

# Stochastic optimization for large scale optimal transport

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# Presentation of OT

Kantorovitch Formulation of regularized OT :

$$W_\varepsilon(\mu, \nu) = \min_{\pi \in \Pi(\mu, \nu)} \int_{\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Y}} c(x, y) d\pi(x, y) + \varepsilon \text{KL}(\pi || \mu \otimes \nu) \quad (\mathcal{P}_\varepsilon)$$

$$= \max_{(u, v) \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{X}) \times \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{Y})} \int_{\mathcal{X}} u(x) d\mu(x) + \int_{\mathcal{Y}} v(y) d\nu(y) - \iota_{U_c}^\varepsilon(u, v) \quad (\mathcal{D}_\varepsilon)$$

$$= \max_{v \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{Y})} H_\varepsilon(v) \triangleq \int_{\mathcal{X}} v^{c, \varepsilon}(x) d\mu(x) + \int_{\mathcal{Y}} v(y) d\nu(y) - \varepsilon \quad (\mathcal{S}_\varepsilon)$$

Sinkhorn updates :  $u^{\ell+1} = \frac{\mu}{K v^\ell}$ ;  $v^{\ell+1} = \frac{\nu}{K^T v^{\ell+1}} \rightarrow O(n^2)$

No general solver in the semi-discrete case.

**What about large scale?**

## Discrete OT :

$$W_{\varepsilon}(\mu, \nu) = \max_{\mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^J} \sum_{i=1}^I \bar{h}_{\varepsilon}(x_i, \mathbf{v}) \mu_i$$

Gradient aggregation algorithms (SAG and SAGA)

$$\mathbf{v}_{k+1} = \mathbf{v}_k + \text{step} * \left( \nabla f_i - \nabla f_{[i]} + \frac{1}{I} \sum_i \nabla f_{[i]} \right)$$

## Semi-discrete OT :

$$W_{\varepsilon}(\mu, \nu) = \max_{\mathbf{v}} \mathbb{E}_X[h_{\varepsilon}(X, \mathbf{v})]$$

Stochastic gradient ascent

$$\mathbf{v}_{k+1} = \mathbf{v}_k + \frac{\text{step}}{\sqrt{k}} * \nabla f_i$$

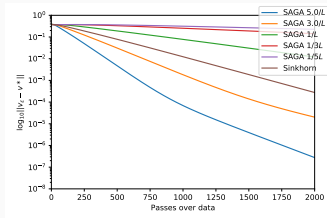
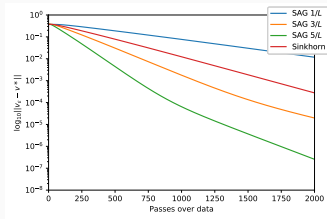
## Convergence rates

**Stochastic gradient**  $O(1/\sqrt{k})$  for non strongly convex,  $O(1/k)$   
for strongly convex

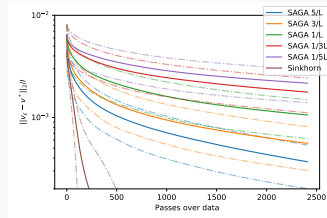
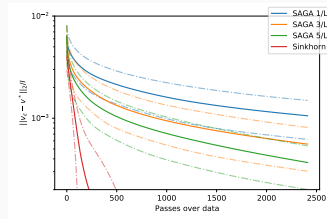
**SAG and SAGA**  $O(1/k)$  for non strongly convex, linear for  
strongly convex (at the expense of storing gradients)

# Numerical findings - Discrete OT

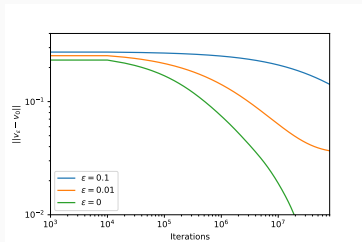
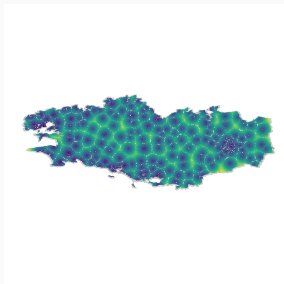
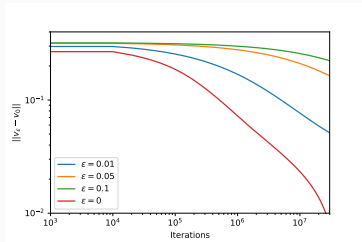
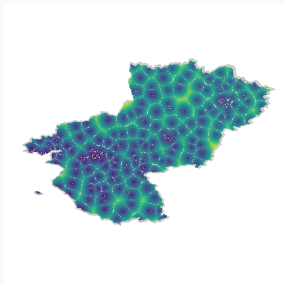
## Synthetic data



## Image retrieval task



# Numerical findings - Semi-discrete OT



- These methods should be tested in a much larger scale setting to show their real benefit
- Benefits over Sinkhorn of SAG and SAGA wasn't consistently observed and seems to depend on the parameters and structure of the problem

- Applications of OT to problems with scales of the order of  $10^6$  and above
- Applications of semi-discrete OT to high dimensional problems with “exotic” cost functions