

Nama : Ewen Kwikjuliandg

NPM : 140110190034

Diskrit

$$E(X) = \sum_{x=1}^3 x p(x) = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{3} = 2$$

$$\text{Var}(nX) = n^2 \text{Var}(X)$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = \frac{1}{64} \cdot 8 \text{Var}(X) = \frac{1}{8} \text{Var}(X)$$

$$\frac{14}{3} - 4 = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$M_X(t) = (1 - 2t)^{-r/2}$$

$$\frac{r}{2} = n \\ r = 2n =$$

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum X_i}{n}$$

Gamma $\rightarrow (1 - \beta t)^{-\alpha - 1}$
 $\downarrow \frac{2t}{\theta}$ $(1 - \frac{2t}{\theta})^{-1}$

$\rightarrow 3$

$$n! f(y_1) f(y_2) f(y_3) = 6 \dots \int_0^{y_3} \int_0^{y_3} \dots dy_2 dy_1$$

$(0, y_1, y_2, y_3, 1)$ \swarrow S.O

$$\frac{n!}{(k-1)!(n-k)!} (F(y_k))^{k-1} (1-F(y_k))^{n-k} f(y_k)$$

$$\frac{3!}{2!} = 3$$