

# EE303 Digital System, Fall 2020

## Midterm Exam

October 20<sup>th</sup>, 2020

1. Design a circuit which will add a 4-bit 2's complement number to a 5-bit 2's complement number. Use full adders. Include a circuit to detect an overflow. [10 pts]

2. If  $a'b + ab' = a'c + ac'$ , then  $b = c$  holds. Prove. [15 pts]

3. The following prime implicant chart is for a four-variable function  $f(A, B, C, D)$ . [10 pts]

- a. List the maxterms of  $f$ .
- b. List the don't-cares of  $f$ , if any.

	2	3	7	9	11	13
-0-1		x		x	x	
-01-	x	x			x	
--11		x	x		x	
1--1				x	x	x

4. Given  $F_1 = \Pi M(0, 4, 5, 6)$  and  $F_2 = \Pi M(0, 4, 7)$ , find the maxterm expansion for  $F_1 + F_2$ .

State a general rule for finding the maxterm expansion of  $F_1 + F_2$ , given the maxterm expansion of  $F_1$  and  $F_2$ . [15 pts]

5. "If a minterm and all of its adjacent minterms and DCs are covered by a single implicant, then that implicant is essential". Prove. [10 pts]

6.  $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 14, 15) + \sum d(4, 10, 13)$ . Use the Quine-McCluskey method to find all minimum SOP expressions of  $f'$ . [10 pts]

7.  $F(A, B, C)$  equals 1 if exactly two of  $A, B$ , and  $C$  are 1. Find a NOR implementation of  $F$ . Use only 2-input NOR gates. [15 pts]

8. Assume a circuit N1 with inputs of  $a, b, c, d$  and outputs of  $p, q, r$ . Another circuit N2 receives  $p, q, r$  as inputs and have two outputs of  $x$  and  $y$ . Let  $p(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(1, 5, 11, 13)$ ,  $q(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 14, 15)$ , and  $r(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(2, 4, 7, 8, 9, 14)$ . Derive a minimum two-level multi-output NAND-NAND network to realize  $x(p, q, r) = \sum m(1, 4, 5)$  and  $y(p, q, r) = \sum m(1, 2)$ . [15 pts]