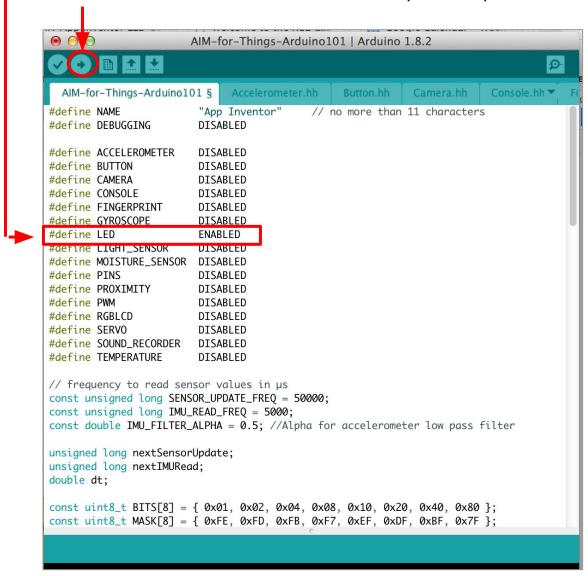
## App Inventor + IoT: Starter Tutorial

This tutorial will help you get started with App Inventor + IoT and a LED light (light emitting diode ... basically a small light) on an <u>Arduino 101</u> controller.

Before you start, please complete the <u>App Inventor + IoT Setup tutorial</u> to set up your Arduino device.

First, we need to make sure we have the correct Arduino code running. Plug in your Arduino to your computer and open the AIM-for-Things-Arduino101.ino file (from the Setup tutorial above).

- For this tutorial make sure LED is set to ENABLED and all others are set to DISABLED
  - You should also click the arrow button in the top left to upload the code.



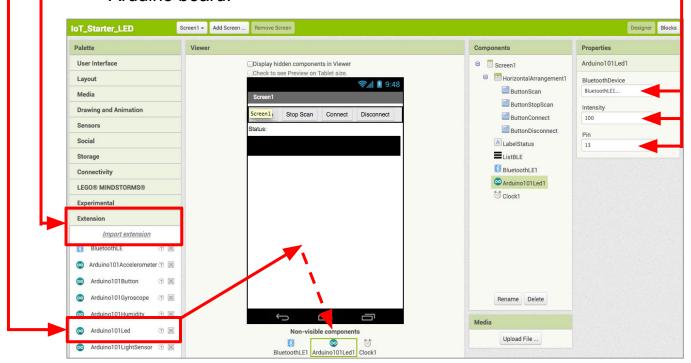
Next, you should complete the <u>App Inventor + IoT Basic Connection</u> tutorial to make a basic connection to the Arduino device. If you prefer, you can download the completed .aia file <u>here</u>.

The remaining steps all build off of the the starter code for Basic Connection tutorial and .aia.

First, we need to add the necessary extension.

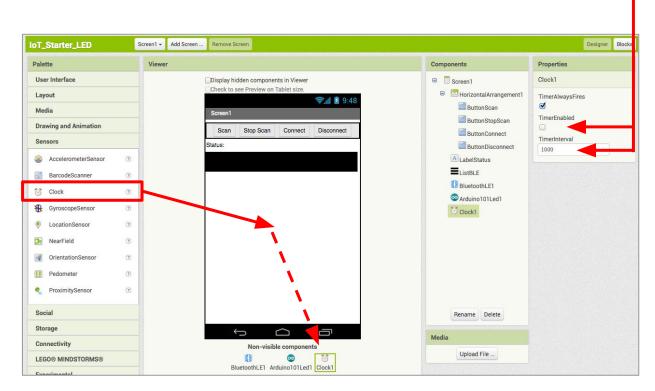
- In the Palette window, click on Extension at the bottom and then on "Import extension" and click on "URL".
  - Paste in this URL:
     http://iot.appinventor.mit.edu/assets/edu.mit.appinventor.iot.arduino101.aix

     Add the Arduino101Led extension to your app by dragging it onto the Viewer.
  - In the Properties tab for the **Arduino101Led1** 
    - Set BluetoothDevice to "BluetoothLE1".
    - Set *Intensity* to "100" (should already be set).
    - Set the *Pin* to 13. This is the pin number of the built-in LED on the Arduino board.



We are going to have our onboard LED blink, so we need a Clock component as a trigger to turn the LED on and off every second.

- From the Sensors drawer in the Palette, drag a Clock component onto the Viewer.
- In the Properties pane, *uncheck* **TimerEnabled** and make sure **TimerInterval** is set to 1000 (1000 milliseconds, or 1 second).



## Now switch to the Blocks Editor view

We want to set the blinking to start once the user connects the Arduino in the app.

- From Clock1 in the Blocks pane, add set Clock1.TimerEnabled to the existing when BluetoothLE1.Connected block from the Basic Connection tutorial.
  - From the Logic drawer in the Blocks pane, add a true block and snap to set Clock1.TimerEnabled.

```
when BluetoothLE1 . Connected

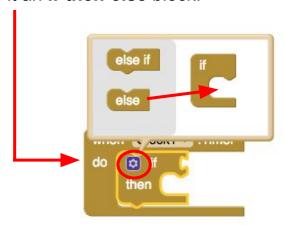
do set LabelStatus . Text to "Status: Connected "

set ListBLE . Visible to false

set Clock1 . TimerEnabled to true
```

Next we want to turn the LED on and off each second, when the Timer is triggered.

- From Clock1 in the Blocks pane, drag out when Clock1.Timer.
  - o from the Control drawer, drag out an **if-then** block.
  - Click on the blue gear icon and drag an else block into the if-then to make it an if-then-else block.



- From Arduino101Led1 in the Blocks pane, drag out a Arduino101LED1.On block and snap to if.
- From Arduino101Led1 in the Blocks pane, drag out a call Arduino101Led1.TurnOff and snap it to then.
- From Arduino101Led1 in the Blocks pane, drag out a call Arduino101Led1.TurnOn and snap it to else.

```
when Clock1 . Timer

do if Arduino101Led1 . On then call Arduino101Led1 . TurnOff

else call Arduino101Led1 . TurnOn
```

Your app should now be working! Test it out by connecting your Android device using the MIT Al2 Companion (if you haven't already). Once you press "Connect", you should see the LED on the Arduino board blink. Disconnecting should stop it blinking.