```
/* The following code example is taken from the book
 * "The C++ Standard Library - A Tutorial and Reference, 2nd Edition"
 * by Nicolai M. Josuttis, Addison-Wesley, 2012
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 */
#include <chrono>
#include <ctime>
#include <string>
// convert timepoint of system clock to calendar time string
inline
std::string asString (const std::chrono::system_clock::time_point& tp)
    // convert to system time:
    std::time t t = std::chrono::system clock::to time t(tp);
    std::string ts = ctime(&t);  // convert to calendar time
ts.resize(ts.size()-1);  // skip trailing newline
    return ts;
}
// convert calendar time to timepoint of system clock
inline
std::chrono::system clock::time point
makeTimePoint (int year, int mon, int day,
               int hour, int min, int sec=0)
{
    struct std::tm t;
    t.tm_sec = sec;
                            // second of minute (0 .. 59 and 60 for leap seconds)
                            // minute of hour (0 .. 59)
    t.tm_min = min;
                            // hour of day (0 .. 23)
    t. tm hour = hour;
                            // day of month (0 .. 31)
    t. tm mday = day;
                           // month of year (0 \dots 11)
    t. tm mon = mon-1;
    t.tm_year = year-1900; // year since 1900
                           // determine whether daylight saving time
    t. tm isdst = -1:
    std::time t tt = std::mktime(&t);
    if (tt == -1) {
        throw "no valid system time";
    return std::chrono::system clock::from time t(tt);
```