

Step 1: initialize an empty stack

```
Stack = []          # stack = []
```

Step 2: push four items (growth)

```
Stack. Append ("A")      # push A -> stack becomes ['A']      (bottom->top)
```

```
Print ("After push A:", stack)      # after pushing item "A"
```

```
Stack. Append ("B")      # push B -> stack becomes ['A','B']
```

```
Print ("After push B:", stack)
```

```
Stack. Append ("C")      # push C -> stack becomes ['A','B','C']
```

```
Print ("After push C:", stack)
```

```
stack.append ("D")      # push D -> stack becomes ['A','B','C','D']      # (top item is 'D')
```

```
Print ("After push D:", stack)
```

Step 3: pop twice (shrink) second time shrink the item

```
popped1 = stack. Pop ()      # pop -> removes 'D' (the top), popped1 = 'D' because it is in rear or on the top
```

```
Print ("Popped 1:", popped1, "-> stack now:", stack)      # show the remained items and removed one
```

```
# after removing 'D' remained item on the top is 'C'
```

```
popped2 = stack. Pop ()      # pop -> removes 'C' (new top), popped2 = 'C'
```

```
Print ("Popped 2:", popped2, "-> stack now:", stack)      # we remains items where B is on the top
```

Step 4: final state after popping elements or items

```
Print ("Final stack (bottom->top):", stack)      # expected ['A','B']
```

Summary

- Start: [] (empty)
- After push A: ['A'] (top = A)
- After push B: ['A', 'B'] (top = B)
- After push C: ['A', 'B', 'C'] (top = C)
- After push D: ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'] (top = D) # **stack is at its largest**
- After pop() → popped 'D', stack becomes ['A', 'B', 'C']
- After second pop() → popped 'C', stack becomes ['A', 'B'] #**final stack**