,_Operation3>
   (__fn1, __fn2, __fn3);
template <class _Arg, class _Result>
class pointer_to_unary_function : public unary_function<_Arg, _Result> {
protected:
 _Result (*_M_ptr)(_Arg);
public:
```

```
pointer_to_unary_function() {}
 explicit pointer_to_unary_function(_Result (*__x)(_Arg)) : _M_ptr(__x) {}
 _Result operator()(_Arg __x) const { return _M_ptr(__x); }
};
template <class _Arg, class _Result>
inline pointer_to_unary_function<_Arg, _Result> ptr_fun(_Result (*__x)(_Arg))
 return pointer_to_unary_function<_Arg, _Result>(__x);
template <class _Arg1, class _Arg2, class _Result>
class pointer_to_binary_function :
 public binary_function<_Arg1,_Arg2,_Result> {
protected:
   _Result (*_M_ptr)(_Arg1, _Arg2);
public:
   pointer_to_binary_function() {}
   explicit pointer_to_binary_function(_Result (*__x)(_Arg1, _Arg2))
    : _M_ptr(__x) {}
   _Result operator()(_Arg1 __x, _Arg2 __y) const {
    return _M_ptr(__x, __y);
   }
};
template <class _Arg1, class _Arg2, class _Result>
inline pointer_to_binary_function<_Arg1,_Arg2,_Result>
ptr_fun(_Result (*__x)(_Arg1, _Arg2)) {
 return pointer_to_binary_function<_Arg1,_Arg2,_Result>(__x);
// identity is an extensions: it is not part of the standard.
template <class _Tp>
struct _Identity : public unary_function<_Tp,_Tp> {
 const _Tp& operator()(const _Tp& __x) const { return __x; }
template <class _Tp> struct identity : public _Identity<_Tp> {};
// select1st and select2nd are extensions: they are not part of the standard.
template <class _Pair>
struct _Select1st : public unary_function<_Pair, typename _Pair::first_type> {
 const typename _Pair::first_type& operator()(const _Pair& __x) const {
   return __x.first;
};
template <class _Pair>
struct _Select2nd : public unary_function<_Pair, typename _Pair::second_type>
```

```
const typename _Pair::second_type& operator()(const _Pair& __x) const {
   return __x.second;
 }
};
template <class _Pair> struct select1st : public _Select1st<_Pair> {};
template <class _Pair> struct select2nd : public _Select2nd<_Pair> {};
// project1st and project2nd are extensions: they are not part of the standard
template <class _Arg1, class _Arg2>
struct _Project1st : public binary_function<_Arg1, _Arg2, _Arg1> {
 _Arg1 operator()(const _Arg1& __x, const _Arg2&) const { return __x; }
};
template <class _Arg1, class _Arg2>
struct _Project2nd : public binary_function<_Arg1, _Arg2, _Arg2> {
 _Arg2 operator()(const _Arg1&, const _Arg2& __y) const { return __y; }
};
template <class _Arg1, class _Arg2>
struct project1st : public _Project1st<_Arg1, _Arg2> {};
template <class _Arg1, class _Arg2>
struct project2nd : public _Project2nd<_Arg1, _Arg2> {};
// constant_void_fun, constant_unary_fun, and constant_binary_fun are
// extensions: they are not part of the standard. (The same, of course,
// is true of the helper functions constant0, constant1, and constant2.)
template <class _Result>
struct _Constant_void_fun {
 typedef _Result result_type;
 result_type _M_val;
 _Constant_void_fun(const result_type& __v) : _M_val(__v) {}
 const result_type& operator()() const { return _M_val; }
template <class _Result, class _Argument>
struct _Constant_unary_fun {
 typedef _Argument argument_type;
 typedef _Result result_type;
 result_type _M_val;
 _Constant_unary_fun(const result_type& __v) : _M_val(__v) {}
 const result_type& operator()(const _Argument&) const { return _M_val; }
```

```
template <class _Result, class _Arg1, class _Arg2>
struct _Constant_binary_fun {
 typedef _Arg1 first_argument_type;
 typedef _Arg2 second_argument_type;
 typedef _Result result_type;
 _Result _M_val;
 \verb|_Constant_binary_fun(const _Result& __v) : \_M_val(\__v) \ \{ \}
 const result_type& operator()(const _Arg1&, const _Arg2&) const {
   return _M_val;
};
template <class _Result>
struct constant_void_fun : public _Constant_void_fun<_Result> {
 };
template <class _Result,
       class _Argument __STL_DEPENDENT_DEFAULT_TMPL(_Result)>
struct constant_unary_fun : public _Constant_unary_fun<_Result, _Argument>
{
 constant_unary_fun(const _Result& __v)
   : _Constant_unary_fun<_Result, _Argument>(__v) {}
template <class _Result,
       class _Arg1 __STL_DEPENDENT_DEFAULT_TMPL(_Result),
       class _Arg2 __STL_DEPENDENT_DEFAULT_TMPL(_Arg1)>
struct constant_binary_fun
 : public _Constant_binary_fun<_Result, _Arg1, _Arg2>
 constant_binary_fun(const _Result& __v)
   : _Constant_binary_fun<_Result, _Arg1, _Arg2>(__v) {}
template <class _Result>
inline constant_void_fun<_Result> constant0(const _Result& __val)
 return constant_void_fun<_Result>(__val);
}
template <class _Result>
inline constant_unary_fun<_Result,_Result> constant1(const _Result& __val)
 return constant_unary_fun<_Result,_Result>(__val);
```

```
template <class _Result>
inline constant_binary_fun<_Result,_Result,_Result>
constant2(const _Result& __val)
{
 return constant_binary_fun<_Result,_Result,_Result>(__val);
// subtractive_rng is an extension: it is not part of the standard.
// Note: this code assumes that int is 32 bits.
class subtractive_rng : public unary_function<unsigned int, unsigned int> {
 unsigned int _M_table[55];
 size_t _M_index1;
 size_t _M_index2;
public:
 unsigned int operator()(unsigned int __limit) {
   _{M_{index1} = (_{M_{index1} + 1) % 55;}
   _{M_{index2}} = (_{M_{index2}} + 1) % 55;
   _M_table[_M_index1] = _M_table[_M_index1] - _M_table[_M_index2];
   return _M_table[_M_index1] % __limit;
 void _M_initialize(unsigned int __seed)
   unsigned int __k = 1;
   _{M_{table}[54]} = _{seed};
   size_t __i;
   for (__i = 0; __i < 54; __i++) {
      size_t __ii = (21 * (__i + 1) % 55) - 1;
      _{M_{table}[\underline{ii}] = \underline{k};}
      _{k} = _{seed} - _{k;}
       __seed = _M_table[__ii];
   }
   for (int __loop = 0; __loop < 4; __loop++) {
      for (_i = 0; _i < 55; _i++)
          _M_table[__i] = _M_table[__i] - _M_table[(1 + __i + 30) % 55];
   _M_{index1} = 0;
   _M_{index2} = 31;
 subtractive_rng(unsigned int __seed) { _M_initialize(__seed); }
 subtractive_rng() { _M_initialize(161803398u); }
};
// Adaptor function objects: pointers to member functions.
```

```
// There are a total of 16 = 2^4 function objects in this family.
// (1) Member functions taking no arguments vs member functions taking
//
       one argument.
// (2) Call through pointer vs call through reference.
// (3) Member function with void return type vs member function with
      non-void return type.
//
// (4) Const vs non-const member function.
// Note that choice (3) is nothing more than a workaround: according
// to the draft, compilers should handle void and non-void the same way.
// This feature is not yet widely implemented, though. You can only use
// member functions returning void if your compiler supports partial
// specialization.
// All of this complexity is in the function objects themselves. You can
// ignore it by using the helper function mem_fun and mem_fun_ref,
\ensuremath{//} which create whichever type of adaptor is appropriate.
// (mem_fun1 and mem_fun1_ref are no longer part of the C++ standard,
\//\ but they are provided for backward compatibility.)
template <class _Ret, class _Tp>
class mem_fun_t : public unary_function<_Tp*,_Ret> {
 explicit mem_fun_t(_Ret (_Tp::*__pf)()) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 _Ret operator()(_Tp* __p) const { return (__p->*_M_f)(); }
private:
 _Ret (_Tp::*_M_f)();
};
template <class _Ret, class _Tp>
class const_mem_fun_t : public unary_function<const _Tp*,_Ret> {
public:
 _Ret operator()(const _Tp* __p) const { return (__p->*_M_f)(); }
private:
 _Ret (_Tp::*_M_f)() const;
template <class _Ret, class _Tp>
class mem_fun_ref_t : public unary_function<_Tp,_Ret> {
 _Ret operator()(_Tp& __r) const { return (__r.*_M_f)(); }
private:
 _Ret (_Tp::*_M_f)();
```

```
template <class _Ret, class _Tp>
class const_mem_fun_ref_t : public unary_function<_Tp,_Ret> {
public:
 explicit const_mem_fun_ref_t(_Ret (_Tp::*__pf)() const) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 _Ret operator()(const _Tp& __r) const { return (__r.*_M_f)(); }
private:
 _Ret (_Tp::*_M_f)() const;
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
class mem_fun1_t : public binary_function<_Tp*,_Arg,_Ret> {
 explicit mem_fun1_t(_Ret (_Tp::*__pf)(_Arg)) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 _Ret operator()(_Tp* __p, _Arg __x) const { return (__p->*_M_f)(__x); }
private:
 _Ret (_Tp::*_M_f)(_Arg);
};
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
class const_mem_fun1_t : public binary_function<const _Tp*,_Arg,_Ret> {
public:
 _Ret operator()(const _Tp* __p, _Arg __x) const
   { return (__p->*_M_f)(__x); }
private:
 _Ret (_Tp::*_M_f)(_Arg) const;
};
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
class mem_fun1_ref_t : public binary_function<_Tp,_Arg,_Ret> {
public:
  \begin{array}{lll} & \texttt{explicit} \ \ \texttt{mem\_funl\_ref\_t(\_Ret} \ \ (\_\texttt{Tp::*\_pf)(\_Arg))} \ : \ \_\texttt{M\_f(\_pf)} \ \{\} \\ \end{array} 
 _Ret operator()(_Tp& __r, _Arg __x) const { return (__r.*_M_f)(__x); }
private:
 _Ret (_Tp::*_M_f)(_Arg);
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
class const_mem_fun1_ref_t : public binary_function<_Tp,_Arg,_Ret> {
public:
 _Ret operator()(const _Tp& __r, _Arg __x) const \{ return (\underline{\quad r.*\_M\_f})(\underline{\quad x}); \}
private:
 _Ret (_Tp::*_M_f)(_Arg) const;
#ifdef __STL_CLASS_PARTIAL_SPECIALIZATION
template <class _Tp>
```

```
class mem_fun_t<void, _Tp> : public unary_function<_Tp*,void> {
 explicit mem_fun_t(void (_Tp::*__pf)()) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 void operator()(_Tp* __p) const { (__p->*_M_f)(); }
private:
 void (_Tp::*_M_f)();
};
template <class _Tp>
class const_mem_fun_t<void, _Tp> : public unary_function<const _Tp*,void> {
public:
 explicit const_mem_fun_t(void (_Tp::*__pf)() const) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 void operator()(const _Tp* __p) const { (__p->*_M_f)(); }
private:
 void (_Tp::*_M_f)() const;
};
template <class _Tp>
class mem_fun_ref_t<void, _Tp> : public unary_function<_Tp,void> {
 explicit mem_fun_ref_t(void (_Tp::*__pf)()) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 \label{local_void_operator} \mbox{void operator()(\_Tp\& \__r) const } \left\{ \ (\underline{\ \ \ } r.*\_M\_f)(); \ \right\}
private:
 void (_Tp::*_M_f)();
};
template <class _Tp>
class const_mem_fun_ref_t<void, _Tp> : public unary_function<_Tp,void> {
public:
 explicit const_mem_fun_ref_t(void (_Tp::*__pf)() const) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 void operator()(const _{Tp\& _{r}}) const \{ (_{r.*}M_f)(); \}
private:
 void (_Tp::*_M_f)() const;
template <class _Tp, class _Arg>
class mem_funl_t<void, _Tp, _Arg> : public binary_function<_Tp*,_Arg,void> {
public:
 explicit mem_fun1_t(void (_Tp::*__pf)(_Arg)) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 void operator()(_Tp* __p, _Arg __x) const { (__p->*_M_f)(__x); }
private:
 void (_Tp::*_M_f)(_Arg);
};
template <class _Tp, class _Arg>
class const_mem_fun1_t<void, _Tp, _Arg>
 : public binary_function<const _Tp*,_Arg,void> {
public:
```

```
void operator()(const _Tp* __p, _Arg __x) const { (__p->*_M_f)(__x); }
 void (_Tp::*_M_f)(_Arg) const;
};
template <class _Tp, class _Arg>
class mem_funl_ref_t<void, _Tp, _Arg>
 : public binary_function<_Tp,_Arg,void> {
public:
 explicit mem_funl_ref_t(void (_Tp::*__pf)(_Arg)) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 void operator()(_Tp& __r, _Arg __x) const { (__r.*_M_f)(__x); }
 void (_Tp::*_M_f)(_Arg);
template <class _Tp, class _Arg>
class const_mem_fun1_ref_t<void, _Tp, _Arg>
 : public binary_function<_Tp,_Arg,void> {
public:
 explicit const_mem_funl_ref_t(void (_Tp::*__pf)(_Arg) const) : _M_f(__pf) {}
 void operator()(const _Tp& __r, _Arg __x) const { (__r.*_M_f)(__x); }
 void (_Tp::*_M_f)(_Arg) const;
#endif /* __STL_CLASS_PARTIAL_SPECIALIZATION */
// Mem_fun adaptor helper functions. There are only two:
// mem_fun and mem_fun_ref. (mem_fun1 and mem_fun1_ref
// are provided for backward compatibility, but they are no longer
// part of the C++ standard.)
template <class _Ret, class _Tp>
inline mem_fun_t<_Ret,_Tp> mem_fun(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)())
 { return mem_fun_t<_Ret,_Tp>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp>
inline const_mem_fun_t<_Ret,_Tp> mem_fun(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)() const)
 { return const_mem_fun_t<_Ret,_Tp>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp>
inline mem_fun_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp> mem_fun_ref(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)())
 { return mem_fun_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp>
inline const_mem_fun_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp> mem_fun_ref(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)() const)
 { return const_mem_fun_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
```

```
inline mem_fun1_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg> mem_fun(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)(_Arg))
 { return mem_fun1_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
inline const_mem_funl_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg> mem_fun(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)(_Arg) const)
 { return const_mem_funl_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
inline mem_fun1_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg> mem_fun_ref(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)(_Arg))
 { return mem_fun1_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
inline const_mem_funl_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>
mem_fun_ref(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)(_Arg) const)
 { return const_mem_funl_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
inline mem_fun1_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg> mem_fun1(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)(_Arg))
 { return mem_fun1_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
inline const_mem_funl_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg> mem_funl(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)(_Arg) const)
 { return const_mem_fun1_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
inline mem_funl_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg> mem_funl_ref(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)(_Arg))
 { return mem_funl_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>(__f); }
template <class _Ret, class _Tp, class _Arg>
inline const_mem_fun1_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>
mem_fun1_ref(_Ret (_Tp::*__f)(_Arg) const)
 { return const_mem_funl_ref_t<_Ret,_Tp,_Arg>(__f); }
__STL_END_NAMESPACE
#endif /* __SGI_STL_INTERNAL_FUNCTION_H */
// Local Variables:
// mode:C++
// End:
```