ZO Optimization for LLM Fine-Tuning

Grigoriy Evseev, Egor Petrov, Veprikov Andrey, Aleksandr Beznosikov

MIPT

2025

Motivation

- Large Language Models (LLMs) require significant memory for training.
- Backpropagation in first-order methods (SGD, Adam) causes high memory overhead.
- Zeroth-Order (ZO) methods only need forward passes, reducing memory usage.

Table: Memory consumption comparison for **LoRA** fine-tuning evaluated on OPT-13B model with the MultiRC dataset.

Optimizer	Empirical Mem.
FO-SGD	69 GB
FO-Adam	69 GB
ZO-SGD	52 GB
ZO-Adam	52 GB

Our Contribution

- We propose a new ZO optimization method for LLM fine-tuning.
- Compared with existing methods like ZO-SGD and ZO-Adam.

Problem statement

Given a scalar-valued function f(x) where $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$, the RGE (referred to as $\widehat{\nabla} f(x)$ is expressed using difference

$$\widehat{\nabla}f(x) = \frac{1}{q} \sum_{i=1}^{q} \left[\frac{f(x + \mu u_i) - f(x - \mu u_i)}{2\mu} u_i \right]$$

where u_i is a random direction vector typically drawn from the standard Gaussian distribution $\mathcal{N}(0,1)$, q is the number of function queries, and $\mu > 0$ is a small perturbation stepsize (also known as smoothing parameter).

Fine-tuning task

As LLM fine-tuning tasks we focus on four tasks:

- Binary Classification: Stanford Sentiment Treebank v2 (SST2)
 Socher 2013
- Question Answering: Choice Of Plausible Alternatives (COPA) Roemmele 2011
- Commonsense Reasoning: WinoGrande Sakaguchi 2021
- Multi-Sentence Reading Comprehension: MultiRC (for efficiency evaluation) Khashabi 2018

Language Models

- Roberta-Large (Liu 2019)
- **OPT** (Zhang 2022)
- LLaMA2 (Touvron 2023)
- Vicuna (Zheng 2023)
- Mistral (Jiang 2023)

Fine-tuning schemes

- **Full-Tuning (FT):** Fine-tunes the entire pre-trained model.
- Low-Rank Adaptation (LoRA): Imposes low-rank weight perturbations Hu 2021.
- **Prefix-Tuning (Prefix):** Appends learnable parameters to token embeddings Li and Liang 2021.

Related Work

- Sign Operator for Coping with Heavy-Tailed Noise (2025) (arXiv)
- An Accelerated Directional Derivative Method for Smooth Optimization (2020) (arXiv)
- Revisiting Zeroth-Order Optimization for Memory-Efficient LLM Fine-Tuning (2024) (arXiv)
- Fine-Tuning Language Models with Just Forward Passes (2024) (arXiv)
- Simultaneous Computation and Memory Efficient Zeroth-Order Optimizer (2024) (arXiv)