TP2 on Java Programming

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1 Introduction

The objective of the first lab is to practice java operators, controlling executions, if-else, for/while loops. For this lab session and the following labs, you can use IntelliJ IDEA.

The requirement of your report:

- Submit everything in a .zip file named: JAVA_TP2_prenom_nom.zip;
- Include a .pdf file to answer open questions;
- Name your project folder TP2_Prenom_Nom, and inside this project folder, include the following:
 - The following files: .idea, .gitignore, .iml, out, and src (your code should be inside the src folder);
 - Write comments in your code specifying which question you are answering;
 - Inside the src folder, include:
 - 1. A package called counter, containing the following classes [70%]:
 - 1) Counting.java -2.1
 - 2) CountingAdvanced.java -2.2
 - 3) CountingCyclic.java 2.3
 - 4) Poker.java 3

Important: Write a report and submit it with code before the end of the lab. Report should contains a pdf file with summary on what you have done and screenshot of codes. Zip of code should include multiple .java class files.

2 Counter

We would like to implement a class representing an integer counter, such that an object of this class is characterised by an integer value, **either positive or zero**. It should be noted that it only vary in step of 1 (both increment and decrement).

2.1 Class counting

Take the "Point" class from lab 1 as an example to create a class:

- Create a project "TP2_Prenom_Nom"
- In src folder, create a package "counter", create class "Counting", and in the class "Counting":
 - write incrementer() method, who will increase input integer by step 1
 - write decrementer() ¹ method, who will decrease input integer by step 1

 $^{^{1}}$ Since it cannot be negative integer, here we will use if-else to make sure counter is always non-negative

- write a constructor which initializes counter at value 0
- Create "main" method ², in which, create an object of class "counting". The created object will
 - display its value
 - increment it 10 times, and then display its value again
 - decrement it 20 times, and display its value.
- * You should get the display of results as: 0, 10, 0.

2.2 Improve the class "Counting" - part 1

Now we have the minimum value for counter, which is 0. What about the maximum?

- Modify the method increment(), if the (input value $+1 > \text{value_max}$), value will not increase, but remain at value_max
- create an object
 - display its value
 - increment it 10 times (value_max = 5), and then display its value.

2.3 Improve the class "Counting" - part 2

Now we have set the maximum and minimum of counter. What if we need to create a cyclic counter?

- Modify the method increment(), if the (input value $+1 > \text{value_max}$), value will be set to 0
- Modify the method decrement(), if the (input value -1 < 0), value will be set to value_max
- create an object (value_max = 5)
 - display its value
 - increment it 8 times, and then display its value.
 - decrement it 10 times, and then display its value.

3 Throwing Dice

- In the same package "counter": Create a class "Poker", it contains the following attributes and methods
- constructor ³: initialize its integer value between 1 and 6.
- create method NewThrow(), generate a new random value between 1 and 6.
- in the "main" method, create a for/while loop to throw the dice 10 times. In each loop, call the method NewThrow(), and dispaly the new value.

²Or create another class "TestCount", and in the "main" method, implement the following

³Use "import import java.util.Random;"