




# React Patterns

Bootcamp [TypeScript]



# Higher-Order Components

 A higher-order component (HOC) is an advanced technique in React for reusing component logic.

 Basically, it's a function that takes a component and returns it with additional data, behavior or even additional JSX.

```

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// HOC JavaScript example

function withHOC(WrappedComponent) {
  const HOC = () => <WrappedComponent />;

  return HOC;
};
```



# Higher-Order Components



## Conventions:

- [Pass Unrelated Props Through to the Wrapped Component](#)
- [Maximizing Composability](#)
- [Wrap the Display Name for Easy Debugging](#) (see more about [displayName](#))



## Caveats:

- [Don't Use HOCs Inside the render Method](#)
- [Static Methods Must Be Copied Over](#)
- [Refs Aren't Passed Through](#)



# Higher-Order Components



Basic patterns:

- **Enhancers** - wrap a component with additional functionality.
- **Injectors** - inject props into a component.

```
import React from "react";

export interface WithEnhancerHOCProps {
  hasIdea?: boolean;
}

export function withEnhancerHOC<T extends WithEnhancerHOCProps>(<WrappedComponent:
React.ComponentType<T> >) {
  const displayName = WrappedComponent.displayName || WrappedComponent.name || "Component";
  const ComponentWithEnhancerHOC = ({ hasIdea = false, ...props }: T & WithEnhancerHOCProps) => (
    <>
      <span className="Idea" role="img" aria-label="idea">
        {hasIdea ? "👉" : "Hmm..."}
      </span>
      <WrappedComponent {...(props as T)} />
    </>
  );

  ComponentWithEnhancerHOC.displayName = `withEnhancerHOC(${displayName})`;

  return ComponentWithEnhancerHOC;
}
```

<https://codesandbox.io/s/higher-order-components-50wxj?file=/src/App.tsx>



# Render Props

**i** The term “render prop” refers to a simple technique for sharing code between React components using a prop whose value is a function.

```
export default function App() {  
  return (  
    <div className="App">  
      <ComponentWithRenderProp render={prop => (  
        <h1>Wow, {prop}</h1>  
      )}/>  
    </div>  
  );  
}
```

via function as **render** prop

```
export default function App() {  
  return (  
    <div className="App">  
      <ComponentWithRenderProp  
        {prop => <h1>Wow, {prop}</h1>  
      </ComponentWithRenderProp>  
    </div>  
  );  
}
```

via function as **children**



# Code Quality Principles



**KISS** - Keep it simple, stupid

**DRY** - Don't Repeat Yourself

**YAGNI** - You ain't gonna need it

**SOLID** - Single responsibility principle

Open/closed principle

Liskov substitution principle

Interface segregation principle

Dependency inversion principle

# Design Patterns



## DESIGN PATTERNS

**Design patterns** are typical solutions to common problems in software design. Each pattern is like a blueprint that you can customize to solve a particular design problem in your code.

What's a design pattern?



### Benefits of patterns

Patterns are a toolkit of solutions to common problems in software design. They define a common language that helps your team communicate more efficiently.

### Classification

Design patterns differ by their complexity, level of detail and scale of applicability. In addition, they can be categorized by their intent and divided into three groups.



# Additional Materials

1. Do React Hooks Replace Higher Order Components (HOCs)?:  
<https://medium.com/javascript-scene/do-react-hooks-replace-higher-order-components-hocs-7ae4a08b7b58>
2. React Patterns  
<https://reactpatterns.com/>
3. The Principles of Functional Programming:  
<https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/the-principles-of-functional-programming/>
4. Professor Frisby's Mostly Adequate Guide to Functional Programming:  
<https://github.com/MostlyAdequate/mostly-adequate-guide>
5. Courses recommended by reactjs.org:  
<https://reactjs.org/community/courses.html>



Thank you!



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