

Floquet Code

Establishing Connection between Floquet Code and Toric Code

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Floquet Code needs more attention

- Study of Fault-tolerant quantum computation: **Quantum Memory** and logical operations
- Design of quantum memory concerns the following properties of a **Quantum Error Correction Code** [1]
 - a) Code distance
 - b) Ease of implementing logical gates
 - c) Tradeoffs between the number of logical qubits and distance
- Surface code is not optimal by standard a) and c) [2] but has higher threshold in practice [3] due to **low-weight measurement** (Figure 6) and **lower connectivity** hardware requirements compare to many families of qLDPC codes [4, 5]
- Floquet code is a family of codes that pushes these strength of surface code even further [6]

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Floquet Code has good qualities

- **Threshold** of 0.2% – 0.3% without native **weight-2 measurement** [6]¹
- Threshold of 1.5% – 2.0% with native weight-measurements [6]
- Photon loss threshold: 6.4% on photonic platform [7]
- Code Overhead: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{k}{n} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$ on qudit codes [8]
- $5.6 \times$ fewer physical qubits are needed to implement Floquet code at depolarizing noise of 0.1% compare to surface code [4]

¹0.5% – 0.7% for surface code

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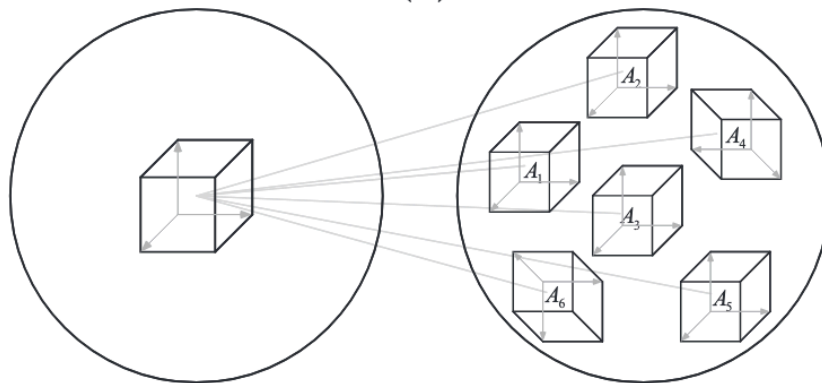
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Stabilizer Code

Example: $[[4,2,2]]$ Code

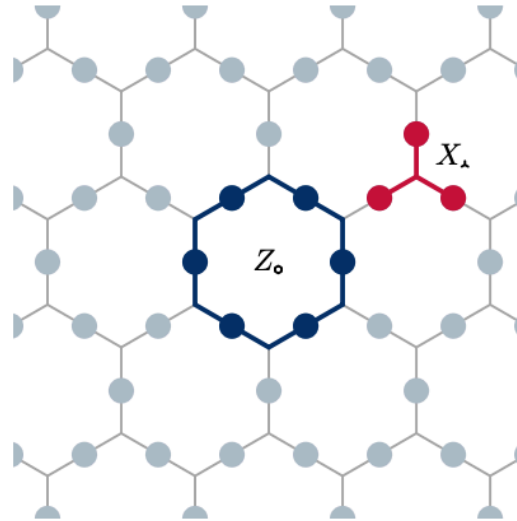
- Stabilizers are product of Pauli operators on qubits: $X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4$ and $Z_1 Z_2 Z_3 Z_4$
- Measurement result of stabilizers signals whether you have an error



- Logical Operators commutes with stabilizers but cannot be generated by them: $\tilde{X}_1 = X_1 X_2$, $\tilde{X}_2 = X_1 X_3$, $\tilde{Z}_1 = Z_1 Z_3$ and $\tilde{Z}_2 = Z_1 Z_2$

Stabilizer Code

Example: Toric Code



1

¹Kott, Viktor, et al. "Quantum robustness of the toric code in a parallel field on the honeycomb and triangular lattice." arXiv preprint arXiv:2402.15389 (2024).

Subsystem Code

Example: $[[4,1,2]]$ Code

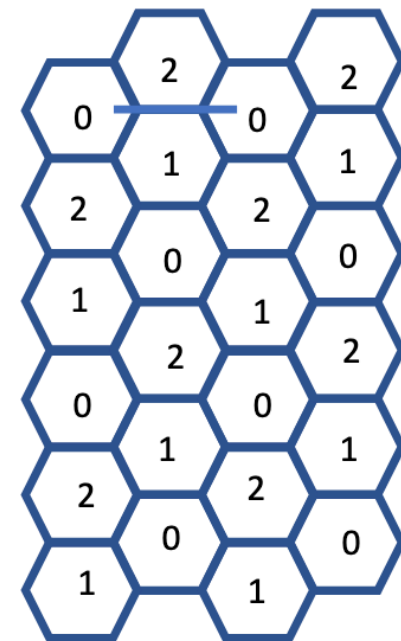
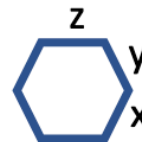
- **Checks:** $X_1 X_3$, $X_2 X_4$, $Z_1 Z_2$, $Z_3 Z_4$
- **Not necessarily commute** with each other
- Generated group has center $X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4$ and $Z_1 Z_2 Z_3 Z_4$.
- Logical operators commutes with all **checks**: $X_1 X_2$, and $Z_1 Z_3$

Subsystem Code

Floquet Code:

Example: Honeycomb Code

1. Qubits on vertices of lattice
2. Each edge associated with a check
3. Each plaquette associated with a type 0,1,2
4. Each edge associated with a type 0,1,2
5. Measurement sequence according to edge type

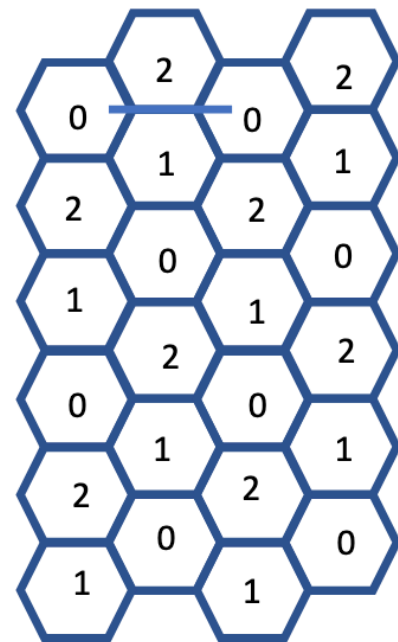
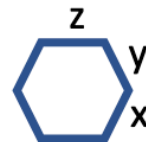


Floquet Code:

Check Measurement gives rise to instantaneous stabilizer groups

Given a state stabilized by \mathcal{S} : a group generated by Pauli String operators, projective measurement of Pauli String operators P modifies the stabilizer group of the state as

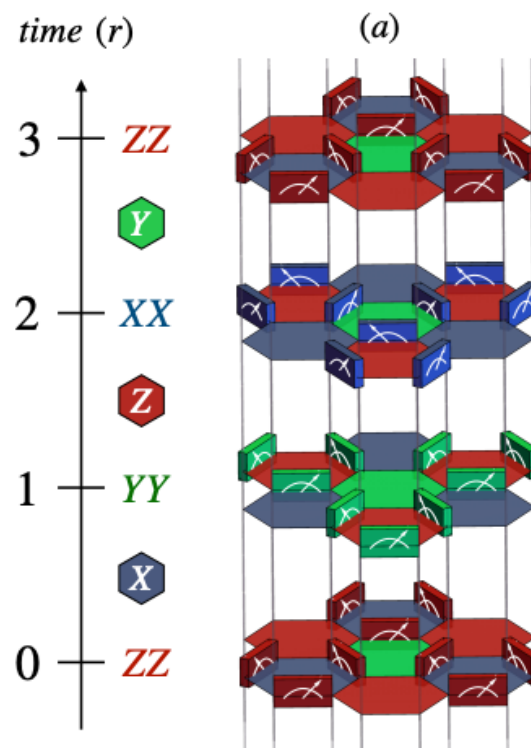
1. if $P \in \mathcal{S}$ or $-P \in \mathcal{S}$, ISG remains
2. if $P \notin \mathcal{S}$ and $-P \notin \mathcal{S}$
 1. P commutes with all of \mathcal{S} , include $\pm P$ in ISG depending on the measurement result
 2. P commutes with all of $\mathcal{S}_0 \subset \mathcal{S}$, ISG is $\mathcal{S}_0 \cup \pm P$



Floquet Code:

Measurement Visualized

Floquet Code:



Floquet Code:

1

¹Zhu, Guo-Yi, and Simon Trebst. “Qubit fractionalization and emergent Majorana liquid in the honeycomb Floquet code induced by coherent errors and weak measurements.” arXiv preprint arXiv:2311.08450 (2023).

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- Honeycomb Code on a hexagonal lattice is “equivalent” to Toric Code on a hexagonal superlattice
- Floquet code has comparable quality as surface code but requires lower connectivity on hardware

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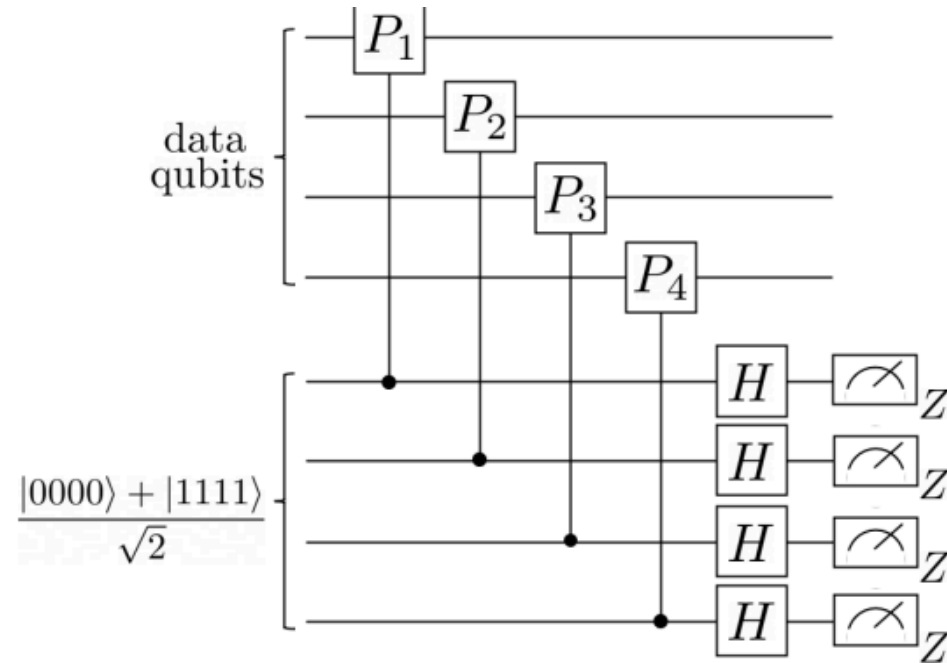
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Terms

- “The **teraquop footprint** is the number of physical qubits required to create a logical qubit reliable enough to survive one trillion operations.”

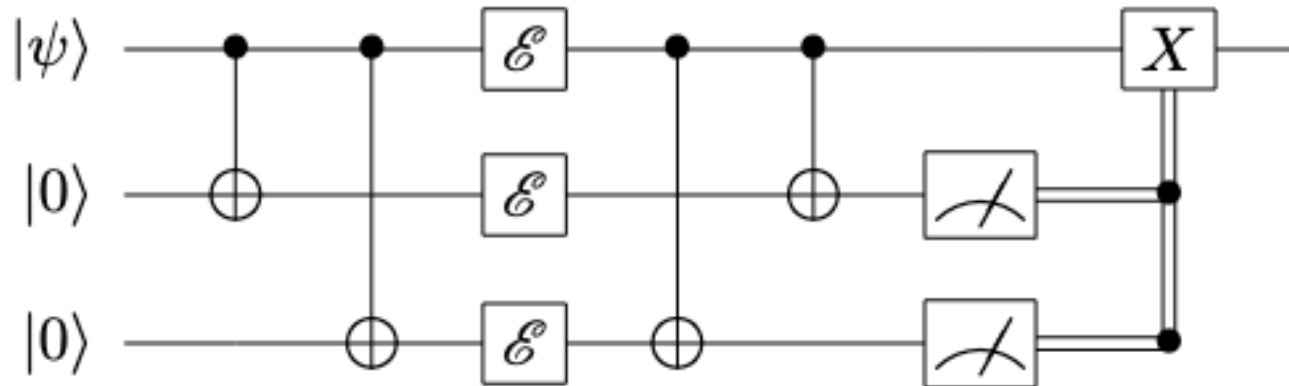
Terms

Static Code: Shor-style Measurement



Terms

Repetition Code: Encoding, Syndrome Extraction, and Error Correction



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Bibliography

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