



**GFT overestimation.** GFT overestimated the prevalence of flu in the 2012–2013 season and overshot the actual level in 2011–2012 by more than 50%. From 21 August 2011 to 1 September 2013, GFT reported overly high flu prevalence 100 out of 108 weeks. **(Top)** Estimates of doctor visits for ILI. “Lagged CDC” incorporates 52-week seasonality variables with lagged CDC data. “Google Flu + CDC” combines GFT, lagged CDC estimates, lagged error of GFT estimates, and 52-week seasonality variables. **(Bottom)** Error [as a percentage  $\{[\text{Non-CDC estimate}] - (\text{CDC estimate})\} / (\text{CDC estimate})$ ]. Both alternative models have much less error than GFT alone. Mean absolute error (MAE) during the out-of-sample period is 0.486 for GFT, 0.311 for lagged CDC, and 0.232 for combined GFT and CDC. All of these differences are statistically significant at  $P < 0.05$ . See SM.