



Grade distribution analysis of UW Madison dataset

Module 3 project Evgeniya Dontsova & Cristina Rico

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Outline: questions to answer regarding the A grade ratio



- **♦** Evgeniya:
 - ◆ Do instructors grade differently?
 - ◆ Does class size matter?
 - ♦ Instructor grading versus size
 - Does the field of study matter: STEM vs Humanities in term of class size?
- **♦** Cristina:
 - ◆ Does time of day matter?
 - Interaction between time of day and the filed of study: STEM vs Humanities?
 - ♦ Is the field of study significant in terms of time of day?



Dataset: UW Madison Courses and Grades 2006-2017

Original dataset

	course_offering_uuid
count	193262
unique	80171

	instructor_name
count	18736
unique	18598
top	SUSAN SMITH
freq	3

	subject_name
count	198
unique	198
top	WILDLIFE ECOLOGY
freq	1



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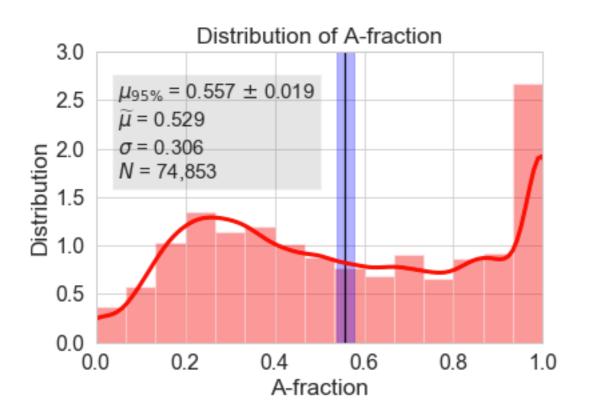
Processed dataset that includes non-missing grades, sections, instructors, subjects

subject_name		instructor_name	section_uuid	course_offering_uuid	
74853		74853	74853	74853	count
190		10133	74853	47812	unique
nd Portuguese)	Spanish (Spanish ar	MARK ALLIE	e3742aa7-1ee5-385c-8952-32526cefd78d	35a65d4a-702c-388e-b98b-a0127e587f16	top
2738		239	1	60	freq

source: https://www.kaggle.com/Madgrades/uw-madison-courses

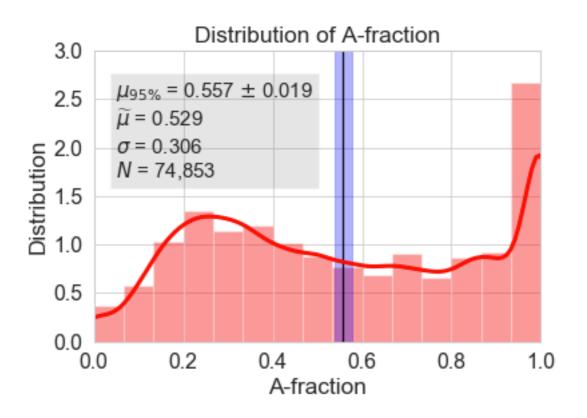
Distribution of A grade fraction



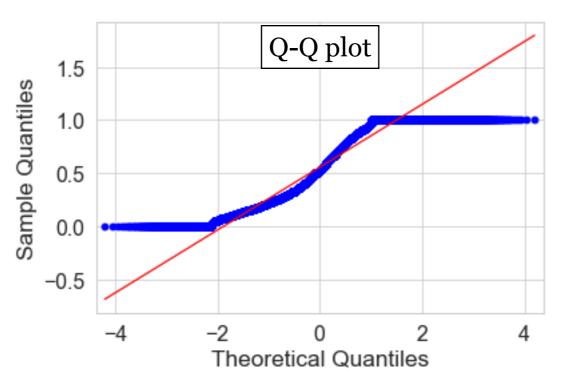


Distribution of A grade fraction





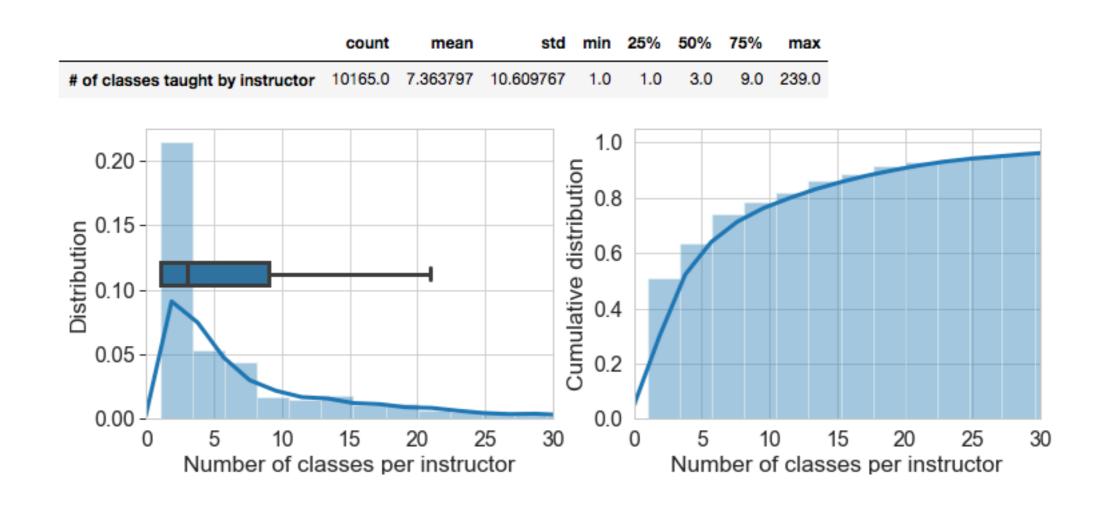
How bad is the deviation from normal distribution?



KstestResult(statistic=0.5030702257501721, pvalue=0.0)



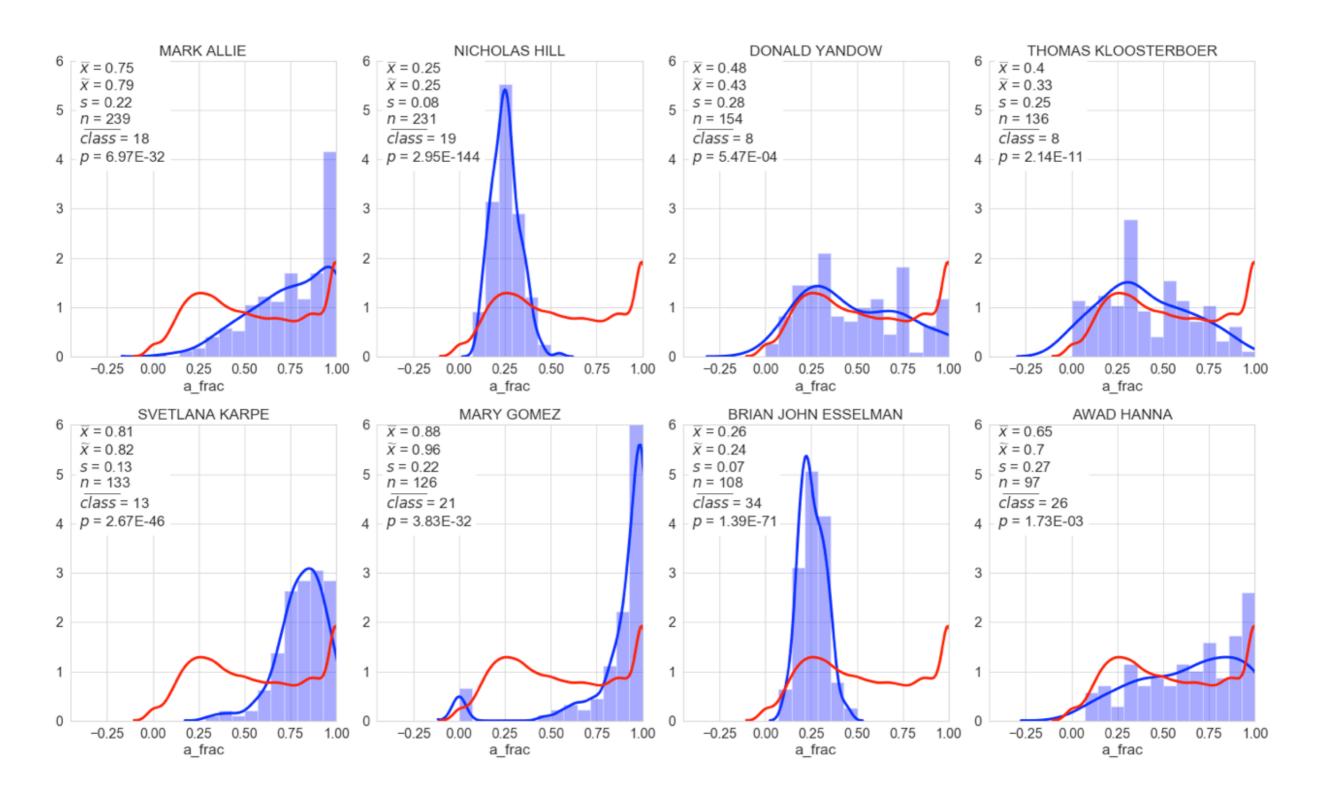
How many classes does an instructor teach within 22 semesters?



Do instructors grade differently?



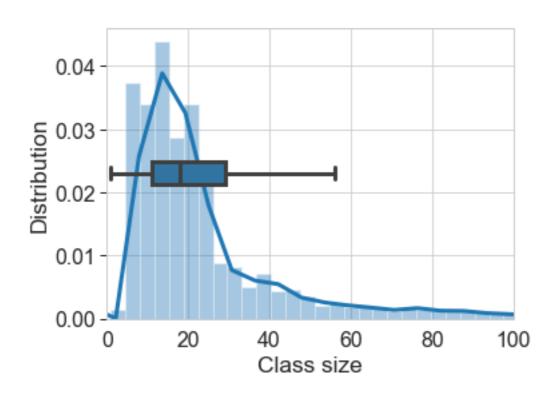
Hypothesis testing using t-statistics



What is the class size distribution?



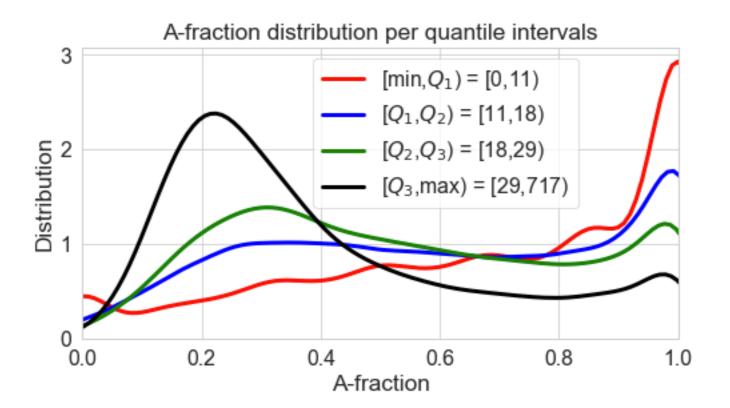
	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max	
class size	74853.0	31.582902	45.922572	1.0	11.0	18.0	29.0	717.0	



What is the class size distribution?

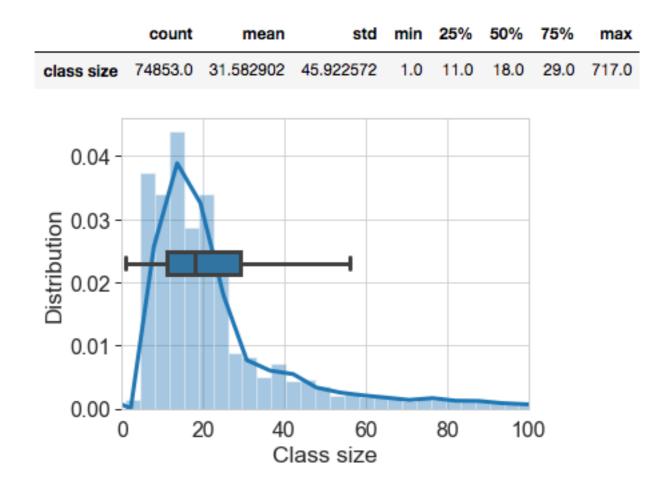


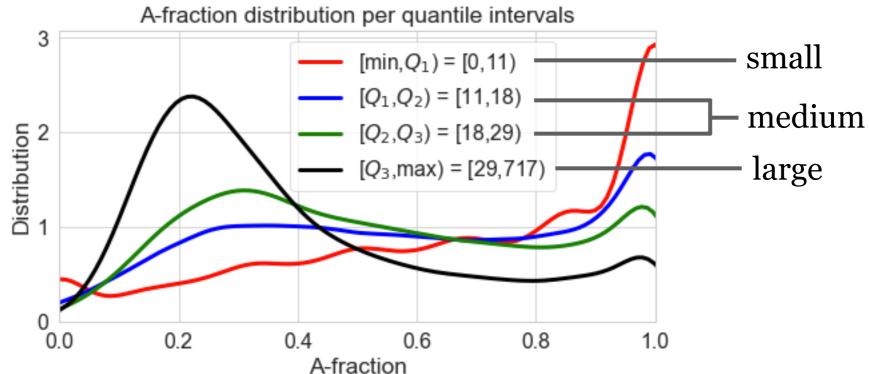
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0.04 - 0.03 - 0.00 - 0.00 -								
0.00) 2	20 40	60		80	10	0	



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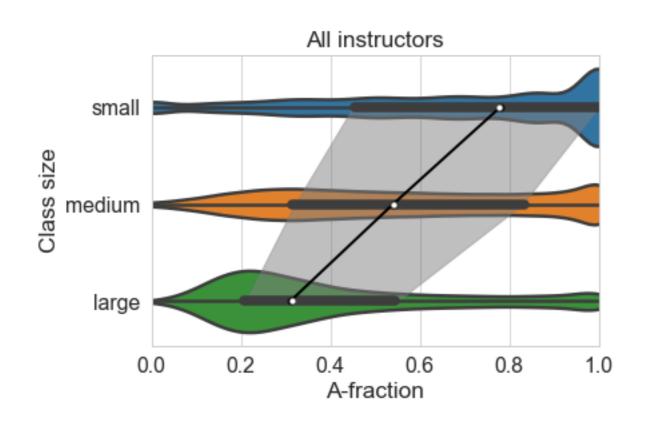




Does class size matter?



Hypothesis testing using Kruskal-Wallis H-test



	Q1	Q2 (median)	Q3
budget			
small	0.45	0.78	1.00
medium	0.32	0.54	0.83
large	0.21	0.31	0.55

KruskalResult(statistic=8906.607441196318, pvalue=0.0)



Literature search

Houghton Mifflin Harcourt - Learning/education company

https://www.hmhco.com/blog/class-size-matters

Researchers have come to a general consensus that **smaller class sizes** produce **positive social**, **emotional**, **and academic results**. Findings from numerous studies, including <u>Glass and Smith's</u> research from 1978 and <u>Tennessee's Project STAR</u> conducted in the mid 1980s, conclude **smaller class sizes result in higher test scores**, produce fewer dropouts, and level the playing field for minorities and children living in poverty.

Researchers generally agree a class size of **no larger than 18 students** is required to produce the **desired benefit**.

Parents across America

http://parentsacrossamerica.org/what-we-believe-2/why-class-size-matters/

1. Fact: Class size is a proven and effective reform.

Studies from Tennessee, Wisconsin, and states throughout the country have demonstrated that students who are assigned to smaller classes in grades K-3rd do better in every way that can be measured: they score higher on tests, receive better grades, and exhibit improved attendance.



Analyze instructors having most uniform teaching across class sizes

instructor_name	smaii	medium	large	totai	compare

MARK ALLIE	67	142	30	239	4.996761
JAMES SMITH	24	27	21	72	2.625000
SCOTT TEEPLE	32	17	30	79	2.614966
KELLI RICHARDS	13	38	27	78	2.192308
ANDREW WINTERSTEIN	20	35	15	70	2.142857
CATON ROBERTS	38	35	11	84	2.073413
SCOTT MELLOR	19	20	17	56	2.059949
MONICA THEIS	12	35	24	71	1.999603

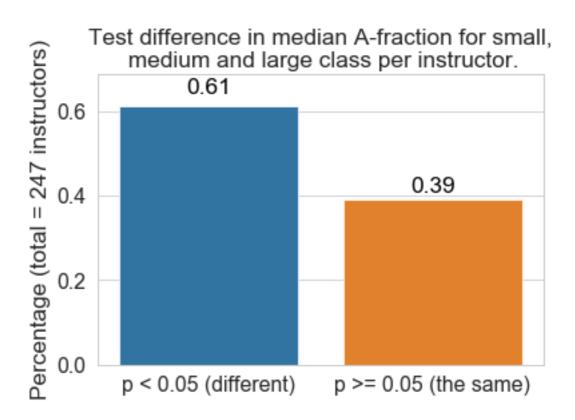
$$\max\left(\frac{\operatorname{small}\cdot\operatorname{medium}\cdot\operatorname{large}}{\operatorname{total}^3}\cdot\operatorname{total}\right)$$



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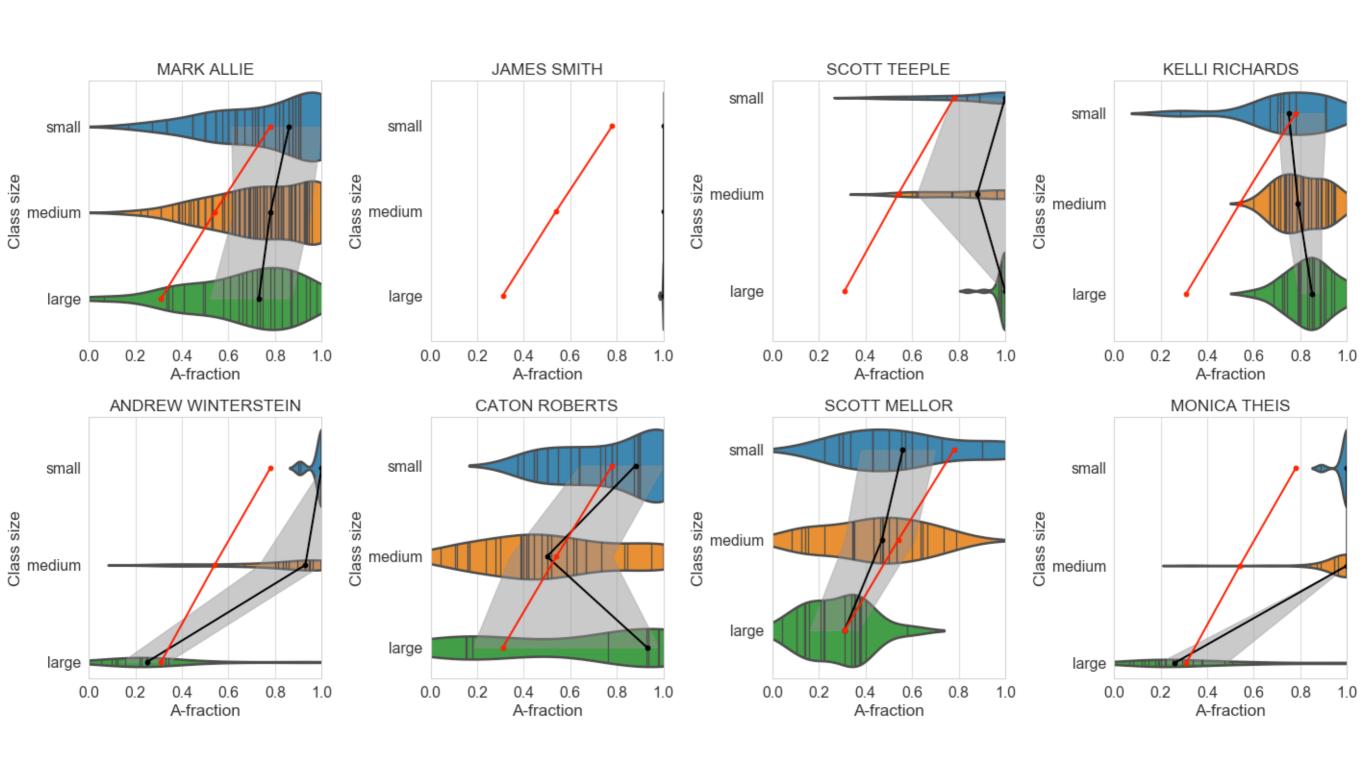
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					1
$\max \left(\frac{\text{small} \cdot \text{medium} \cdot \text{large}}{2} \cdot \text{total} \right) /$					
$\max\left(\frac{\text{small} \cdot \text{medium} \cdot \text{large}}{\text{total}^3} \cdot \text{total}\right)$					

Percentage of instructors that grade differently for different class sizes, using the Kruskal-Wallis H Test:



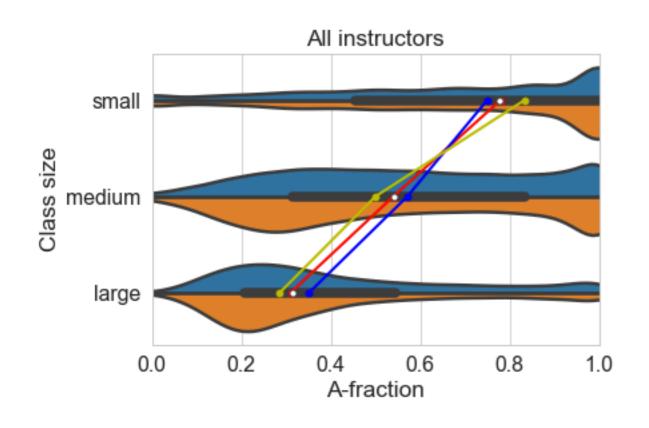


Instructors have different grading styles











Kruskal-Wallis H Test:

The difference between median within class size is significant between STEM and Humanity fields

Thank you! Questions?

GRADE INFLATION



AVERAGE



BELOW AVERAGE



COMPLAIN INTIL YOU GET A BETTER GRADE



THE DEAN GETS INVOLVED



FILE LAWSUIT



IN COMPLETE DENIAL

WWW.PHDCOMICS.COM

Future work

Quantify the influence of different factors:

- class size (major factor)
- field
- instructor