

MA4199 Project – Bias Variance Tradeoff

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1 Approximation Theorem

The below theorem gives us some justification as to why the minimum norm interpolating function was chosen, though this only works under noiseless conditions:

Theorem 1. *Fix $h^* \in \mathcal{H}_\infty$. Let $(x_1, y_1), \dots, (x_n, y_n)$ be i.i.d. random variables where x_i drawn randomly from a compact cube $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^d$, $y_i = h^*(x_i) \forall i$. There exists $A, B > 0$ such that for any interpolating $h \in \mathcal{H}_\infty$ with high probability*

$$\sup_{x \in \Omega} |h(x) - h^*(x)| < Ae^{-B(n/\log n)^{1/d}} (\|h^*\|_{\mathcal{H}_\infty} + \|h\|_{\mathcal{H}_\infty})$$