Exercice 3.

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{K(z)} = 1 - 2^{-3}$$
 (2)

$$\Rightarrow 7(2) = [1-2] \times (2) - 2^{-3} \times (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 7(2) = (1-2) \times (2) - 2^{-3} \times (2)$$

$$H(\omega) = 1 - e^{-3j\omega}$$

 $H(\omega) = e^{-3/2j\omega} \left(e^{3/2j\omega} - e^{-3/2j\omega}\right)$

$$-\frac{d LH(\omega)}{d\omega} = \frac{dg}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad LH(\omega) = -\frac{3}{2}\omega - \frac{\pi}{2} \quad (2)$$

and (2)
$$=) dg = \frac{3}{2}$$
 Samples (2) =) $dg = \frac{3}{2}$ (1) , Samples (1)

LE REres est à phase lineaire car dg est constant.

a)
$$H(z) = \frac{z^3}{z^5} (1-z^{-3})$$
 (2) Poles triples $z = 0$ (2) $z = 1$, $e^{2/3\pi}$, $e^{-2/3\pi}$.

a)
$$H(z) = \frac{23}{25}(1-2)$$
 (20)

1.S =)
$$\frac{23}{23}$$
 ($\frac{2}{1}$ Correctly place: 1.S (1.S) Frequencies at $w = 0$ and $w = \frac{2}{1}$ T.

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1.5/1/0.75/0.5/0.25 in functions of
 ai) Four, il fut vérifier se stabilité
aii) Fan, il fat ceinie (ne # pals >, # zeins
2:ii) Fzux, plus large.
2iv) Fex, comolisho circulaire.
ar) Fex, dg = constate.
b:)(h)h(n) = 28(n+2) + 28(n+1) + 38(n) +28(n-1) + 28(n-2)
     H(u) = 200 + 2 edu + 3 + 2e-du + 2e-12u.
        = 4 cos (2w) + 4 cos (w) + 3. (1)
bii) phase unexire car réponse impulsionnelle
       Syméthique.
6::i) | H(T/6) | = 4 cos (T/6) +3 = 8.464
     LH(T/6) = 0. 1.25
 => y(n) = 8.464 cos (\frac{\pi_n}{6}), 1
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