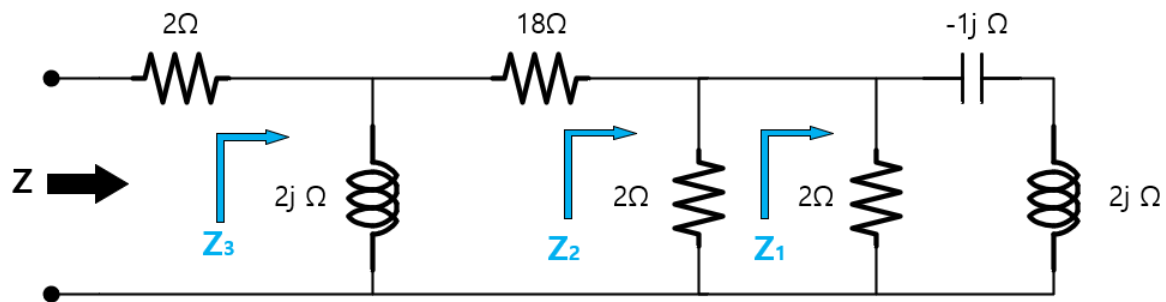
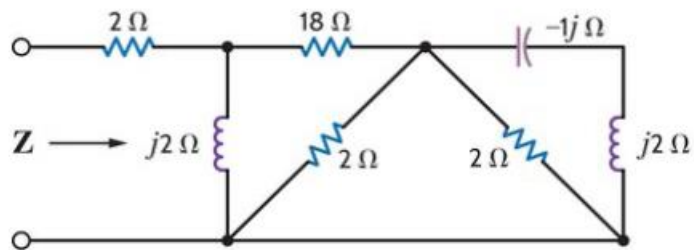


1. (6 Points) Find Z in the network shown below.



$$Z_1 = (-1j + j2) \parallel 2 = 0.4 + j0.8 \quad \text{(a) 1.5pts}$$

$$Z_2 = 2 \parallel Z_1 = 2 \parallel (0.4 + j0.8) = 0.5 + j0.5 \quad \text{(b) 1.5pts}$$

$$Z_3 = (18 + Z_2) \parallel j2 = (18.5 + j0.5) \parallel j2 = 0.2123 + j1.9713 \quad \text{(c) 1.5pts}$$

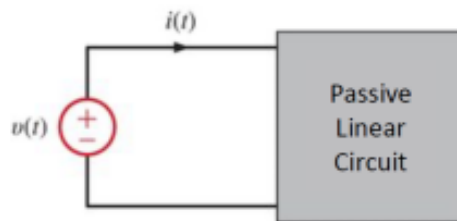
$$Z = 2 + Z_3 = 2.21 + j1.97 \text{ (ohm)} \quad \text{(d) 1.5pts}$$

In the each partial score,

-0.5pts for incorrect sign (+, -)

-0.5pts No unit (e)

2. (6 Points) In the diagram shown below, when $v(t) = 5 \cos 500t$ V, $i(t) = 0.4 \cos (500t - 30^\circ)$ A. Calculate $i(t)$ if $v(t) = 5 \cos 1000t$ V.



<Phasor>

$$V_o = 5 \angle 0^\circ, \quad I_o = 0.4 \angle -30^\circ$$

process of Z : +2

$$Z = \frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{5 \angle 0^\circ}{0.4 \angle -30^\circ} = 12.5 \angle 30^\circ (\Omega)$$

Z : +1

$$Z = 10.83 + j 6.25 (\Omega)$$

As $j 6.25$ belongs to the passive inductor,

which is from $j\omega L = j \cdot 500 L = j 6.25$

So, when $\omega_{\text{new}} = 1000$, $j\omega_{\text{new}} L = j \cdot 1000 L = j 12.5$

$$\text{Then, } Z_{\text{new}} = 10.83 + j 12.5 (\Omega)$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V_1}{Z_{\text{new}}} = \frac{5 \angle 0^\circ}{16.54 \angle 49.1^\circ} = 0.3023 \angle -49.1^\circ$$

$$\therefore i(t) = 0.3023 \cos (1000t - 49.1^\circ) \quad [A]$$

or

$$0.3023 \cos (1000t - 0.857)$$

process of Z : +2

Z : +1

process of Z_{new} : +1

$i(t)$: +1

process of I_1 : +1

3. (6 Points) Use nodal analysis to find I_o in the circuit shown below.

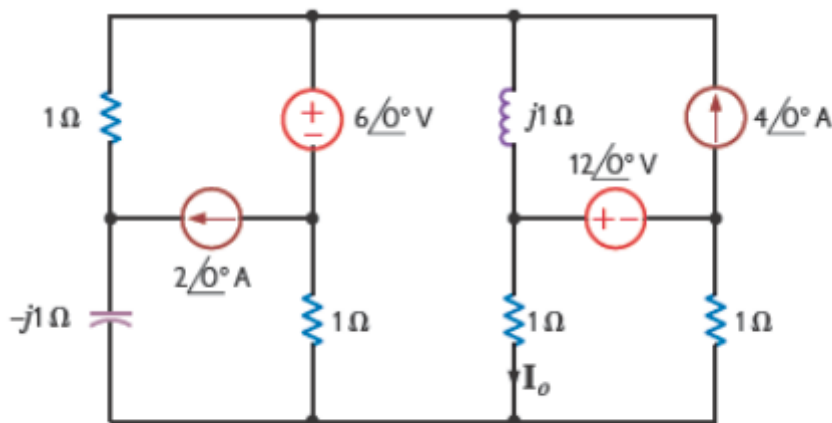
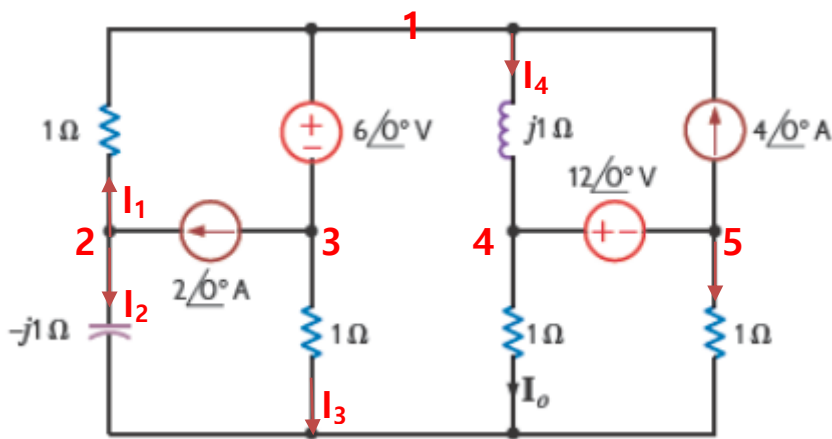


Figure P8.41



$$I_1 + I_2 = 2\angle 0$$

$$\frac{V_2 - V_1}{1} + \frac{V_2}{-j1} = 2\angle 0$$

$$j1V_1 + (1 - j1)V_2 = 2\angle -90 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

(+1pt)

$$V_4 - V_5 = 12\angle 0 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$V_1 - V_3 = 6\angle 0 \quad \textcircled{3}$$

(+1pt)

KCL at the negative node:

$$I_2 + I_3 + I_o + I_5 = 0$$

$$\frac{V_2}{-j} + V_3 + V_4 + V_5 = 0 \quad \textcircled{4}$$

(+1pt)

KCL at the supernode (Node 4 & 5):

$$I_4 = 4\angle 0 + I_o + I_5$$

$$\frac{V_1 - V_4}{j} = 4\angle 0 + V_4 + V_5$$

$$V_1 + (-1 - j)V_4 - jV_5 = 4\angle 90 \quad \textcircled{5}$$

(+1pt)

Calculate equation $\textcircled{1}$ to $\textcircled{5}$

$$V_1 = \frac{214}{37} - \frac{48}{37}i = 5.39\angle -12.64^\circ$$

$$V_2 = \frac{120}{37} - \frac{168}{37}i = 5.58\angle -54.46^\circ$$

$$V_3 = -\frac{8}{37} - \frac{48}{37}i = 1.32\angle -99.46^\circ$$

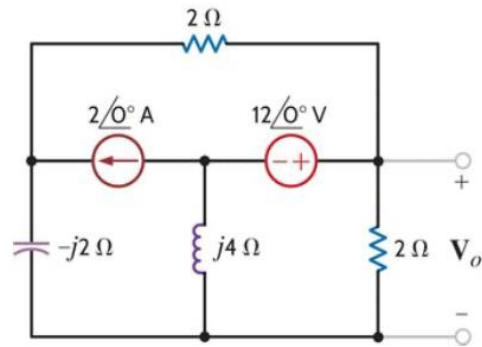
$$V_4 = \frac{142}{37} - \frac{36}{37}i = 3.96\angle -14.226^\circ$$

$$V_5 = -\frac{302}{37} - \frac{36}{37}i = 8.22\angle -173.2^\circ$$

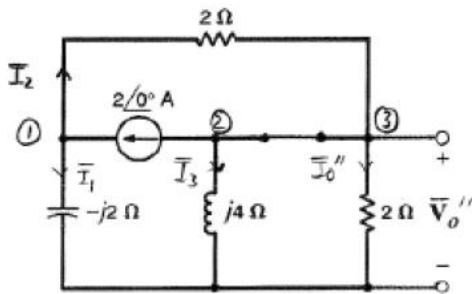
$$I_o = \frac{V_4}{1} = 3.96\angle -14.226^\circ$$

(+2pt)

4. (6 Points) Find V_o in the network shown below using superposition.



Solution)



Equivalent Circuit (+1 pts)

$$\text{KCL at reference node: } \bar{I}_1 + \bar{I}_3 + \bar{I}_o'' = 0$$

$$\frac{\bar{V}_1}{-j2} + \frac{\bar{V}_2}{j4} + \frac{\bar{V}_3}{2} = 0$$

$$-2\bar{V}_1 + \bar{V}_2 + j2\bar{V}_3 = 0$$

$$\text{KCL at ①: } 2\angle 0^\circ = \bar{I}_1 + \bar{I}_2$$

$$\frac{\bar{V}_1}{-j2} + \frac{\bar{V}_1 - \bar{V}_3}{2} = 2\angle 0^\circ$$

$$\bar{V}_1 - j1(\bar{V}_1 - \bar{V}_3) = -j2(2\angle 0^\circ)$$

$$(1-j1)\bar{V}_1 + j1\bar{V}_3 = 4\angle -90^\circ$$

$$\bar{V}_2 - \bar{V}_3 = 0$$

$$-2\bar{V}_1 + \bar{V}_2 + j2\bar{V}_3 = 0$$

$$(1-j)\bar{V}_1 + j1\bar{V}_3 = 4\angle -90^\circ$$

$$\bar{V}_2 - \bar{V}_3 = 0$$

$$\bar{V}_1 = 2.11 \angle -71.57^\circ \text{ V}$$

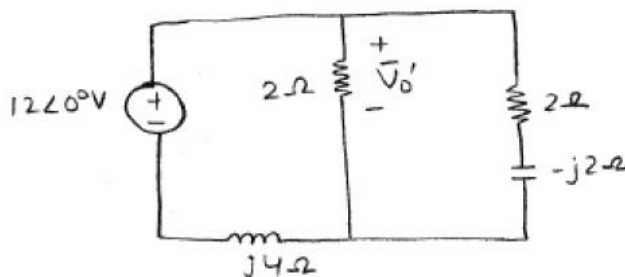
$$\bar{V}_2 = 1.89 \angle -135^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\bar{V}_3 = 1.89 \angle -135^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\bar{V}_0'' = \bar{V}_3$$

$$\bar{V}_0'' = 1.89 \angle -135^\circ \text{ V}$$

Vo'' (+1.5 pts)



Equivalent Circuit (+1 pts)

$$\bar{Z} = 2 \parallel (2-j2) = \frac{2(2-j2)}{2+2-j2}$$

$$\bar{Z} = 1.26 \angle -18.43^\circ$$

$$\bar{V}_0' = \left(\frac{1.26 \angle -18.43^\circ}{1.26 \angle -18.43^\circ + j4} \right) (12\angle 0^\circ)$$

$$\bar{V}_0' = 4\angle -90^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\bar{V}_0 = \bar{V}_0' + \bar{V}_0''$$

Vo' (+1.5 pts)

$$\bar{V}_0 = 4\angle -90^\circ + 1.89 \angle -135^\circ$$

$$\bar{V}_0 = 5.5 \angle -104.1^\circ \text{ V}$$

Vo=Vo'+Vo'' (+0.5 pts)

Vo (+0.5 pts)

Vo without superposition (+4 pts)

5. (6 Points)

Everyone got the 6 points. (+6 pts)

There is a problem error, so all of you are correct answer.

I'm sorry for making it difficult for you to solve the problem in the quiz, because I couldn't check the problem error.

It was difficult to set the scoring criteria for problems with errors, so we decided to process all correct answers.

We ask for your understanding that it is difficult to satisfy all many people.