## CS 350 Task 2: Project Conceptualization and Grounding

This task establishes a guided introductory framework for the primary elements of the quarter project. In real life, you would have to assemble such a list yourself. Based on the high-level context being discussed in class at this point, your job is to perform preliminary background research on each element in this outline. At this inception phase in the top-down development process, your answers will be general.

Briefly discuss what each element means to you so far with respect to your current understanding of the project as toolkit for modeling and simulating heavy construction equipment. Do not just provide a blanket definition. Your interpretations ultimately may not be relevant to our actual solution to the project later, but they must be arguably within its purview. You must address each element separately as structured here and cite its primary source in the format [@url], where url is the complete text link to your reference. (Do not make it a dynamic, embedded link.) Use six or more different sources; Wikipedia is acceptable. Put the term in bold. Indicate the word count at the end of the document.

For each term, also address these aspects from a consistent, coherent, practical, computational perspective. Include the head words "data," etc.

data: what it is; properties that describe its existence control: what it can do; actions that describe its capabilities

behavior: what it actually does or is done with it; appropriate actions to satisfy a goal

As a structural example, consider this answer for a hypothetical farm simulation:

**dog**: a dog is a canine animal that was originally useful for herding and scaring away predators, but now they are primarily family pets that annoy the neighbors [@www.dogsrule.com]

data: a dog has two eyes, two ears, a nose, four legs, and a mouth

control: a dog can see, hear, smell, walk, and bark

behavior: a dog generally does nothing but sleep all day, but when they see, hear, or smell a threat, they chase after it and bark. You can tell a dog to do something or not to do something, within its limited understanding of commands and actions

## A. Address all of the following elements in order:

- 1. acceleration
- 2. actuator
- 3. arm
- 4. axis, directional
- 5. axis, lateral
- 6. axis, longitudinal
- 7. backlash
- 8. ball-and-socket joint
- 9. bearing
- 10. bellcrank
- 11. control horn
- 12. control system, closed loop
- 13. control system, open loop
- 14. coordinate, absolute
- 15. coordinate, Cartesian
- 16. coordinate, polar
- 17. coordinate, relative
- 18. degree of freedom
- 19. dynamics
- 20. energy, kinetic
- 21. energy, potential
- 22. equations of motion
- 23. Euler angle
- 24. failure (mechanical)
- 25. fatigue
- 26. force (general)
- 27. force, compressive

28. force, sheer 29. force, tension 30. friction 31. geometry 32. hydraulic cylinder 33. hydraulic motor 34. hydraulics 35. inertia 36. inertial measurement unit 37. jerk 38. kinematics 39. kinematics, inverse 40. kinetics 41. lever 42. linkage, mechanical 43. mass 44. mechanics (general) 45. mechanics of materials 46. mechanics, applied 47. moment 48. momentum 49. motion, axial 50. motion, hinge 51. motion, linear 52. motion, reciprocating 53. motion, spherical 54. pitch 55. pneumatics 56. power 57. quaternion 58. roll 59. sensor 60. statics 61. strain 62. strain gauge 63. stress 64. torque 65. vector 66. velocity 67. weight 68. work 69. yaw B. Group the terms (by name only) into a higher-level organization that makes sense to you. For example, dog, cat, bird, and bee could be organized as: ground-dwellers dog cat flying things bird bee

Some terms may belong to more than one category.