

# Eavesdropper

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Let  $\Pi$  be our construction. and  $A$  be a PPTM Adv.  
and define  $\epsilon(n)$

$$\epsilon(n) = \Pr \left[ \text{PrivK}_{A, \Pi}^{\text{eav}}(n) = 1 \right] - \frac{1}{2}$$

Let  $D$  be a distinguisher

- 1.) Run  $A(1^n)$  to obtain pair of messages  $m_0, m_1 \in \{0,1\}^{\ell(n)}$
- 2.) Choose a random bit  $b \leftarrow \{0,1\}$  set  $c := w \oplus m_b$
- 3.) Give  $c$  to  $A$  and obtain  $b'$ . Output 1 if  $b' = b$ , and output 0 otherwise

Let  $\tilde{\Pi}$  be one-time pad.

$$\Pr \left[ \text{PrivK}_{A, \tilde{\Pi}}^{\text{eav}}(n) = 1 \right] = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

1.) If  $w$  is chosen uniformly at random from  $\{0,1\}^{\ell(n)}$   
then the view of  $A$  run as subroutine of  $D$  is  
distributed identically to the view of  $A$  in  $\text{PrivK}_{A, \tilde{\Pi}}^{\text{eav}}(n)$

2.) If  $w$  is equal to  $g(k)$  for  $k \leftarrow \{0,1\}^n$  chosen  
uniformly then the view of  $A$  when run as a subroutine  
of  $D$  is distributed identically to the view of  $A$  in exp.

$$\text{PrivK}_{A, \tilde{\Pi}}^{\text{eav}}(n)$$

$\therefore w \in \{0,1\}^{\ell(n)}$  chosen uniformly

$$\Pr [D(w) = 1] = \Pr [\text{PrivK}_{A, \tilde{\Pi}}^{\text{eav}}(n) = 1] = \frac{1}{2}$$

from (1)

$$\Pr [D(w) = 1] = \Pr [D(g(k)) = 1] = \Pr [\text{PrivK}_{A, \tilde{\Pi}}^{\text{eav}}(n) = 1] = \frac{1}{2} + \epsilon(n)$$

hence

$$\left| \Pr [D(w) = 1] - \Pr [D(g(k)) = 1] \right| = \epsilon(n)$$

$\epsilon$  is negl. hence proved.