

Under the Wood

Getting and Cleaning Data: Quiz 2

📅 2016-03-04

Quiz

1. Register an application with the Github API here <https://github.com/settings/applications>. Access the API to get information on your instructors repositories (hint: this is the url you want "<https://api.github.com/users/jtleek/repos>"). Use this data to find the time that the datasharing repo was created. What time was it created?

This tutorial may be useful (<https://github.com/hadley/htrr/blob/master/demo/oauth2-github.r>). You may also need to run the code in the base R package and not R studio.

- 2012-06-20T18:39:06Z
- 2013-08-28T18:18:50Z
- 2013-11-07T13:25:07Z
- 2012-06-21T17:28:38Z

2. The sqldf package allows for execution of SQL commands on R data frames. We will use the sqldf package to practice the queries we might send with the dbSendQuery command in RMySQL.

Download the American Community Survey data and load it into an R object called

```
1 acs
```

<https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/getdata%2Fdata%2Fss06pid.csv>

Which of the following commands will select only the data for the probability weights pwgtp1 with ages less than 50?

- sqldf("select pwgtp1 from acs where AGE < 50")
- sqldf("select * from acs")

- `sqldf("select pwgtp1 from acs")`
- `sqldf("select * from acs where AGE < 50")`

3. Using the same data frame you created in the previous problem, what is the equivalent function to `unique(acs$AGE)`

- `sqldf("select distinct pwgtp1 from acs")`
- `sqldf("select unique AGE from acs")`
- `sqldf("select AGE where unique from acs")`
- `sqldf("select distinct AGE from acs")`

4. How many characters are in the 10th, 20th, 30th and 100th lines of HTML from this page:

<http://biostat.jhsph.edu/~jleek/contact.html>

(Hint: the `nchar()` function in R may be helpful)

- 45 0 2 2
- 45 31 2 25
- 45 92 7 2
- 43 99 7 25
- 45 31 7 31
- 45 31 7 25
- 43 99 8 6

5. Read this data set into R and report the sum of the numbers in the fourth of the nine columns.

<https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/getdata%2Fwksst8110.for>

Original source of the data: <http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/data/indices/wksst8110.for>

(Hint this is a fixed width file format)

- 36.5
- 35824.9
- 32426.7

- 222243.1
- 101.83
- 28893.3

My Solution

1. Load library and require the package:

```
1 library(httr)
2 require(httpuv)
3 require(jsonlite)
```

setting the OAuth for github:

```
1 oauth_endpoints("github")
```

after register an application through <https://github.com/settings/applications>

```
1 myapp <- oauth_app("quiz2",
2                     key = "b87a2841e89ce55fe15e",
3                     secret = "b1d4ede3d6f11878f51d0a842e3aa4c219b59c27")
```

get OAuth credentials:

```
1 github_token <- oauth2.0_token(oauth_endpoints("github"), myapp)
```

use API:

```
1 req <- GET("https://api.github.com/users/jtleek/repos",
2            config(token = github_token))
3 stop_for_status(req)
4 output <- content(req)
5 jsondata <- fromJSON(toJSON(output))
6 subset(jsondata, name == "datasharing", select = c(created_at))
```

the result is 2013-11-07T13:25:07Z .

2. After install the package “sqldf”, download the file from the Internet, use browser or commands:

```
1 library(sqldf)
2 fileUrl <- "https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/getdata%2Fdata%2Fss06pid.csv"
3 download.file(url=fileUrl,destfile="getdata.csv", method="curl")
4 acs <- read.csv("getdata.csv")
5 sqldf("select pwgtp1 from acs where AGE < 50")
```

so the answer is sqldf("select pwgtp1 from acs where AGE < 50") .

3. The same file, so use command:

```
1 sqldf("select distinct AGE from acs")
```

the answer is sqldf("select distinct AGE from acs") .

4. Read the URL:

```
1 char <- url("http://biostat.jhsph.edu/~jleek/contact.html")
2 htmlCode <- readLines(char)
3 close(char)
```

then find out the result:

```
1 nchar(htmlCode[10])
2 nchar(htmlCode[20])
3 nchar(htmlCode[30])
```

the result is 45, 31, 7 .

5. Try to combine the “download” and “read” function together use the command line:

```
1 data <- read.fwf(file = "https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/getdata%2Fwksst8110.
2 skip = 4,
```

```
3 widths = c(12, 7,4, 9,4, 9,4, 9,4))  
4 sum(data[, 4])
```

the result is 32426.7 .

A very useful blog: [thoughtfulbloke](#) aka David Hood

The END.

◀ Getting and Cleaning Data: Quiz 1

Getting and Cleaning Data: Quiz 3 ▶

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