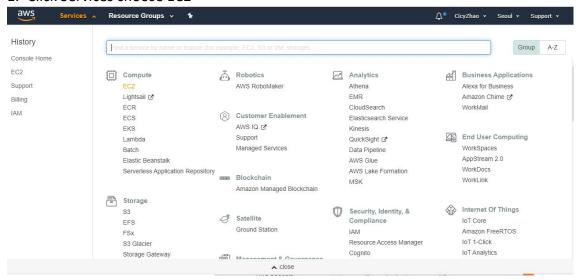
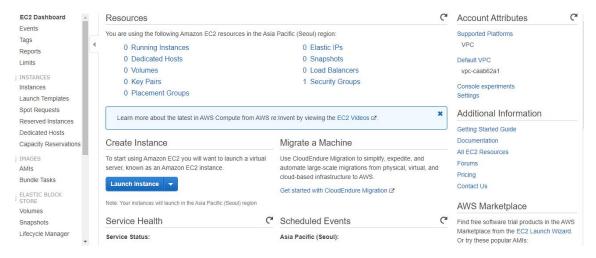
Create EC2 Instance Guide

1. Click Services choose EC2

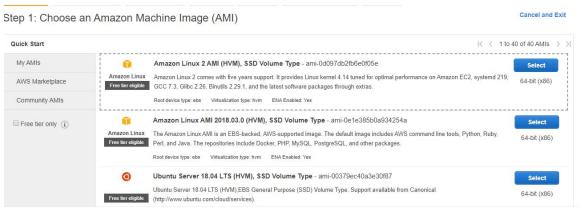


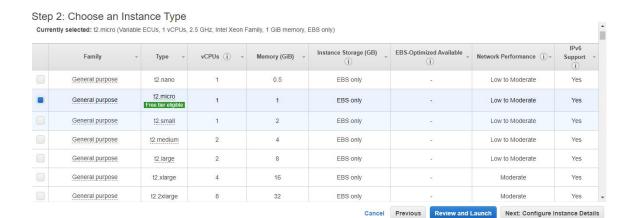
2. Click Launch Instance



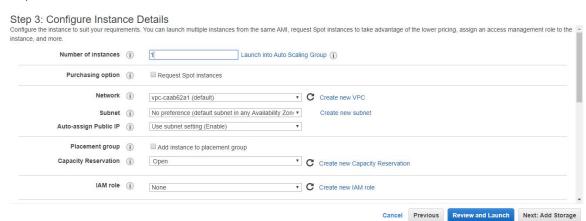
3. Start EC2 configuration

Step 1





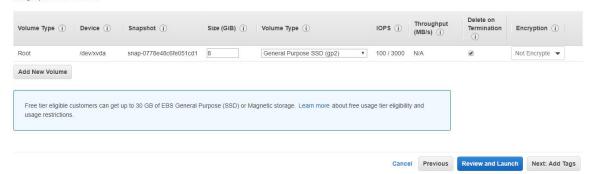
Step 3



Step 4

Step 4: Add Storage

Our instance will be launched with the following storage device settings. You can attach additional EBS volumes and instance store volumes to your instance, or edit the settings of the root volume. You can also attach additional EBS volumes after launching an instance, but not instance store volumes. Learn more about storage options in Amazon EC2.

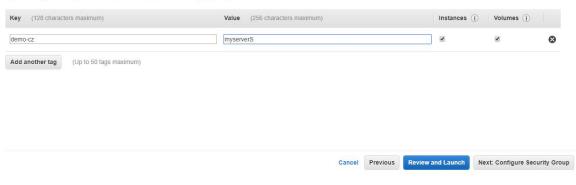


Step 5

Step 5: Add Tags

A tag consists of a case-sensitive key-value pair. For example, you could define a tag with key = Name and value = Webserver. A copy of a tag can be applied to volumes, instances or both.

Tags will be applied to all instances and volumes. Learn more about tagging your Amazon EC2 resources.

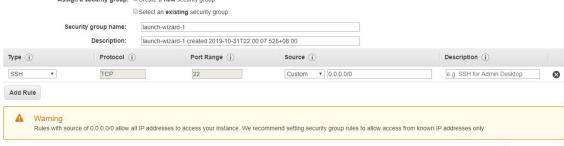


Step 6

Step 6: Configure Security Group

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. On this page, you can add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance. For example, if you want to set up a web server and allow internet traffic to reach your instance, add rules that allow unrestricted access to the HTTP and HTTPS ports. You can create a new security group or select from an existing one below. Learn more Assign a security group:

Create a new security group

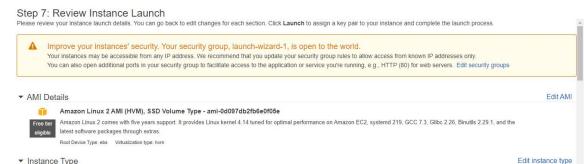


Cancel Previous Review and Lan

Network Performance

Cancel Previous Lau

Step 7



Instance Storage (GB)

EBS-Optimized Available

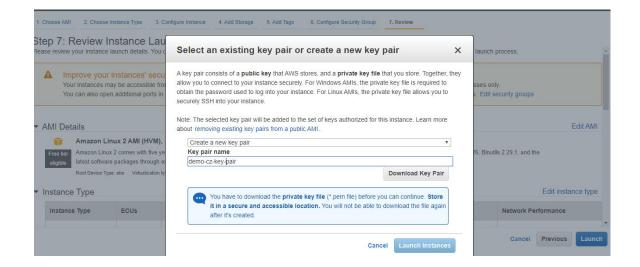


Instance Type

ECUs

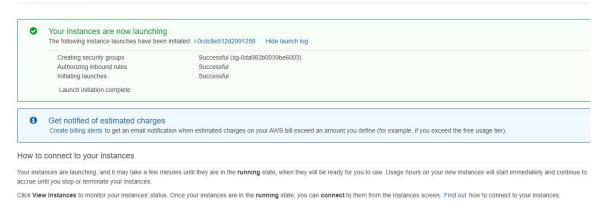
vCPUs

Memory (GiB)



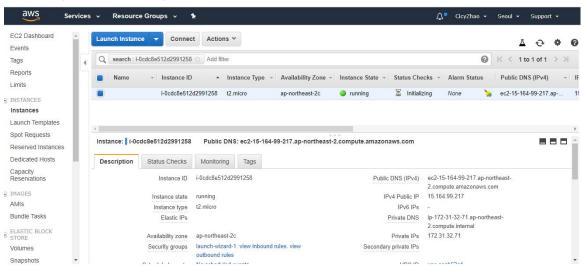
You can click launch log for check your instance status

Launch Status

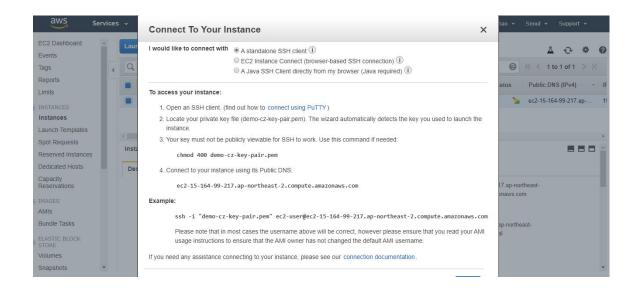


Return AWS console review instance status and details

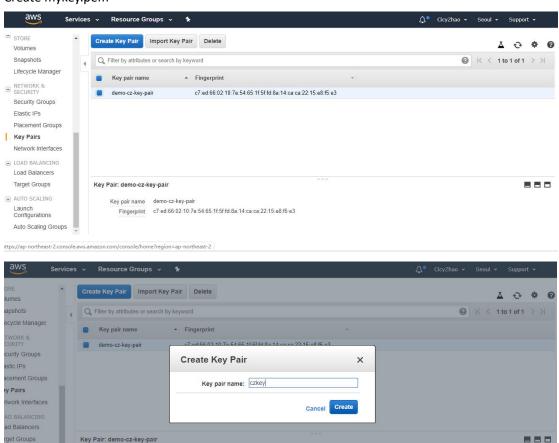
*use public IP connect your instance



Click connect to connect your instance



Create mykey.pem



Gitbash connect

unch nfigurations

o Scaling Groups

Cd keypair folder --> enter example comond

Key pair name demo-cz-key-pair

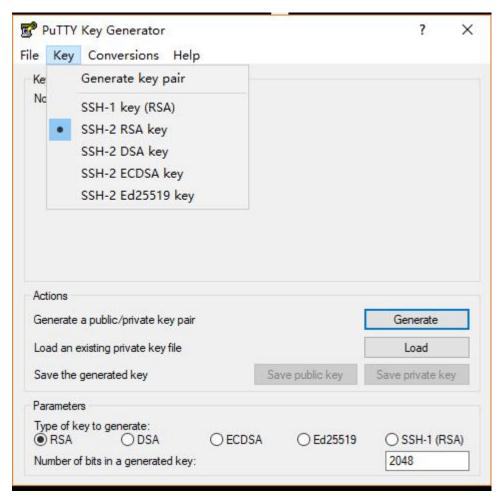
Fingerprint c7:ed:66:02:10:7e:54:65:1f:5f:fd:8a:14:ca:ca:22:15:e8:f5:e3

```
Eve-赵雅娟@ Z MINGW64 /e/AWS
$ ssh -i "demo-cz-key-pair.pem" ec2-user@ec2-15-164-99-217.ap-northeast-2.comput
e.amazonaws.com
Last login: Thu Oct 31 14:10:27 2019 from 116.227.144.187

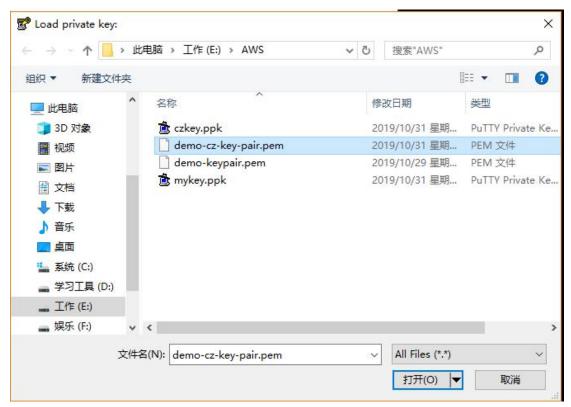
__| __| __| __| __|
__| ( / Amazon Linux 2 AMI
___|\__| | __| | __|
https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/
27 package(s) needed for security, out of 51 available
Run "sudo yum update" to apply all updates.
```

Connect by PuTTY

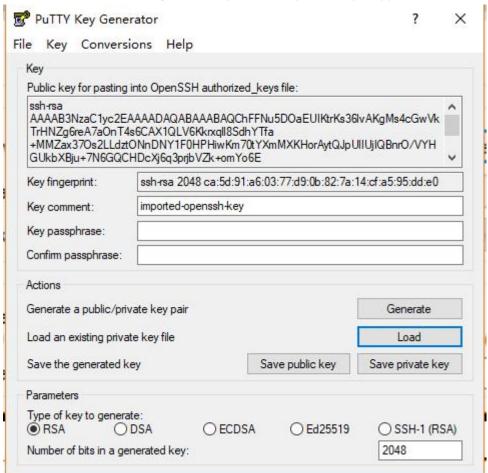
- 1. Generate private key
 - (1) Choose key type (SSH-2 RSA key)



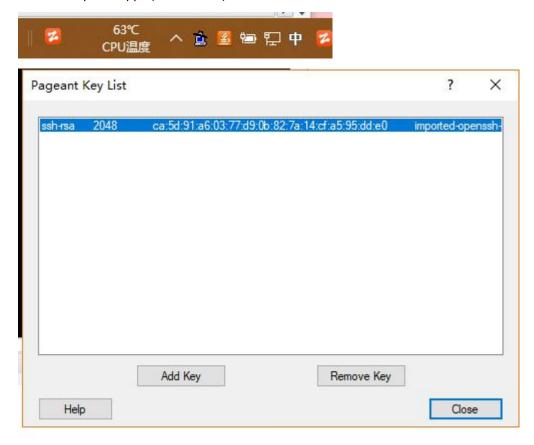
(2) Click load choose keypair file for the instance



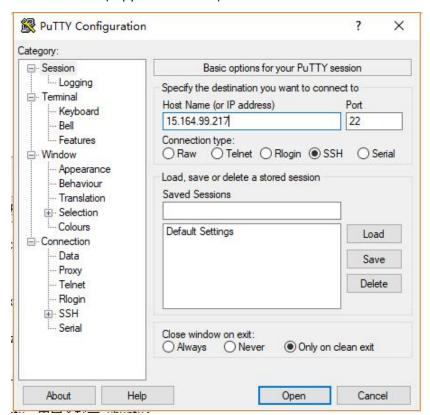
(3) Click Generate to generate key, then save private key for ppk format



2. Run the private ppk (double click)



(3) Connect by PuTTY
Enter hostname (copy from instance)



Enter username (ec2-user)

Every Linux instance use default Linux system username for start:

Amazon Linux: ec2-user

RHEL5: root or ec2-user

Ubuntu: ubuntu

Fedora: fedora or ec2-user

SUSE Linux: root or ec2-user