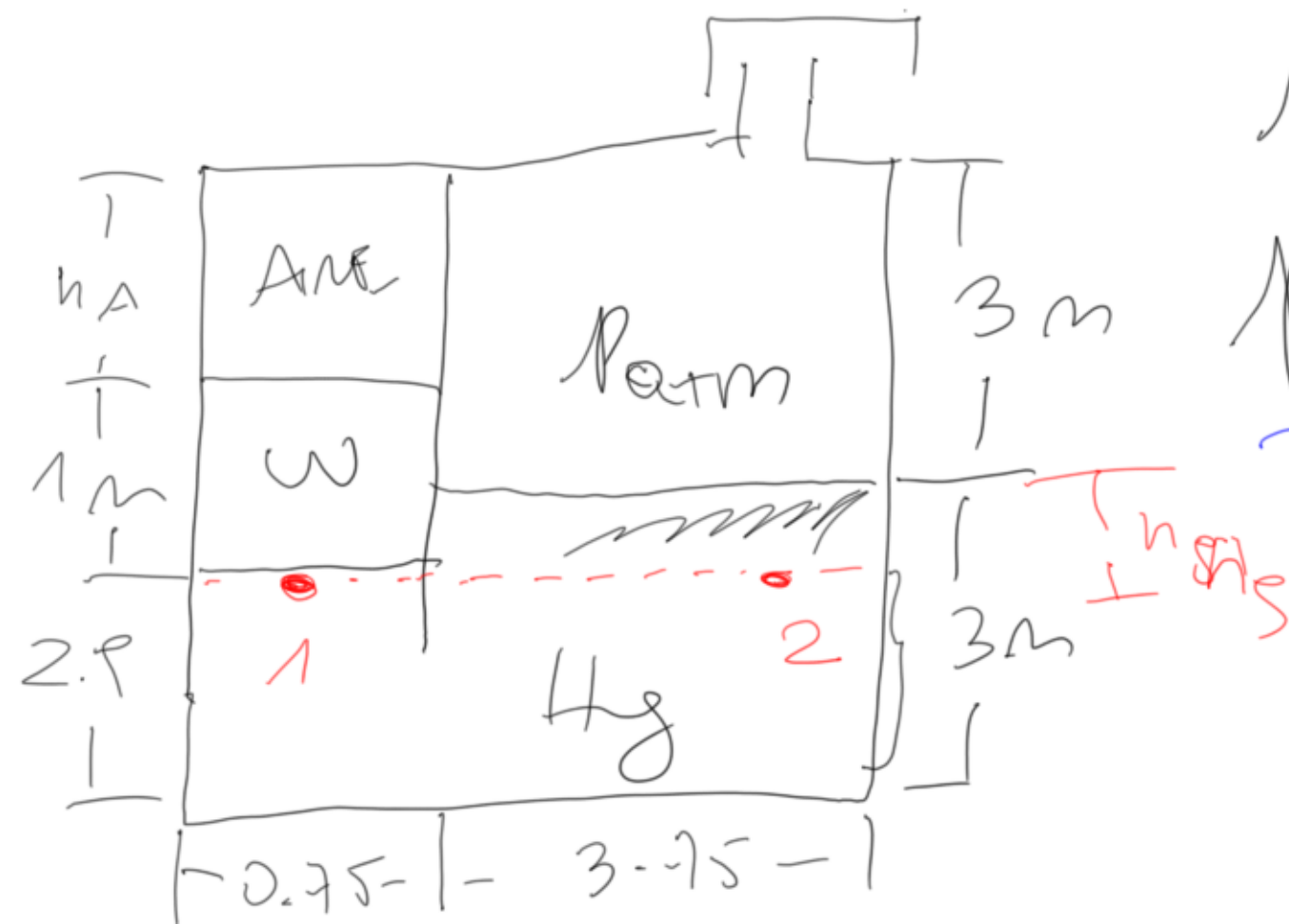


$$\gamma_w = \rho_w \cdot g = 1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \cdot 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\gamma_{Hg} = \rho_{Hg} \cdot g = SG_{Hg} \cdot \rho_{w(4^\circ\text{C})} \cdot g = 13.56 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 10^3 \text{ Pa/m}$$

$13.56 \rightarrow SG = \frac{\rho_1}{\rho_2}$

$$P_{atm} \approx 101 \text{ kPa}$$



$$P_1 = P_2$$

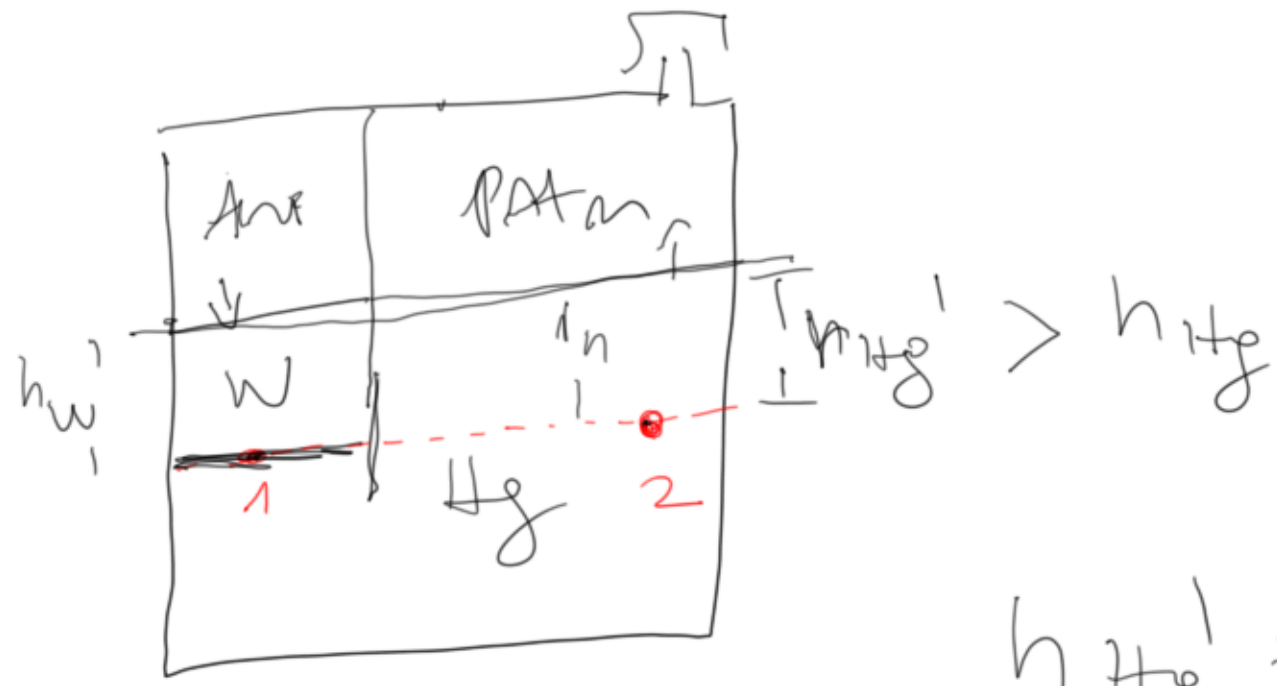
$$\underline{P_{air1}} + \gamma_w \cdot h_w = P_{atm} + \underline{h_{Hg}} \cdot \gamma_{Hg}$$

$$3 \text{ m} = 2.9 \text{ m} + h_{Hg} \Rightarrow h_{Hg} = 0.1 \text{ m}$$

Problema 1a

$$\begin{aligned}
 (P_{\text{aire}} - P_{\text{atm}}) &= h_{\text{Hg}} \gamma_{\text{Hg}} - h_w \gamma_w \\
 P_{\text{aire, max}} &= h_{\text{Hg}} \gamma_{\text{Hg}} - h_w \gamma_w \\
 &= (SG_{\text{Hg}} \cdot \gamma_w) \cdot h_{\text{Hg}} - h_w \gamma_w \\
 &= \gamma_w (SG_{\text{Hg}} h_{\text{Hg}} - h_w) \\
 &= 9.8 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^3} (13.56 \cdot 0.1 \text{ m} - 1 \text{ m}) = 3.5 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \\
 P_{\text{aire, max}} &= 3.5 \times P_{\text{atm}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problema 1a



$$h_{Hg}' = h_w$$

$$P_1 = P_2$$

$$P_{atm} + \underbrace{h_w}_{1m} \gamma_w = P_{atm} + \underbrace{h_{Hg}}_{1m} \gamma_{Hg}$$

$$(P_{atm} - P_{atm}) = h_{Hg} \gamma_{Hg} - h_w \gamma_w$$

$$P_{atm, man} = h_{Hg} SG_{Hg} \gamma_w - h_w \gamma_w$$

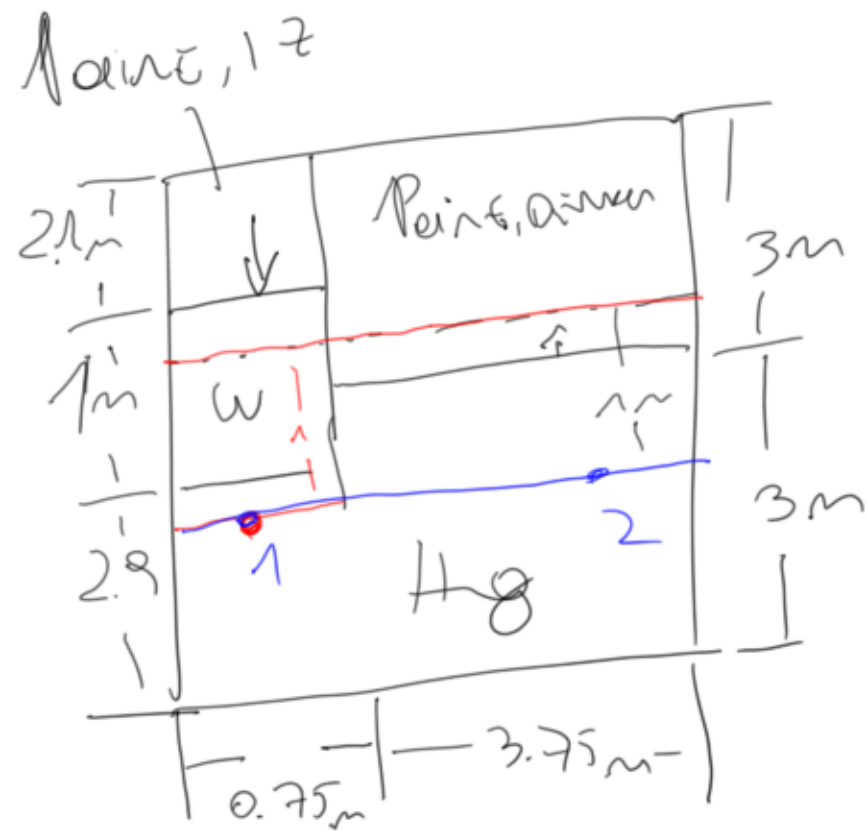
$$P_{atm, man} = h_w (\gamma_w SG_{Hg} - \gamma_w)$$

$$P_{atm, man} = \underbrace{h_w}_{1m} \underbrace{\gamma_w}_{9.8 \text{ kPa/m}} (SG_{Hg} - 1)$$

$$P_{atm, man} = 1m \cdot 9.8 \text{ kPa/m} (13.56 - 1)$$

$$P_{atm, man} = 123.1 \text{ kPa}$$

Problema 1b



$$T = T_0$$

$$P(T = T_0) = P_{atm}$$

$$P = \rho R T$$

$$P_1 = P_2$$

$$\underline{P_{air, 12}} + \underline{h_w \gamma_w} = \underline{P_{air, 22}} + \underline{h_{Hg} \gamma_{Hg}}$$

Problema 1c

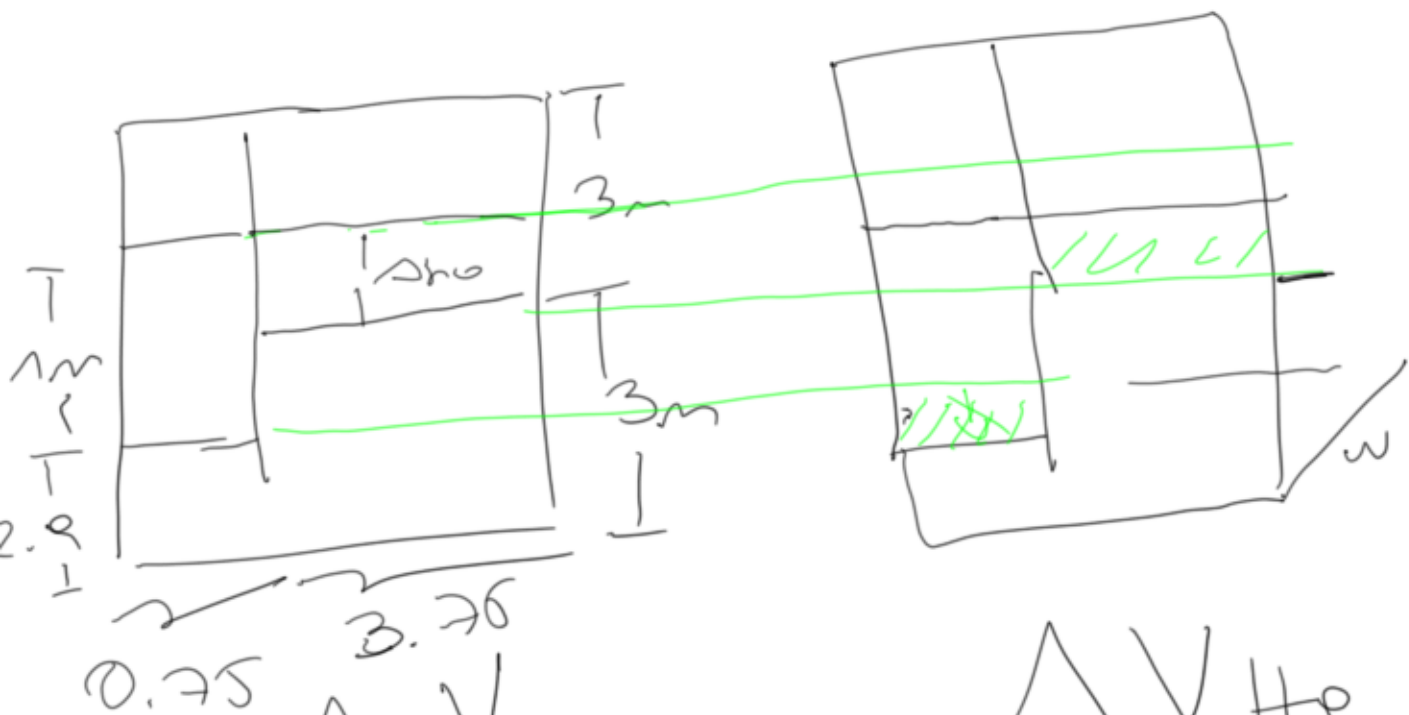
$$p = \rho R T$$

$$\frac{p_1}{p_0} = \frac{p_1 \cancel{R T_1}}{p_0 \cancel{R T_0}} ; T_1 = T_0$$

$$\frac{p_1}{p_0} = \frac{p_1}{p_0} = \frac{\frac{m_1}{V_1}}{\frac{m_0}{V_0}} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{p_1}{p_0} = \frac{V_0}{V_1}}$$

Problema 1c

$$\frac{p_1}{p_0} = \frac{v_0}{v_1}$$



$$\Delta V_{Hg, iz} = \Delta V_{Hg, der}$$

$$\Delta H_{iz} \cdot A_{iz} = \Delta H_{der} \cdot A_{der}$$

$$\Delta H_{iz} \cdot W \cdot l_{iz} = \Delta H_{der} \cdot W \cdot l_{der}$$

$$\Delta H_{iz} = \Delta H_{der} \cdot \frac{l_{der}}{l_{iz}}$$

$$\Delta h_0 = h_{L,0} - h_{R,0}$$

$$\Delta h_0 = (2.9 + 1) - 3m$$

$$\Delta h_0 = 0.9$$

$$\Delta h_0 = \Delta H_{iz} + \Delta H_{der}$$

$$\Delta H_{iz} + \Delta H_{der} = 0.9$$

$$\Delta H_{iz} = \Delta H_{der} \cdot \frac{3.75}{0.75}$$

$$\Delta H_{iz} = 0.75m$$

$$\Delta H_{der} = 0.15m$$

Problema 1c

Problema 1c

$$\frac{p_1}{p_0} \approx \frac{V_0}{V_1} = \frac{H_{\text{air},0} \cdot \cancel{A_E}}{H_{\text{air},1} \cdot A_E}$$

$$= \frac{H_{\text{air},0}}{H_{\text{air},1}} = \frac{H_{\text{air},0}}{H_{\text{air},0} - \Delta H_{\text{air}}} = \frac{3 \text{ m}}{3 \text{ m} - 0.15}$$

$$\Rightarrow p_1 = p_0 \cdot \frac{3}{3 - 0.15}$$

$$\underline{p_{17} + h_w \gamma_w = \underbrace{p_0 \cdot \frac{3}{3 - 0.15}}_{p_{\text{air}}} + h_{\text{Hg}} \gamma_{\text{Hg}}}$$

$$\boxed{p_0 = 101 \text{ kPa}}$$

$$p_{12} = \frac{3}{3-0.15} \cdot (101 \text{ kPa}) + 123.1 \text{ kPa}$$

$$p_{12} = 128.4 \text{ kPa}$$

problema 1c