

2

December 3, 2017

1

1.1

:

$$z = f(x, y) \tag{1}$$

$$F(x, y, z) = 0 \tag{2}$$

$z = (1) = (2) = x, y.$
 $(1), \quad x = y = (, .3,).$ $(2), \quad (1), \quad , \quad .$
 $(2) = , \quad .3, ,$

$$x^2 + y^2 + (z - c)^2 = R^2.$$

$(1), \quad : , \quad z=c,$

$$z = c - \sqrt{R^2 - (x^2 + y^2)}, \tag{3}$$

$z = c$

$$z = c + \sqrt{R^2 - (x^2 + y^2)}; \tag{4}$$

, $z = c,$ $(3), \quad (4).$
 $, \quad (1)$

1.2 .

ka⁻¹ (. . 6):

$$k_a = \lim_{l \rightarrow 0} \frac{2h}{l^2} = \lim_{l \rightarrow 0} \frac{2f(x, y)}{l^2},$$

, $x \rightarrow 0$ $y \rightarrow 0$ ϵ , :

$$\begin{aligned} k_a &= \lim_{l \rightarrow 0} \frac{f_{xx}(0,0)x^2 + 2f_{xy}(0,0)xy + f_{yy}(0,0)y^2 + 2\epsilon l^2}{l^2} = \\ &= f_{xx}(0,0) \cos^2 \alpha + f_{xx}(0,0) \sin^2 \alpha + 2f_{xy}(0,0) \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{x}{l} = \cos \alpha; \frac{y}{l} = \sin \alpha.$$

$$k_x = f_{xx}(0,0); k_y = f_{yy}(0,0). \quad (6)$$

$$A, k_x, k_y, f_{xy}(0,0),$$

1.3

:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_{x'_1 x'_1} &= a_{x_1 x_1} l_1^2 + a_{x_2 x_2} m_1^2 + 2a_{x_1 x_2} l_1 m_1 = a_{x_1 x_1} \cos^2 \alpha + a_{x_2 x_2} \sin^2 \alpha + \\ &\quad + 2a_{x_1 x_2} \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ a_{x'_2 x'_2} &= a_{x_1 x_1} l_2^2 + a_{x_2 x_2} m_2^2 + 2a_{x_1 x_2} l_2 m_2 = a_{x_1 x_1} \sin^2 \alpha + a_{x_2 x_2} \cos^2 \alpha - \\ &\quad - 2a_{x_1 x_2} \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ a_{x'_1 x'_3} &= a_{x_3 x_1} l^2 = a_{x_2 x_2} l_1 l_2 + a_{x_2 x_2} m_1 m_2 + a_{x_1 x_1} (l_1 m_2 + l_2 m_1) = \\ &= -a_{x_1 x_1} \cos \alpha \sin \alpha + a_{x_2 x_2} \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + a_{x_1 x_1} (\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha) = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (a_{x_2 x_2} - a_{x_1 x_1}) \sin 2\alpha + a_{x_1 x_1} \cos 2\alpha. \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$(10) \quad f_{x_1 y_1}(0,0) :$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{x_1 y_1} &= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial y_1} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y_1} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y_1} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial y_1} \right) = \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y_1} \right) \frac{\partial x}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y_1} \right) \frac{\partial y}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial y_1} \right) \frac{\partial x}{\partial x_1} + \\ &\quad + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial y_1} \right) \frac{\partial y}{\partial x_1} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y_1} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y_1} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x_1} + \\ &\quad + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y_1} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y_1} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x_1}. \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

$$f_{x_1 y_1} = f \quad x = 0, y = 0.$$

2

2.1

$$\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_r, \quad (\alpha_1, \alpha_2), \dots, \alpha_1, \alpha_2:$$

$$r = r(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) \quad (8)$$

$$(8) \quad : \quad x = x(\alpha_1, \alpha_2); y = y(\alpha_1, \alpha_2); z = z(\alpha_1, \alpha_2).$$