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Project Part 3 - Project Writeup

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CSPB 3287 - Spring 2023 Semester Project

Project Summary

I built a database for a hypothetical bakery. While the project's final form differs significantly from the original proposal, the completed database supports all of the originally scoped features. The difference from the proposal was that I did not complete the webapp frontend. As such, all functionality is demonstrated with a Jupyter notebook.

The completed database includes multiple tables and triggers to support a few core bakery functions. An application built on this database could manage ingredient inventory, place ingredient orders, calculated material requirements based on customer orders, and update ingredients available based on supplier management.

Motivation

The motivation for this project is based on business that my partner runs, which is a partnership that includes a partnership with a bakery. Having seen the inner workings of a small bakery, it seems that they could benefit from a database-driven application for managing their ingredient orders and product inventory and sales. This project barely scratches the surface of what would ultimately be required/useful, but it does demonstrate some of the core functionality that bakeries depend on for day-to-day operations.

Database Structure

The database includes relations that describe the core components of a bakery operation, particularly product and raw material inventory management. The database includes the following tables:

- ingredient_metadata: information describing ingredients available from suppliers
- ingredient_inventory: inventory levels for ingredients
- supplier: list of suppliers and their respective metadata
- product_metadata: list of bakery products and their descriptions
- product_inventory: inventory level of bakery products
- bill_of_materials: list of ingredients required for all bakery products
- product_order: list of orders placed by bakery customers
- **supply_order**: list of orders for ingredients placed by bakery personnel
- customer: list of bakery customers and their respective metadata

Implementation Platforms

The following tools/platforms were used for this project:

- SQLite
- Jupyter
- GitHub for code hosting and version control

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The project was run locally on a MacBook.

Project Details

The full project is pushed to a public github repo. The project is fully contained in a Jupyter notebook and comes with example data in CSV format. The project can be found here.

Code

Please see the attached notebook printout below:

Bakery Database

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Project Requirements

- Multiple Table
- Relationships between table items (foreign keys)
- Show SQL statements (and any accompanying code) for all table creation, insertion of initial data, updates, and queries.
- Table Creation
- Constraints
- Indexes
- Triggers
- Queries
- Joins between tables
- Grouping Results
- Updates (show triggers being executed)
- Deleting items that are foreign keys in other tables (show triggers being executed)

Create a SQLite DB

Drop All Tables and Triggers For Clean Build

```
In [4]: Msql
drop table if exists ingredient_metadata;
drop table if exists ingredient_inventory;
drop table if exists supplier;
drop table if exists product_metadata;
drop table if exists product_inventory;
drop table if exists bill_of_materials;
drop table if exists product_order;
drop table if exists supply_order;
drop table if exists customer;
                              drop table if exists supty—order;
drop table if exists customer;
drop trigger if exists update_ingredient_inventory_insert_trigger;
drop trigger if exists update_product_inventory_insert_trigger;
drop trigger if exists delete_supplier_ingredients;
                                  * sqlite:///bakery.db
                                Done.
                                Done.
                                Done.
                                Done.
                                Done.
                                Done.
                                Done.
                               Done.
                                Done.
                                Done.
  Out[4]: []
  In [5]: ### Create Tables
                                CREATE TABLE ingredient_metadata(
                                            ATE TABLE ingredient_metadata(
ingredient_ID int PRIMARY KEY,
supplier_ID int NOT NULL,
name varchar(50) NOT NULL,
category varchar(50) NOT NULL,
description varchar(100) NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY (supplier_ID)
REFERENCES supplier (supplier_ID)
                               ):
                             CREATE TABLE ingredient_inventory(
ingredient_category varchar(50) PRIMARY KEY,
quantity real NOT NULL,
unit varchar(50) NOT NULL,
CHECK (quantity >= 0),
CHECK (unit IN '(g', 'mt')),
FOREIGN KEY (ingredient_category)
REFERENCES ingredient_metadata (category)
).
                              CREATE TABLE supplier(
supplier_IO int PRIMARY KEY,
name varchar(50) NOT NULL,
address varchar(100) NOT NULL,
```

```
city varchar(50) NOT NULL, state varchar(2) NOT NULL,
                                  zip\_code varchar(5) NOT NULL
                      CREATE TABLE product_metadata(
    product_ID int PRIMARY KEY,
    name varchar(50) NOT NULL,
                                 description varchar(100) NOT NULL, unit_price real NOT NULL
                       CREATE TABLE product_inventory(
    product_ID int PRIMARY_KEY,
    quantity int NOT NULL
                       CREATE TABLE bill_of_materials(
                                 bom_ID int NOT NULL,
product_ID int NOT NULL,
line int NOT NULL,
                                 ingredient_category varchar(50) NOT NULL,
quantity real NOT NULL,
unit varchar(50) NOT NULL,
unit varchar(50) NOT NULL,
CHECK (unit IN ('g', 'mL'))
FOREIGN KEY (ingredient_category)

REFERENCES ingredient_metadata (category)

PORTION KEY (conduct)
                                 FOREIGN KEY (product_ID)

REFERENCES product_metadata (product_ID)

PRIMARY KEY (bom_ID, line)
                      CREATE TABLE product_order(
    order_ID int NOT NULL,
    line int NOT NULL,
                                 order_date int NOT NULL,
due_date int NOT NULL,
product_ID int NOT NULL,
                                 product_ID int NOT NULL,
quantity int NOT NULL,
customer_ID int NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY (product_ID)
    REFERENCES product_metadata (product_ID)
    REFERENCES customer (customer_ID)
PRIMARY KEY (order_ID, line)
                      CREATE TABLE supply_order(
    order_ID int NOT NULL,
    line int NOT NULL,
    supplier_ID int NOT NULL,
                                  ingredient_ID int NOT NULL,
quantity real NOT NULL,
unit varchar(50) NOT NULL,
                                  FOREIGN KEY (supplier_ID)
REFERENCES supplier (supplier_ID)
FOREIGN KEY (ingredient_ID)
                                  REFERENCES ingredient_metadata (ingredient_ID)
PRIMARY KEY (order_ID, line)
CHECK (unit IN ('g', 'mL'))
                      CREATE TABLE customer(
    customer_ID int PRIMARY_KEY,
    name varchar(50) NOT NULL,
    address varchar(100) NOT NULL,
    city varchar(50) NOT NULL,
    state varchar(2) NOT NULL,
    zip_code varchar(5) NOT NULL)
                          * sqlite:///bakery.db
                       Done.
                       Done.
                       Done.
                       Done.
                       Done.
                       Done.
Out[6]: []
```

Create Triggers

```
Create the trigger for INSERT operation on the product order table.
          This trigger updates the product inventory when an item is ordered
          CREATE TRIGGER update_product_inventory_insert_trigger
AFTER INSERT ON product_order
               INSERT OR REPLACE INTO product_inventory (product_ID, quantity)
               SELECT
                    NEW.product ID,
                    COALESCE((SELECT quantity FROM product_inventory WHERE product_ID = NEW.product_ID), 0) - NEW.quantity
          END:
          Create the trigger for DELETE operation on the supplier table.

This trigger removes all ingredients from a supplier if the supplier is deleted
          CREATE TRIGGER delete_supplier_ingredients
AFTER DELETE ON supplier
          BEGIN
              DELETE FROM ingredient_metadata
WHERE supplier_ID = OLD.supplier_ID;
          END:
          PRAGMA trigger trace = ON:
            * sqlite:///bakery.db
          Done.
          Done.
          Done.
Out[7]: []
          Create Indices
```

```
In [8]: **sql
CREATE INDEX ingredient_inventory_quantity_index ON ingredient_inventory(quantity);
CREATE INDEX ingredient_inventory_ID_index ON ingredient_inventory(ingredient_category);
    * sqltie://bakery.db
Done.
Done.
```

Populate Tables

Out[8]: []

```
In [9]: # Helper function to insert example data from CSV files
def insert_from_csv(file_name, table_name):
                  # Connect to the SOLite database
                 conn = sqlite3.connect("bakery.db", timeout=30)
cur = conn.cursor()
                  # Open the CSV file
                  with open(file_name, "r") as f:
                       # Read the CSV data using csv.reader
csv_data = csv.reader(f)
                       # get field names from header row
fields = next(csv_data)
                       # build sql string
ins_str = f'INSERT INTO {table_name} ({", ".join(fields)})\n VALUES ({", ".join(["?" for field in fields])})'
                       print(ins_str)
                        # Insert each row from the CSV into the supplier table
                       for row in csv_data:
                            cur.execute(ins str, row)
                  # Commit the transaction and close the connection
                  conn.commit()
                 conn.close()
print(f'Table {table_name} populated and connection closed.\n')
In [10]: ins params = [('data/bakerv data/ingredients-Table 1.csv', 'ingredient metadata').
                                ('data/bakery_data/Ingredents-rable 1.csv', 'bill_of_materials'),
('data/bakery_data/customer-Table 1.csv', 'bill_of_materials'),
('data/bakery_data/roducts-Table 1.csv', 'customer'),
('data/bakery_data/roducts-Table 1.csv', 'product_metadata'),
('data/bakery_data/supplier-Table 1.csv', 'supplier')]
             for item in ins_params:
                 insert_from_csv(item[0], item[1])
             {\tt INSERT\ INTO\ ingredient\_metadata\ (ingredient\_ID,\ supplier\_ID,\ name,\ category,\ description)}
             Table ingredient_metadata populated and connection closed.
             {\tt INSERT\ INTO\ bill\_of\_materials\ (bom\_ID,\ product\_ID,\ line,\ ingredient\_category,\ quantity,\ unit)}
            VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?)
Table bill_of_materials populated and connection closed.
            INSERT INTO customer (customer_ID, name, address, city, state, zip_code) VALUES (?,\ ?,\ ?,\ ?,\ ?)
             Table customer populated and connection closed.
             INSERT INTO product_metadata (product_ID, name, description, unit_price)
            VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?)
Table product_metadata populated and connection closed.
            INSERT INTO supplier (supplier_ID, name, address, city, state, zip_code) VALUES (?,\ ?,\ ?,\ ?,\ ?) Table supplier populated and connection closed.
```

Demo Path

- 1. Customer places order (create order, show order, join for order/product/price/inventory)
- 2. Check materials inventory against order requirements (join inventory, group by ingred category)
- 3. Place a materials order to adjust for shortfall (show updated materials inventory)
 - A. one order for item that is not already in inventory
 - B. one order for item that already exists in inventory
- 4. Remove a supplier (too slow, price too high, etc) show cascading FK delete in ingred metadata

Customer Places an Order

The following code block inserts a new customer order. It then queries that order and augments it by joining the customer and product_metadata tables to include customer names, product name, and total price. First we'll query the product inventory (currently empty) to confirm the order trigger updates the product inventory when a customer order is placed.

```
eck product inventory table before order is placed
          SELECT *
           FROM product_inventory;
           * sqlite:///bakery.db
          Done.
Out[11]: product_ID quantity
In [12]: %%sal
          — Customer places order for three loaves of Rustic Sourdough and eight loaves of Dark Rye
INSERT INTO product_order (order_ID, line, order_date, due_date, product_ID, quantity, customer_ID)
           VALUES
               (1, 1, "2023-04-04", "2023-04-04", 2, 3, 1),
(1, 2, "2023-04-04", "2023-04-04", 4, 8, 1);
              Query the order we just created with joins to get customer name, product name, and total price
           SELECT order_ID,
               line,
order_date,
               due_date,
customer.name AS customer_name,
               product_metadata.name AS product_name,
               FROM product order
               LEFT JOIN customer ON product_order.customer_ID = customer.customer_ID
LEFT JOIN product_metadata ON product_order.product_ID = product_metadata.product_ID
           WHERE order_ID = (SELECT MAX(order_ID) FROM product_order);
            * sqlite:///bakery.db
           2 rows affected.
           Done.
Out[12]: order_ID line order_date due_date customer_name product_name quantity total_cost
                     1 2023-04-04 2023-04-04
                                                     John Public Rustic Sourdough
                                                                                       3
           1 2 2023-04-04 2023-04-04 John Public Dark Rye Loaf 8 $38.00
```

Check Product Inventory After Order is Placed

Check Ingredients Inventory

Now that an order has been placed, we will check if we have sufficient ingredients on hand to complete the order. We can get the required ingredients quantities from the bill_of_materials table.

Out [14]: order_ID ingredient_category required_quantity quantity_available quantity_delta Brown Sugar 240.0 0 -240.0 1 Medium Rye Flour -7500.0 7500.0 Salt 170.0 1 Wheat Flour 4500.0 0 -4500.0 Yeast 40.0 0 -40 0

Order Ingredients

Given the shortages we see from the query above, we need to order more ingredients.

40.0

2500.0

2460.0

Check Ingredient Inventory after Placing Supply Order

Now that we have order ingredients, let's check our ingredient inventory again to confirm the trigger that runs on supply order inserts is working as expected.

```
In [16]: \( \sql \) — This query grabs the order created above and compares the required ingredients to what is on hand \( \text{WITH required_ingredients AS } \) (
                     SELECT o.order_ID,
b.ingredient_category,
                            SUM(o.quantity*b.quantity) AS required_quantity,
                     FROM product_order o, bill_of_materials b
WHERE o.order_ID = (SELECT MAX(order_id) FROM product_order)
AND o.product_ID = b.product_ID
GROUP BY o.order_ID, b.ingredient_category, b.unit
               SELECT r.order_ID,
    r.ingredient_category,
    r.required_quantity,
    COALESCE(i.quantity, 0) AS quantity_available,
    COALESCE(i.quantity, 0) - r.required_quantity AS quantity_delta
FROM required_ingredients r
                     LEFT JOIN ingredient_inventory i ON r.ingredient_category = i.ingredient_category
                 * sqlite:///bakery.db
               Done.
{\tt Out[16]:} \quad {\tt order\_ID} \quad {\tt ingredient\_category} \quad {\tt required\_quantity} \quad {\tt quantity\_available} \quad {\tt quantity\_delta}
                        1
                                        Brown Sugar
                                                                        240.0
                                                                                                 2500.0
                                                                                                                      2260.0
               1 Medium Rye Flour
                                                                        7500.0
                                                                                                10000.0
                                                                                                                      2500.0
                                                 Salt
                                                                         170.0
                                                                                                  1000.0
                                                                                                                        830.0
                                  Wheat Flour
                                                                       4500.0
                                                                                                10000.0
                                                                                                                      5500.0
```

Remove a Supplier

There may be a time when a supplier is removed for pricing, performance, or new contract. When a supplier is dropped, a trigger will remove all of their respective products from the ingredients_metadata table.

```
In [17]: %%sql
            First run a guerv to see current suppliers
        SELECT * FROM supplier;
         * sqlite:///bakerv.db
Out[17]: supplier_ID
                                          address
                                                    city state zip_code
                1 The Flour Company
                                        123 Main St Anytown CO
        2 Wheat House 456 Side St Yonder MO 99999
               3 Powdered Plants 777 Warehouse Way Boston MA 88888
        4 Everything Else, Inc 1115 1st Ave Douglas WY 66666
                5 Other Ingredients Co 2356 Enterprise Dr Chicken AK 56789
In [18]: %%sql
        SELECT *
FROM ingredient_metadata
        WHERE supplier_ID = 1;
         * sqlite:///bakerv.db
        Done.
Out [18]: ingredient_ID supplier_ID
                                                           category
                                 Whole Wheat Bread Flour
                                                         Wheat Flour 100% whole wheat flour
                       1 Appalachian White Wheat Flour White Flour white bread flour
                2
                           1
                 3
                                         Medium Rye Medium Rye Flour medium dark rye flour
                                        Light Rye Light Rye Flour light rye flour
                           1
                                         Whole Spelt
                                                       Spelt Flour whole grain spelt flour
In [19]: %sql
           Drop The Flour Company as a supplier
        DELETE FROM supplier WHERE supplier_ID = 1;
         * sqlite:///bakery.db
Out[19]: []
In [20]: %%sql
            Confirm removal of ingredients from The Flour Company
```

SELECT *

Done.

FROM ingredient_metadata
WHERE supplier_ID = 1;
* sqlite:///bakery.db

Out[20]: ingredient_ID supplier_ID name category description

The End

In []: