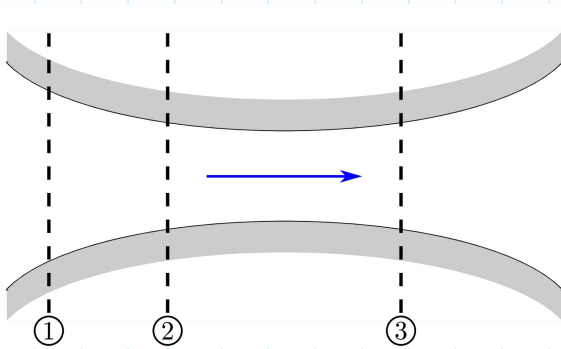


Problema 3

Monday, January 4, 2021

6:06 PM



$$V_1 = 180 \text{ m/s}$$

$$p_1 = 500 \text{ kPa}$$

$$T_1 = 470 \text{ K}$$

$$A_1 = 0.05 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = A_3 = 0.036 \text{ m}^2$$

a) calculen las condiciones de flujo en (2)

$$Ma_1 = \frac{V_1}{C_1} = \frac{V_1}{\sqrt{\gamma R T_1}} = 0.415 \leftarrow \text{subsónico}$$

$$\frac{T_0}{T_1} = \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} Ma_1^2\right) \Rightarrow T_0 = 486.2 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{p_0}{p_1} = \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} Ma_1^2\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} \Rightarrow p_0 = 563 \text{ kPa}$$

Área crítica:

$$\frac{A_1}{A^*} = \frac{(1 + 0.2 Ma_1^2)^3}{1.728 Ma_1} = 1.544$$

$$A^* = 0.0323 \text{ m}^2$$

$$a) A_2 = (1 + 0.2 Ma_2^2)^3$$

$$a) \frac{A_2}{A^*} = \frac{(1 + 0.2 Ma_2^2)^3}{1.728 Ma_2}$$

$$\frac{A_2}{A^*} = \frac{0.036 \text{ m}^2}{0.0323 \text{ m}^2} = 1.115 = \frac{(1 + 0.2 Ma_2^2)^3}{1.728 Ma_2}$$

$$Ma_2 = 0.673$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{T_0}{T_2} = 1.091 \rightarrow T_2 = 445.6 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{p_0}{p_2} = 1.351 \rightarrow p_2 = 415.5 \text{ kPa}$$

$$V_2 = Ma_2 \cdot c = Ma_2 \sqrt{\kappa \cdot R T_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_2 = 284.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$b) \frac{A_3}{A^*} = \frac{(1 + 0.2 Ma_3^2)^3}{1.728 Ma_3}$$

$$\frac{0.036}{0.0323} = \frac{(1 + 0.2 Ma_3^2)^3}{1.728 Ma_3}$$

$$Ma_3 = 1.4$$

$$\frac{p_0}{p_3} = 3.1823 \Rightarrow p_3 = 1.769 \text{ kPa}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_3} = 1.392 \rightarrow T_3 = 349.3 \text{ K}$$