COVID-19 subject 100667644

2021-05-05

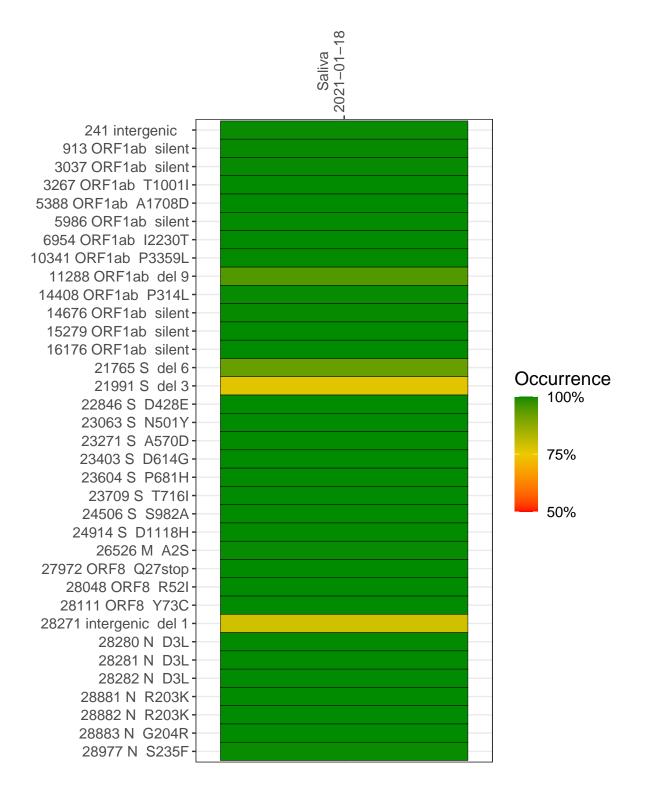
The table below provides a summary of subject samples for which sequencing data is available. The experiments column shows the number of sequencing experiments performed for each specimen. Experiment specific analyses are shown at the end of this report. Lineages are called with the Pangolin software tool (Rambaut et al 2020) for genomes with > 90% sequence coverage.

Table 1. Sample summary.

Experiment	Туре	Genomes	Sample type	Sample date	Largest contig (KD)	Lineage	Reference read coverage	Reference read coverage (>= 5 reads)
VSP0623	composite	NA	Saliva	2021-01-18	29.76	B.1.1.7	99.3%	99.3%
VSP0623-1	single experiment	NA	Saliva	2021-01-18	29.65	B.1.1.7	99.3%	99.3%
VSP0623-2	single experiment	NA	Saliva	2021-01-18	15.04	B.1.1.7	99.3%	99.2%

Variants shared across samples

The heat map below shows how variants (reference genome /home/everett/projects/SARS-CoV-2-Philadelphia/Wuhan-Hu-1) are shared across subject samples where the percent variance is colored. Variants are called if a variant position is covered by 5 or more reads, the alternative base is found in > 50% of read pairs and the variant yields a PHRED score > 20. Gray tiles denote positions where the variant was not the major variant or no variants were found. The relative base compositions of each experiment used to calculate tiles are shown in the following plot where the total number of position reads are shown atop of each plot.



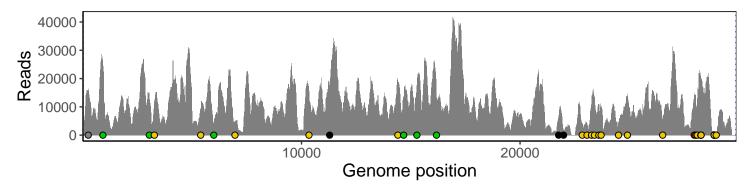
Saliva 2021-01-18

	2021-	-01-10	
241 intergenic	11238	4047	
913 ORF1ab silent	18390	5963	
3037 ORF1ab silent	9414	3209	
3267 ORF1ab T1001I	8937	2821	
5388 ORF1ab A1708D	7031	2237	
5986 ORF1ab silent	3621	1049	
6954 ORF1ab I2230T	3264	1162	
10341 ORF1ab P3359L	11892	3731	
11288 ORF1ab del 9	11972	3940	
14408 ORF1ab P314L	14068	4373	
14676 ORF1ab silent	10148	3340	
15279 ORF1ab silent	13082	4329	
16176 ORF1ab silent	9965	3362	
21765 S del 6	4306	1366	
21991 S del 3	1352	398	Base change
22846 S D428E	3115	936	Expected A
23063 S N501Y	2993	1024	Т
23271 S A570D	8322	2657	С
23403 S D614G	10172	3332	G
23604 S P681H	8016	2609	N I (D.)
23709 S T716I	7174	2932	Ins/Del No data
24506 S S982A	3324	1031	140 data
24914 S D1118H	10807	3285	
26526 M A2S	3771	1138	
27972 ORF8 Q27stop	10230	3301	
28048 ORF8 R52I	7977	2681	
28111 ORF8 Y73C	9615	3036	
28271 intergenic del 1	15810	4583	
28280 N D3L	12773	3209	
28281 N D3L	12773	3209	
28282 N D3L	12847	3259	
28881 N R203K	932	287	
28882 N R203K	930	287	
28883 N G204R	930	290	
28977 N S235F	343	163	
	T	-2	
	523	923	
	VSP0623-1	VSP0623-2	
	8>	8	

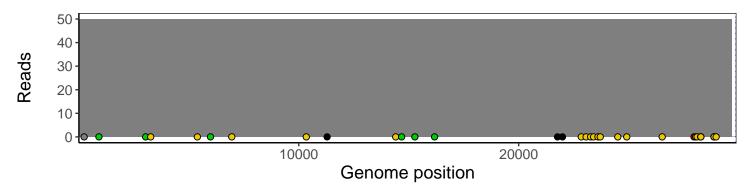
Analyses of individual experiments and composite results

$VSP0623 \mid 2021\text{-}01\text{-}18 \mid Saliva \mid Molpath\text{-}Seq2 \mid composite result}$

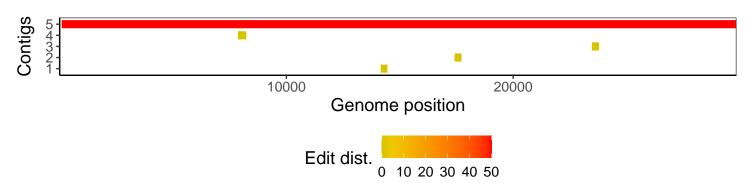
The plot below shows the number of reads covering each nucleotide position in the reference genome. Variants are shown as colored dots along the bottom of the plot and are color coded according by variant types: gray - transgenic, green - silent, gold - missense, red - nonsense, black - indel.



Excerpt from plot above focusing on reads coverage from 0 to 50 NT.

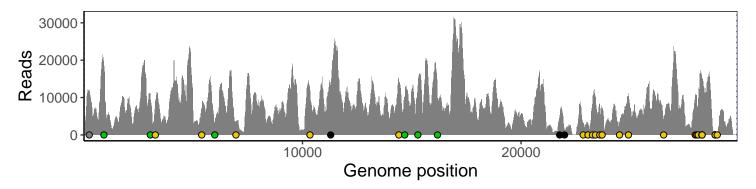


The longest five assembled contigs are shown below colored by their edit distance to the reference genome.

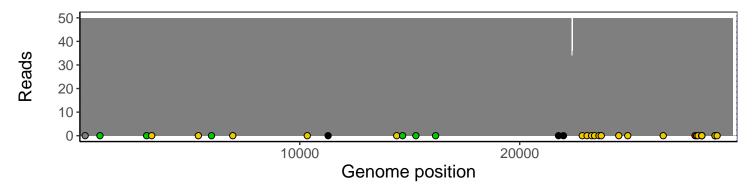


$VSP0623\text{-}1 \mid 2021\text{-}01\text{-}18 \mid Saliva \mid Molpath\text{-}Seq2 \mid genomes \mid single \ experiment$

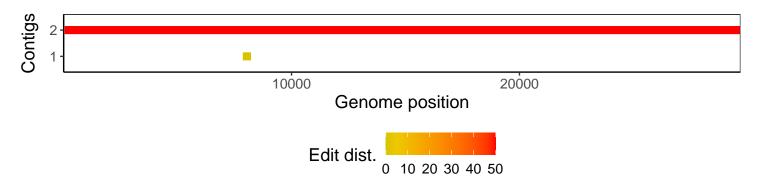
The plot below shows the number of reads covering each nucleotide position in the reference genome. Variants are shown as colored dots along the bottom of the plot and are color coded according by variant types: gray - transgenic, green - silent, gold - missense, red - nonsense, black - indel.



Excerpt from plot above focusing on reads coverage from 0 to 50 NT.

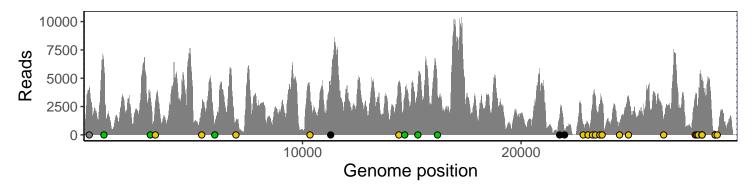


The longest five assembled contigs are shown below colored by their edit distance to the reference genome.

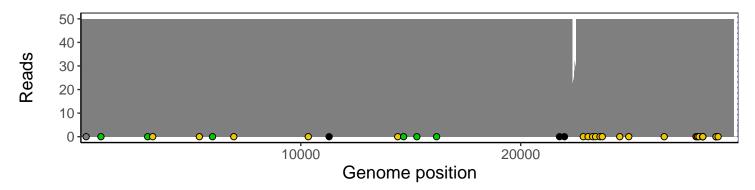


VSP0623-2 | 2021-01-18 | Saliva | Molpath-Seq2 | genomes | single experiment

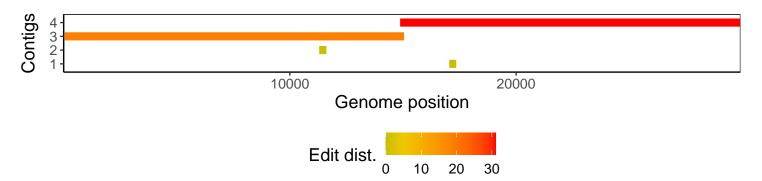
The plot below shows the number of reads covering each nucleotide position in the reference genome. Variants are shown as colored dots along the bottom of the plot and are color coded according by variant types: gray - transgenic, green - silent, gold - missense, red - nonsense, black - indel.



Excerpt from plot above focusing on reads coverage from 0 to 50 NT.



The longest five assembled contigs are shown below colored by their edit distance to the reference genome.



Software environment

Software/R package	Version
R	3.4.0
bwa	0.7.17-r1198-dirty
samtools	1.10 Using htslib 1.10
bcftools	1.10.2-34-g1a12af0-dirty Using htslib 1.10.2-57-gf58a6f3
pangolin	2.3.8
genbankr	1.4.0
optparse	1.6.0
forcats	0.3.0
stringr	1.4.0
dplyr	0.8.1
purrr	0.2.5
readr	1.1.1
tidyr	0.8.1
tibble	2.1.2
ggplot2	3.0.0
tidyverse	1.2.1
ShortRead	1.34.2
${\it Genomic Alignments}$	1.12.2
SummarizedExperiment	1.6.5
DelayedArray	0.2.7
matrixStats	0.54.0
Biobase	2.36.2
Rsamtools	1.28.0
GenomicRanges	1.28.6
$\operatorname{GenomeInfoDb}$	1.12.3
Biostrings	2.44.2
XVector	0.16.0
IRanges	2.10.5
S4Vectors	0.14.7
BiocParallel	1.10.1
BiocGenerics	0.22.1