```
G++ 2.91.57,cygnus\cygwin-b20\include\g++\stl_slist.h 完整列表
* Copyright (c) 1997
* Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.
^{\star} Permission to use, copy, modify, distribute and sell this software
^{\star} and its documentation for any purpose is hereby granted without fee,
* provided that the above copyright notice appear in all copies and
* that both that copyright notice and this permission notice appear
 * in supporting documentation. Silicon Graphics makes no
 * representations about the suitability of this software for any
 * purpose. It is provided "as is" without express or implied warranty.
* /
/* NOTE: This is an internal header file, included by other STL headers.
* You should not attempt to use it directly.
#ifndef __SGI_STL_INTERNAL_SLIST_H
#define __SGI_STL_INTERNAL_SLIST_H
__STL_BEGIN_NAMESPACE
#if defined(__sgi) && !defined(__GNUC__) && (_MIPS_SIM != _MIPS_SIM_ABI32)
#pragma set woff 1174
#endif
// 單向串列的節點基本結構
struct __slist_node_base
  __slist_node_base* next;
// 全域函式:已知某一節點,安插新節點於其後。
inline __slist_node_base* __slist_make_link(__slist_node_base* prev_node,
                                    __slist_node_base* new_node)
 // 令 new 節點的下一節點為prev 節點的下一節點
 new_node->next = prev_node->next;
                                   // 令 prev 節點的下一節點指向new 節點
 prev_node->next = new_node;
 return new_node;
// 全域函式:找出某一節點的前一個節點。
inline __slist_node_base* __slist_previous(__slist_node_base* head,
                                   const __slist_node_base* node)
{
```

```
while (head && head->next != node) // 在單向串列中,只能採用循序搜尋法
   head = head->next;
 return head;
}
// 全域函式:找出某一節點的前一個節點。const 版。
inline const __slist_node_base* __slist_previous(const __slist_node_base* head,
                                       const __slist_node_base* node)
 while (head && head->next != node) // 在單向串列中,只能採用循序搜尋法
   head = head->next;
 return head;
// 全域函式:
inline void __slist_splice_after(__slist_node_base* pos,
                          __slist_node_base* before_first,
                          __slist_node_base* before_last)
{
 if (pos != before_first && pos != before_last) {
   __slist_node_base* first = before_first->next;
   __slist_node_base* after = pos->next;
   before_first->next = before_last->next;
   pos->next = first;
   before_last->next = after;
 }
}
// 全域函式:
inline __slist_node_base* __slist_reverse(__slist_node_base* node)
 __slist_node_base* result = node;
 node = node->next;
 result->next = 0;
 while(node) {
   __slist_node_base* next = node->next;
   node->next = result;
   result = node;
   node = next;
 return result;
// 單向串列的節點結構
template <class T>
struct __slist_node : public __slist_node_base
 T data;
};
```

```
// 單向串列的迭代器基本結構
struct __slist_iterator_base
 typedef size_t size_type;
 typedef ptrdiff_t difference_type;
 typedef forward_iterator_tag iterator_category; // 注意,是單向
 __slist_node_base* node; // 指向節點基本結構
 __slist_iterator_base(__slist_node_base* x) : node(x) {}
 void incr() { node = node->next; } // 前進一個節點
 bool operator==(const __slist_iterator_base& x) const {
   return node == x.node;
 bool operator!=(const __slist_iterator_base& x) const {
  return node != x.node;
 }
};
// 單向串列的迭代器結構
template <class T, class Ref, class Ptr>
struct __slist_iterator : public __slist_iterator_base
 typedef __slist_iterator<T, T&, T*>
                                              iterator;
 typedef __slist_iterator<T, const T&, const T*> const_iterator;
 typedef __slist_iterator<T, Ref, Ptr>
 typedef T value_type;
 typedef Ptr pointer;
 typedef Ref reference;
 typedef __slist_node<T> list_node;
  _slist_iterator(list_node* x) : __slist_iterator_base(x) {}
 // 呼叫 slist<T>::end() 時會造成 __slist_iterator(0),於是喚起上述函式。
 __slist_iterator() : __slist_iterator_base(0) {}
 __slist_iterator(const iterator& x) : __slist_iterator_base(x.node) {}
 reference operator*() const { return ((list_node*) node)->data; }
#ifndef __SGI_STL_NO_ARROW_OPERATOR
 pointer operator->() const { return &(operator*()); }
#endif /* __SGI_STL_NO_ARROW_OPERATOR */
 self& operator++()
   incr(); // 前進一個節點
   return *this;
```

```
self operator++(int)
   self tmp = *this;
   incr(); // 前進一個節點
   return tmp;
 }
// 注意,沒有實作 operator--,因為這是一個 forward iterator
// 注意,沒有實作 operator==。於是將使用 __slist_iterator_base::operator==。
// 換句話說兩個 __slist_iterator 的比較,其實就是其底層的兩個 __slist_iterator_base
// 的比較,而也就是比較其內的 __slist_node_base 指標是否相等。
};
#ifndef __STL_CLASS_PARTIAL_SPECIALIZATION
inline ptrdiff_t*
distance_type(const __slist_iterator_base&)
 return 0;
}
inline forward_iterator_tag
iterator_category(const __slist_iterator_base&)
 return forward_iterator_tag();
template <class T, class Ref, class Ptr>
inline T*
value_type(const __slist_iterator<T, Ref, Ptr>&) {
 return 0;
#endif /* __STL_CLASS_PARTIAL_SPECIALIZATION */
// 全域函式:單向串列的大小(元素個數)
inline size_t __slist_size(__slist_node_base* node)
 size_t result = 0;
 for ( ; node != 0; node = node->next)
                // 累計
   ++result;
 return result;
}
// 單向串列
template <class T, class Alloc = alloc>
class slist
{
```

```
public:
 typedef T value_type;
 typedef value_type* pointer;
 typedef const value_type* const_pointer;
 typedef value_type& reference;
 typedef const value_type& const_reference;
 typedef size_t size_type;
 typedef ptrdiff_t difference_type;
 typedef __slist_iterator<T, T&, T*>
 typedef __slist_iterator<T, const T&, const T*> const_iterator;
private:
 typedef __slist_node<T> list_node;
 typedef __slist_node_base list_node_base;
 typedef __slist_iterator_base iterator_base;
 typedef simple_alloc<list_node, Alloc> list_node_allocator;
 static list_node* create_node(const value_type& x) {
   list_node* node = list_node_allocator::allocate(); // 配置空間
   __STL_TRY {
    construct(&node->data, x);
                                   // 建構元素
    node->next = 0;
   __STL_UNWIND(list_node_allocator::deallocate(node));
   return node;
 }
 static void destroy_node(list_node* node) {
   destroy(&node->data);
                           // 將元素解構
   list_node_allocator::deallocate(node);
                                             // 釋還空間
 void fill_initialize(size_type n, const value_type& x) {
   head.next = 0;
   __STL_TRY {
     _insert_after_fill(&head, n, x);
    _STL_UNWIND(clear());
#ifdef __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES
 template <class InputIterator>
 void range_initialize(InputIterator first, InputIterator last) {
   head.next = 0;
    _STL_TRY {
     _insert_after_range(&head, first, last);
   ___STL_UNWIND(clear());
```

```
}
#else /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
 void range_initialize(const value_type* first, const value_type* last) {
  head.next = 0;
   __STL_TRY {
     _insert_after_range(&head, first, last);
   __STL_UNWIND(clear());
 void range_initialize(const_iterator first, const_iterator last) {
   head.next = 0;
   __STL_TRY {
     _insert_after_range(&head, first, last);
    _STL_UNWIND(clear());
 }
#endif /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
private:
 list_node_base head; // 頭部。注意,它不是指標,是實物。
public:
 slist() { head.next = 0; }
 slist(size_type n, const value_type& x) { fill_initialize(n, x); }
 slist(int n, const value_type& x) { fill_initialize(n, x); }
 slist(long n, const value_type& x) { fill_initialize(n, x); }
 explicit slist(size_type n) { fill_initialize(n, value_type()); }
#ifdef __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES
 template <class InputIterator>
 slist(InputIterator first, InputIterator last) {
   range_initialize(first, last);
#else /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
 slist(const_iterator first, const_iterator last) {
   range_initialize(first, last);
 slist(const value_type* first, const value_type* last) {
   range_initialize(first, last);
#endif /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
 slist(const slist& L) { range_initialize(L.begin(), L.end()); }
 slist& operator= (const slist& L);
 ~slist() { clear(); }
```

```
public:
 iterator begin() { return iterator((list_node*)head.next); }
 const_iterator begin() const { return const_iterator((list_node*)head.next);}
 iterator end() { return iterator(0); }
 const_iterator end() const { return const_iterator(0); }
 size_type size() const { return __slist_size(head.next); }
 size_type max_size() const { return size_type(-1); }
 bool empty() const { return head.next == 0; }
 // 兩個 slist 互换:只要將 head 交換互指即可。
 void swap(slist& L)
   list_node_base* tmp = head.next;
   head.next = L.head.next;
   L.head.next = tmp;
 }
public:
 friend bool operator== __STL_NULL_TMPL_ARGS(const slist<T, Alloc>& L1,
                                     const slist<T, Alloc>& L2);
public:
 // 取頭部元素
 reference front() { return ((list_node*) head.next)->data; }
 const_reference front() const { return ((list_node*) head.next)->data; }
 // 從頭部安插元素 (新元素成為 slist 的第一個元素)
 void push_front(const value_type& x) {
   __slist_make_link(&head, create_node(x));
 // 注意,沒有 push_back()
 // 從頭部取走元素(刪除之)。修改 head。
 void pop_front() {
   list_node* node = (list_node*) head.next;
   head.next = node->next;
   destroy_node(node);
 iterator previous(const_iterator pos) {
   return iterator((list_node*) __slist_previous(&head, pos.node));
```

```
const_iterator previous(const_iterator pos) const {
  return const_iterator((list_node*) __slist_previous(&head, pos.node));
private:
 list_node* _insert_after(list_node_base* pos, const value_type& x) {
   return (list_node*) (__slist_make_link(pos, create_node(x)));
 void _insert_after_fill(list_node_base* pos,
                     size_type n, const value_type& x) {
   for (size_type i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    pos = __slist_make_link(pos, create_node(x));
#ifdef __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES
 template <class InIter>
 void _insert_after_range(list_node_base* pos, InIter first, InIter last) {
   while (first != last) {
    pos = __slist_make_link(pos, create_node(*first));
    ++first;
   }
 }
#else /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
 void _insert_after_range(list_node_base* pos,
                      const_iterator first, const_iterator last) {
   while (first != last) {
    pos = __slist_make_link(pos, create_node(*first));
    ++first;
   }
 }
 void _insert_after_range(list_node_base* pos,
                     const value_type* first, const value_type* last) {
   while (first != last) {
    pos = __slist_make_link(pos, create_node(*first));
     ++first;
 }
#endif /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
 // 刪除 pos 的下一個元素,並傳回新的下一個元素。
 list_node_base* erase_after(list_node_base* pos) {
   list_node* next = (list_node*) (pos->next); // 下一個元素
   list_node_base* next_next = next->next;
                                                // 下下一個元素
   pos->next = next_next; // 串接
   destroy_node(next);
                         // 刪除
   return next_next;
                         // 傳回
 }
```

```
list_node_base* erase_after(list_node_base* before_first,
                         list_node_base* last_node) {
   list_node* cur = (list_node*) (before_first->next);
   while (cur != last_node) {
    list_node* tmp = cur;
     cur = (list_node*) cur->next;
     destroy_node(tmp);
   before_first->next = last_node;
   return last_node;
public:
 iterator insert_after(iterator pos, const value_type& x) {
   return iterator(_insert_after(pos.node, x));
 }
 iterator insert_after(iterator pos) {
   return insert_after(pos, value_type());
 void insert_after(iterator pos, size_type n, const value_type& x) {
   _insert_after_fill(pos.node, n, x);
 void insert_after(iterator pos, int n, const value_type& x) {
   _insert_after_fill(pos.node, (size_type) n, x);
 void insert_after(iterator pos, long n, const value_type& x) {
   _insert_after_fill(pos.node, (size_type) n, x);
 }
#ifdef __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES
 template <class InIter>
 void insert_after(iterator pos, InIter first, InIter last) {
   _insert_after_range(pos.node, first, last);
#else /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
 void insert_after(iterator pos, const_iterator first, const_iterator last) {
   _insert_after_range(pos.node, first, last);
 void insert_after(iterator pos,
                const value_type* first, const value_type* last) {
   _insert_after_range(pos.node, first, last);
 }
#endif /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
```

```
iterator insert(iterator pos, const value_type& x) {
   return iterator(_insert_after(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node), x));
 iterator insert(iterator pos) {
   return iterator(_insert_after(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node),
                            value_type()));
 void insert(iterator pos, size_type n, const value_type& x) {
   _insert_after_fill(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node), n, x);
 void insert(iterator pos, int n, const value_type& x) {
   _insert_after_fill(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node), (size_type) n, x);
 void insert(iterator pos, long n, const value_type& x) {
   _insert_after_fill(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node), (size_type) n, x);
#ifdef __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES
 template <class InIter>
 void insert(iterator pos, InIter first, InIter last) {
   _insert_after_range(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node), first, last);
#else /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
 void insert(iterator pos, const_iterator first, const_iterator last) {
   _insert_after_range(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node), first, last);
 void insert(iterator pos, const value_type* first, const value_type* last) {
   _insert_after_range(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node), first, last);
#endif /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
public:
 iterator erase_after(iterator pos) {
   return iterator((list_node*)erase_after(pos.node));
 iterator erase_after(iterator before_first, iterator last) {
   return iterator((list_node*)erase_after(before_first.node, last.node));
 }
 iterator erase(iterator pos) {
  return (list_node*) erase_after(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node));
 iterator erase(iterator first, iterator last) {
   return (list_node*) erase_after(__slist_previous(&head, first.node),
                              last.node);
 }
```

```
void resize(size_type new_size, const T& x);
 void resize(size_type new_size) { resize(new_size, T()); }
 void clear() { erase_after(&head, 0); }
public:
 // Moves the range [before_first + 1, before_last + 1) to *this,
 // inserting it immediately after pos. This is constant time.
 void splice_after(iterator pos,
                 iterator before_first, iterator before_last)
   if (before_first != before_last)
     __slist_splice_after(pos.node, before_first.node, before_last.node);
 // Moves the element that follows prev to *this, inserting it immediately
 // after pos. This is constant time.
 void splice_after(iterator pos, iterator prev)
     _slist_splice_after(pos.node, prev.node, prev.node->next);
 // Linear in distance(begin(), pos), and linear in L.size().
 void splice(iterator pos, slist& L) {
   if (L.head.next)
     __slist_splice_after(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node),
                      &L.head,
                      __slist_previous(&L.head, 0));
 // Linear in distance(begin(), pos), and in distance(L.begin(), i).
 void splice(iterator pos, slist& L, iterator i) {
   __slist_splice_after(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node),
                      __slist_previous(&L.head, i.node),
                     i.node);
 }
 // Linear in distance(begin(), pos), in distance(L.begin(), first),
 // and in distance(first, last).
 void splice(iterator pos, slist& L, iterator first, iterator last)
   if (first != last)
      _slist_splice_after(__slist_previous(&head, pos.node),
                      __slist_previous(&L.head, first.node),
                      __slist_previous(first.node, last.node));
 }
public:
```

```
void reverse() { if (head.next) head.next = __slist_reverse(head.next); }
 void remove(const T& val);
 void unique();
 void merge(slist& L);
 void sort();
#ifdef __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES
 template <class Predicate> void remove_if(Predicate pred);
 template <class BinaryPredicate> void unique(BinaryPredicate pred);
 template <class StrictWeakOrdering> void merge(slist&, StrictWeakOrdering);
 template <class StrictWeakOrdering> void sort(StrictWeakOrdering comp);
#endif /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
};
template <class T, class Alloc>
slist<T, Alloc>& slist<T,Alloc>::operator=(const slist<T, Alloc>& L)
 if (&L != this) {
   list_node_base* p1 = &head;
   list_node* n1 = (list_node*) head.next;
   const list_node* n2 = (const list_node*) L.head.next;
   while (n1 && n2) {
    n1->data = n2->data;
    p1 = n1;
    n1 = (list_node*) n1->next;
    n2 = (const list_node*) n2->next;
   if (n2 == 0)
    erase_after(p1, 0);
   else
     _insert_after_range(p1,
                     const_iterator((list_node*)n2), const_iterator(0));
 return *this;
}
template <class T, class Alloc>
bool operator==(const slist<T, Alloc>& L1, const slist<T, Alloc>& L2)
 typedef typename slist<T,Alloc>::list_node list_node;
 list_node* n1 = (list_node*) L1.head.next;
 list_node* n2 = (list_node*) L2.head.next;
 while (n1 && n2 && n1->data == n2->data) {
  n1 = (list_node*) n1->next;
   n2 = (list_node*) n2->next;
 }
 return n1 == 0 && n2 == 0;
```

```
template <class T, class Alloc>
inline bool operator<(const slist<T, Alloc>& L1, const slist<T, Alloc>& L2)
 return lexicographical_compare(L1.begin(), L1.end(), L2.begin(), L2.end());
#ifdef __STL_FUNCTION_TMPL_PARTIAL_ORDER
template <class T, class Alloc>
inline void swap(slist<T, Alloc>& x, slist<T, Alloc>& y) {
 x.swap(y);
#endif /* __STL_FUNCTION_TMPL_PARTIAL_ORDER */
template <class T, class Alloc>
void slist<T, Alloc>::resize(size_type len, const T& x)
 list_node_base* cur = &head;
 while (cur->next != 0 && len > 0) {
  cur = cur->next;
 if (cur->next)
   erase_after(cur, 0);
 else
   _insert_after_fill(cur, len, x);
template <class T, class Alloc>
void slist<T,Alloc>::remove(const T& val)
 list_node_base* cur = &head;
 while (cur && cur->next) {
   if (((list_node*) cur->next)->data == val)
    erase_after(cur);
   else
     cur = cur->next;
 }
}
template <class T, class Alloc>
void slist<T,Alloc>::unique()
 list_node_base* cur = head.next;
 if (cur) {
   while (cur->next) {
```

```
if (((list_node*)cur)->data == ((list_node*)(cur->next))->data)
      erase_after(cur);
     else
      cur = cur->next;
 }
}
template <class T, class Alloc>
void slist<T,Alloc>::merge(slist<T,Alloc>& L)
{
 list_node_base* n1 = &head;
 while (n1->next && L.head.next) {
   if (((list_node*) L.head.next)->data < ((list_node*) n1->next)->data)
     __slist_splice_after(n1, &L.head, L.head.next);
   n1 = n1->next;
 if (L.head.next) {
   n1->next = L.head.next;
   L.head.next = 0;
}
template <class T, class Alloc>
void slist<T,Alloc>::sort()
 if (head.next && head.next->next) {
   slist carry;
   slist counter[64];
   int fill = 0;
   while (!empty()) {
     __slist_splice_after(&carry.head, &head, head.next);
     int i = 0;
     while (i < fill && !counter[i].empty()) {</pre>
      counter[i].merge(carry);
      carry.swap(counter[i]);
      ++i;
     carry.swap(counter[i]);
     if (i == fill)
      ++fill;
   for (int i = 1; i < fill; ++i)
     counter[i].merge(counter[i-1]);
   this->swap(counter[fill-1]);
 }
}
```

```
#ifdef __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES
template <class T, class Alloc>
template <class Predicate> void slist<T,Alloc>::remove_if(Predicate pred)
 list_node_base* cur = &head;
 while (cur->next) {
   if (pred(((list_node*) cur->next)->data))
     erase_after(cur);
   else
     cur = cur->next;
}
template <class T, class Alloc> template <class BinaryPredicate>
void slist<T,Alloc>::unique(BinaryPredicate pred)
 list_node* cur = (list_node*) head.next;
 if (cur) {
   while (cur->next) {
     if (pred(((list_node*)cur)->data, ((list_node*)(cur->next))->data))
      erase_after(cur);
      cur = (list_node*) cur->next;
   }
 }
}
template <class T, class Alloc> template <class StrictWeakOrdering>
void slist<T,Alloc>::merge(slist<T,Alloc>& L, StrictWeakOrdering comp)
 list_node_base* n1 = &head;
 while (n1->next && L.head.next) {
   if (comp(((list_node*) L.head.next)->data,
          ((list_node*) n1->next)->data))
      _slist_splice_after(n1, &L.head, L.head.next);
   n1 = n1->next;
 if (L.head.next) {
   n1->next = L.head.next;
   L.head.next = 0;
}
template <class T, class Alloc> template <class StrictWeakOrdering>
void slist<T,Alloc>::sort(StrictWeakOrdering comp)
 if (head.next && head.next->next) {
   slist carry;
```

```
slist counter[64];
   int fill = 0;
   while (!empty()) {
     __slist_splice_after(&carry.head, &head, head.next);
    int i = 0;
    while (i < fill && !counter[i].empty()) {</pre>
      counter[i].merge(carry, comp);
      carry.swap(counter[i]);
      ++i;
     carry.swap(counter[i]);
     if (i == fill)
      ++fill;
   for (int i = 1; i < fill; ++i)
    counter[i].merge(counter[i-1], comp);
   this->swap(counter[fill-1]);
}
#endif /* __STL_MEMBER_TEMPLATES */
#if defined(__sgi) && !defined(__GNUC__) && (_MIPS_SIM != _MIPS_SIM_ABI32)
#pragma reset woff 1174
#endif
__STL_END_NAMESPACE
#endif /* __SGI_STL_INTERNAL_SLIST_H */
// Local Variables:
// mode:C++
// End:
```