

# A Sample Document for the Usages of **lstEventB** Package

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For convenient, we define macro `\EventB` for Event-B.

We start first with some inline Event-B code by embedding them using a pair of `$`, for example `$@grd1 "SNSR = FALSE"$` gives `@grd1 "SNSR = FALSE"`. Any Event-B formulae including Unicode symbols will be typeset using the `bsymb` package accordingly.

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
<b>false</b>	$\perp$	False
<b>true</b>	$\top$	True
<b>&amp;</b>	$\wedge$	Conjunction
<b>or</b>	$\vee$	Disjunction
<b>=&gt;</b>	$\Rightarrow$	Implication
<b>&lt;=&gt;</b>	$\Leftrightarrow$	Equivalence
<b>not</b>	$\neg$	Negation
<b>!</b>	$\forall$	Universal quantification
<b>#</b>	$\exists$	Existential quantification
<b>.</b>	$\cdot$	Quantification dot
<b>/=</b>	$\neq$	Inequality

Table 1: Predicates

More complete piece of code (including the Unicode symbols) can be typeset using the `EventBcode` environment. Below is the typesetting of an Event-B machine.

---

```
1 machine SensV_m0_SNSR
2 variables
3   SNSR
4 invariants
5   @thm0_1  $\in$  "SNSR  $\in$  BOOL" theVem
6 events
7
8   INITIALISATION
```

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
<code>{}</code>	$\emptyset$	Empty set
<code> </code>	$ $	Vertical bar, e.g., in set comprehension
<code>\ </code>	$\cup$	Union
<code>\&amp;</code>	$\cap$	Intersection
<code>\</code>	$\setminus$	Set difference
<code>**</code>	$\times$	Cartesian product
<code>POW</code>	$\mathbb{P}$	Powerset
<code>POW1</code>	$\mathbb{P}_1$	Non-empty subsets
<code>card</code>	card	Cardinality
<code>union</code>	union	Generalised union
<code>inter</code>	inter	Generalised intersection
<code>UNION</code>	$\bigcup$	Quantified union
<code>INTER</code>	$\bigcap$	Quantified intersection

Table 2: Sets

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
<code>:</code>	$\in$	Set membership
<code>/:</code>	$\notin$	Set non-membership
<code>&lt;:</code>	$\subseteq$	Subset
<code>/&lt;:</code>	$\not\subseteq$	Not a subset
<code>&lt;&lt;:</code>	$\subset$	Proper subset
<code>/&lt;&lt;:</code>	$\not\subset$	Not a proper subset
<code>finite</code>	finite	Finite
<code>partition</code>	partition	Partition

Table 3: Set predicates

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
<code>BOOL</code>	<code>BOOL</code>	<code>BOOL</code> set
<code>TRUE</code>	<code>TRUE</code>	<code>TRUE</code>
<code>FALSE</code>	<code>FALSE</code>	<code>FALSE</code>
<code>bool</code>	<code>bool</code>	<code>bool</code> predicate

Table 4: `BOOL` and `bool`

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
INT	$\mathbb{Z}$	Set of integer numbers
NAT	$\mathbb{N}$	Set of natural numbers
NAT1	$\mathbb{N}_1$	Set of positive natural numbers
min	min	Minimum
max	max	Maximum
-	-	Difference
*	*	Product
/	$\div$	Quotient
mod	mod	Remainder
..	..	Interval

Table 5: Numbers

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
>	>	Greater
<	<	Less
>=	$\geq$	Greater or equal
<=	$\leq$	Less or equal

Table 6: Number predicates

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
<->	$\leftrightarrow$	Relations
dom	dom	Domain
ran	ran	Range
<<->	$\Leftrightarrow$	Total relations
<->>	$\Rrightarrow$	Surjective relations
<<->>	$\Leftrightarrow$	Total surjective relations
circ	$\circ$	Backward composition
id	id	Identity
<	$\triangleleft$	Domain restriction
<<	$\triangleleft$	Domain subtraction
>	$\triangleright$	Range restriction
>>	$\triangleright$	Range subtraction
~	$-1$	Inverse
<+	$\Leftarrow$	Overriding
><	$\otimes$	Direct product
	$\parallel$	Parallel product
prj1	prj <sub>1</sub>	First projection
prj2	prj <sub>2</sub>	Second projection

Table 7: Relations

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$	Partial functions
$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	Total functions
$\hookrightarrow$	$\hookrightarrow$	Partial injections
$\dashrightarrow$	$\dashrightarrow$	Total injections
$\twoheadrightarrow$	$\twoheadrightarrow$	Partial surjections
$\rightarrowtail$	$\rightarrowtail$	Total surjections
$\leftrightarrowtail$	$\leftrightarrowtail$	Bijections
$\lambda$	$\lambda$	Lambda abstraction

Table 8: Functions

ASCII	Symbols	Explanation
$:=$	$:=$	Becomes equal to
$::$	$:\in$	Choice from a set
$:-$	$:\mid$	Choice by predicate

Table 9: Functions

```

9  begin
10  @act1 $\in$  "SNSR :=FALSE"
11  end
12
13  SNSR_on
14  when
15  @grd1 $\in$  "SNSR = FALSE"
16  then
17  @act1 $\in$  "SNSR :=TRUE"
18  end
19
20  SNSR_off
21  when
22  @grd1 $\in$  "SNSR = TRUE"
23  then
24  @act1 $\in$  "SNSR :=FALSE"
25  end
26
27 end

```

---

One can change the different colour options. For example, `\EventBSetKeywordColour{blue!50!black}` will change the keyword colour to dark blue. (This has effects only when

---

```

1  machine SensV_m0_SNSR
2  variables
3    SNSR
4  invariants
5    @thm0_1 $\in$  "SNSR  $\in$  BOOL" theVem

```

---

One can includes external file containing Event-B code using the `\EventBinutlisting` command. For example the following is the result of including the code in the file `Sensor_m1_DEP.bumx` using `\EventBinutlisting{Sensor_m1_DEP.bumx}`.

```

1 machine SensV_m1_DEP
2 refines SensV_m0_SNSR
3 variables
4   SNSR
5   DEP
6 invariants
7   @inv0_1 ∈ "DEP ∈ ℕ"
8 events
9
10  INITIALISATION extended
11  begin
12    @act2 ∈ "DEP := 0"
13  end
14
15  SNSR_on extended
16  refines SNSR_on
17  end
18
19  SNSR_off extended
20  refines SNSR_off
21  begin
22    @act2 ∈ "DEP := DEP + 1"
23  end
24
25 end

```

More specifically, one can specify more details on the inclusion, e.g., the ranges, as the following example  
`\EventBinoutputlisting[firstline=16,lastline=20]{Sensor_m2_snsr.bumx}`  
gives

```

1   @inv1_1 ∈ "Snsr_01 = TRUE ⇒ SNSR = TRUE"
2
3   @inv1_2 ∈ "Snsr_10 = TRUE ⇒ SNSR = FALSE"
4
5   @inv1_3 ∈ "Snsr_01 = FALSE ∨ Snsr_10 = FALSE"

```

```

1 machine SensV_m3_Ctrl
2
3 refines
4
5   SensV_m2_Snsr
6
7 variables
8
9   SNSR
10
11  DEP
12
13  Snsr_01
14

```

```

15  Snsr_10
16
17  ctrl_snsr
18
19  ctrl_dep
20
21  ctrl_snsr_01
22
23  ctrl_snsr_10
24
25  invariants
26
27  @inv2_1 ∈
28  "Snsr_01 = FALSE ∧ Snsr_10 = FALSE ∧ ctrl_snsr_01 = FALSE ∧ ctrl_snsr_10 =
    FALSE ⇒ ctrl_snsr = SNSR"
29
30  @inv2_2 ∈ "ctrl_dep ∈ ℕ"
31
32  @inv2_3 ∈ "Snsr_10 = FALSE ∧ ctrl_snsr_10 = FALSE ⇒ ctrl_dep = DEP"
33
34  @inv2_4 ∈ "Snsr_10 = TRUE ∨ ctrl_snsr_10 = TRUE ⇒ ctrl_dep = DEP - 1"
35
36  @inv2_5 ∈ "ctrl_snsr_01 = TRUE ⇒ SNSR = TRUE"
37
38  @inv2_6 ∈ "ctrl_snsr_10 = TRUE ⇒ SNSR = FALSE"
39
40  @inv2_7 ∈ "ctrl_snsr_01 = TRUE ⇒ Snsr_01 = FALSE"
41
42  @inv2_8 ∈ "ctrl_snsr_10 = TRUE ⇒ Snsr_10 = FALSE"
43
44  events
45
46  INITIALISATION extended
47  refines INITIALISATION
48  begin
49    @act5 ∈ "ctrl_snsr := FALSE"
50    @act6 ∈ "ctrl_dep := 0"
51    @act7 ∈ "ctrl_snsr_01 := FALSE"
52    @act8 ∈ "ctrl_snsr_10 := FALSE"
53  end
54
55  SNSR_on extended
56  refines SNSR_on
57  when
58    @grd3 ∈ "ctrl_snsr_10 = FALSE"
59  end
60
61  SNSR_off extended
62  refines SNSR_off
63  when
64    @grd3 ∈ "ctrl_snsr_01 = FALSE"
65  end
66
67  ctrl_Senses_Snsr_01 extended
68  refines ctrl_Senses_Snsr_01
69  begin

```

```

70     @act2∈ "ctrl.snsr_01 :=TRUE"
71 end
72
73 ctrl_Senses_Snsr_10 extended
74 refines ctrl_Senses_Snsr_10
75 begin
76     @act2∈ "ctrl.snsr_10 :=TRUE"
77 end
78
79 ctrl_on
80 when
81     @grd1∈ "ctrl.snsr_01 = TRUE"
82 then
83     @act1∈ "ctrl.snsr_01 :=FALSE"
84     @act2∈ "ctrl.snsr :=TRUE"
85 end
86
87 ctrl_off
88 when
89     @grd1∈ "ctrl.snsr_10 = TRUE"
90 then
91     @act1∈ "ctrl.snsr_10 :=FALSE"
92     @act2∈ "ctrl.snsr :=FALSE"
93     @act3∈ "ctrl.dep :=ctrl.dep + 1"
94 end
95
96 end

```