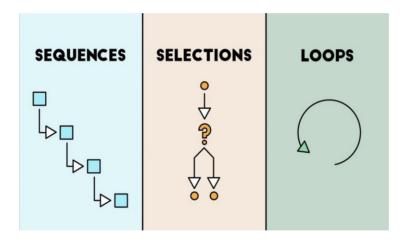
Selection





What is selection?

- The building blocks of programs are
 - Sequence of statements
 - Selection (making a decision)
 - Looping (repetition)

What is selection?

 Selection: Using a Boolean expression to decide which path to follow in the program

Example:

```
If (it is raining) then
    wear boots to keep feet dry
Else
    wear flip-flops
```

What is a Boolean expression?

A Boolean value is either TRUE of FALSE

Boolean expressions may use Relational operators
Logical operators

Relational Operators

- > Greater than
- < Less than
- ≤ Less than or equal
- ≥ Greater than or equal
- = Equal

Logical Operators

AND, OR, NOT

| а | b | a AND b |
|-------|-------|---------|
| False | False | False |
| False | True | False |
| True | False | False |
| True | True | True |

| a | b | a OR b |
|-------|-------|--------|
| False | False | False |
| False | True | True |
| True | False | True |
| True | True | True |

| а | NOT a |
|-------|-------|
| False | True |
| True | False |

Examples of Boolean Expressions

Relational operators (comparison)

-> False

•
$$5 = 5$$

-> True

```
• "Hello" = "Hello" -> True
```

Examples of Boolean Expressions

- Logical operators (boolean)
 - 42 < 17 AND 10 > 1 -> False
 - 5 = 5 AND 1 = 1 -> True
 - 17 > 5 OR 10 < 1 -> True
 - 1 = 10 OR 5 > 2 -> False

Types of Selection

