Assignment6

August 20, 2021

```
[567]: import numpy as np
       import pandas as pd
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       import seaborn as sns
       import pprint
       import sklearn.naive_bayes as nb
       from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
       from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
       import statsmodels.api as sm
       from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
       from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
       from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
       from sklearn.model selection import train test split
       from sklearn.linear_model import SGDRegressor
       from patsy import dmatrix
       from numpy.linalg import inv
       from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
       from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
       import sklearn.linear_model
       from pybaseball import statcast
```

1 Linear Regression on Minimizing Launch Speed

1.1 Data Description

Once again, using data from Major League Baseball. This time, the outcome variable of interest is "Launch Speed (Translation: How hard was the ball hit?)" It's a well documented fact that successful hitting in baseball can be best predicted through launch speed and angle, from a hitter's perspective. However, in this question I want to see if there are any factors a pitcher can control to minimize a hitter's success at the plate, and in particular limit their exit velocity/launch speed. It would take beyond the scope of this assignment to explain what each of the input variables are, but rest assured they're various continuous metrics of a pitch, all of which are controlled by the pitcher.

```
[603]: data = statcast('2021-06-20', '2021-06-30')
```

This is a large query, it may take a moment to complete

```
100%| | 11/11 [00:10<00:00, 1.08it/s]
```

1.2 Scale, Train/Test Split

```
[605]: mm = MinMaxScaler()
X = mm.fit_transform(X)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
         X, y, random_state = 42, test_size = .3)
```

1.3 Fit, Predict, Score for Linear Regressor

LinearRegression Train Mean Squared Error: 243.4919 LinearRegression Test Mean Squared Error: 246.2041

```
[623]: scores = sklearn.model_selection.cross_validate(lr, X, y, cv=10, scoring=('r2', □ → 'neg_mean_squared_error'))
print('Mean MSE: %.2f' %np.mean(-scores['test_neg_mean_squared_error']))
```

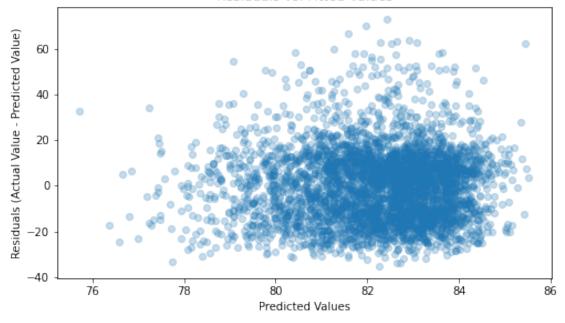
Mean MSE: 244.77

Lasso Train Mean Squared Error: 245.4785 Lasso Test Mean Squared Error: 247.0360

Lasso Train Mean Squared Error: 243.4949 Lasso Test Mean Squared Error: 246.2061

```
[638]: residuals = test_preds - y_test
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (8,4.5))
ax.scatter(test_preds, residuals, alpha = .25)
ax.set_xlabel("Predicted Values")
ax.set_ylabel("Residuals (Actual Value - Predicted Value)")
ax.set_title("Residuals vs. Fitted Values")
plt.show()
```

Residuals vs. Fitted Values



```
[642]: param_grid = {'alpha': [float(i) for i in range(50)]}
    grid_search = GridSearchCV(rr, param_grid)
    grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
    print("Best Estimator:", grid_search.best_estimator_)
    print("Best Parameters for Ridge:", grid_search.best_params_)
```

```
best_preds = grid_search.best_estimator_.predict(X_test)
      print('Ridge Test Mean Squared Error: %.4f' %np.mean((y_test - best_preds)**2))
      Best Estimator: Ridge(alpha=29.0)
      Best Parameters for Ridge: {'alpha': 29.0}
      Ridge Test Mean Squared Error: 246.0813
[656]: param_grid = {'alpha': [float(i) / 100 for i in range(1,100)]}
       grid_search = GridSearchCV(las_r, param_grid)
       grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
       print("Best Estimator:", grid_search.best_estimator_)
       print("Best Parameters for Lasso:", grid_search.best_params_)
       best_preds = grid_search.best_estimator_.predict(X_test)
       print('Lasso Test Mean Squared Error: %.4f' %np.mean((y_test - best_preds)**2))
      Best Estimator: Lasso(alpha=0.02)
      Best Parameters for Lasso: {'alpha': 0.02}
      Lasso Test Mean Squared Error: 248.3844
 []:
```