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/* The following code example is taken from the book
 * "The C++ Standard Library – A Tutorial and Reference, 2nd Edition"
 * by Nicolai M. Josuttis, Addison-Wesley, 2012
 *
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 */
#include <future>
#include <thread>
#include <iostream>
#include <exception>
#include <stdexcept>
using namespace std;

int queryNumber ()
{
    // read number
    cout << "read number: ";
    int num;
    cin >> num;

    // throw exception if none
    if (!cin) {
        throw runtime_error("no number read");
    }

    return num;
}

void doSomething (char c, shared_future<int> f)
{
    try {
        // wait for number of characters to print
        int num = f.get(); // get result of queryNumber()

        for (int i=0; i<num; ++i) {
            this_thread::sleep_for(chrono::milliseconds(100));
            cout.put(c).flush();
        }
    }
    catch (const exception& e) {
        cerr << "EXCEPTION in thread " << this_thread::get_id()
            << ": " << e.what() << endl;
    }
}

int main()
{
    try {
        // start one thread to query a number
        shared_future<int> f = async(queryNumber);

        // start three threads each processing this number in a loop
    }
}

```

```
    auto f1 = async(launch::async, doSomething, '.', f);
    auto f2 = async(launch::async, doSomething, '+', f);
    auto f3 = async(launch::async, doSomething, '*', f);

    // wait for all loops to be finished
    f1.get();
    f2.get();
    f3.get();
}
catch (const exception& e) {
    cout << "\nEXCEPTION: " << e.what() << endl;
}
cout << "\ndone" << endl;
}
```