Database Design and Query



Section 1: Introduction

- What is database?
- MySQL Overview
- PHP & MySQL
 - Connecting from PHP to MySQL
 - Selecting and Displaying data
 - Inserting, Updating and Deleting data



What is Database?

- A database is an "Collection of Data" that is organized so that it can be easily accessed, managed and updated.
 - It doesn't have to be MySql or other database management system, it can be just a simple .txt file.



Database Management System (DBMS)

- A "DBMS" is software that is designed to model data and provide interaction with a user.
 - Data is normally stored in one or more files
 - Data usually stored in tables
 - Table contains rows and columns much like a spreadsheet
 - Data can be cross referenced among tables. This functionality is used in "Relational Database" such a MySQL.



Simple Example

 Here is an example of a very simple table inside of a database :

id	productName	price
1	Product 1	10.000
2	Product 2	4.500
3	Product 3	12.350

Database Name : MyStore

Table Name : Product

Column / fields : id, productName, price

Rows / Records : 3 product



Popular DBMS

- MySQL
- Microsoft SQL Server
- Oracle
- PostgreSQL
- SQLite
- MariaDB
- Etc..



Interacting With a Database

- Same commons functions when working with a database :
 - Create
 - Insert
 - Update
 - Delete
 - Select





What is SQL?

- SQL (Structured Query Language) is a special purpose programming language that allows developers to interact with the data in database
 - Data Definition and data manipulation language
 - Perform CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete)



MySQL Overview

- MySQL is a popular open source relational database management, that is powerful, reliable and scalable
- MySQL can be integrated into web applications written in multiple languages



MySQL Features

- Complete foreign key support
- Triggers
- Stored Procedures
- Full text indexing and searching
- Query caching
- Replication
- Security
- Seamless integrated with PHP and other languages



Applications that use MySQL

- MySQL is used in many popular open source applications
 - Joomla
 - Wordpress
 - Drupal
 - Etc ...



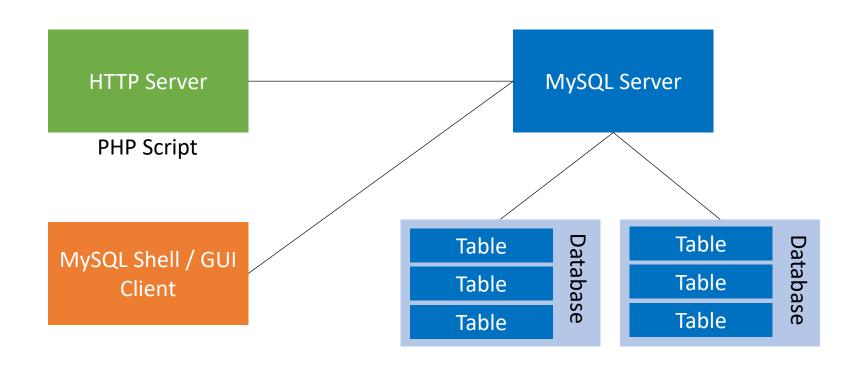
Client / Server Architecture

MySQL uses a client / server model with 3 general program categories :

- 1. The Server mysqld is the program that manages the database and tables. It is the only program that touches the actual database.
- 2. Clients A client is a program that you can use to communicate with the MySQL server (mysqld). There are many to choose from both **GUI** and **command line** format.
- 3. Utilities Usually used for special purpose. An example is mysqld_safe which starts up and monitors the server



Client / Server Diagram





PHP and MySQL

- One of the main reasons the businesses choose PHP / MySQL Application Development is its simplicity and ease of use.
- In this section, we will find out how to connect PHP to MySQL.



Connecting PHP to MySQL

```
// Declare variable
$db host = 'localhost';
$db user = 'root';
db pass = '';
$db name = 'mystore';
// Create mysqli Object
$mysqli = new mysqli($db host, $db user, $db pass, $db name);
if (mysqli connect error()) {
    echo "Error : ", mysqli connect error();
   die();
else{
    echo "Success !!"
```



Selecting and Displaying Data

```
if (mysqli connect error()) {
   echo "Error : ", mysqli connect error();
    die();
else{
    $query = "Select * from product";
    $result = $mysqli->query($query) or die($mysqli->error. Line );
   while ($row = $result->fetch assoc()) {
       echo "Product Name : ", $row['productName'], '<br />';
```



Inserting Data

```
if (mysqli connect error()) {
   echo "Error : ", mysqli connect error();
   die();
else{
    $productName = "";
    $price = 20500;
    $query = "insert into product(productName, price)
             values ('$productName','$price')";
    $mysqli->query($query) or die($mysqli->error. Line );
```



Updating Data

```
if (mysqli connect error()) {
   echo "Error : ", mysqli connect error();
   die();
else{
    $id = 1;
    $price = 100;
    $query = "update product set price = '$price' where id = '$id'";
    $mysqli->query($query) or die($mysqli->error. Line );
```



Deleting Data

```
if (mysqli connect error()) {
    echo "Error : ", mysqli_connect_error();
    die();
else{
    $id = 1;
    $query = "delete from product where id = '$id'";
    $mysqli->query($query) or die($mysqli->error. Line );
```

